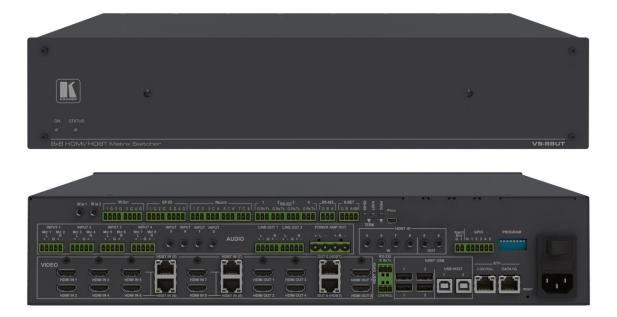




# USER MANUAL MODELS:

VS-88UT 8x8 HDMI/HDBT Matrix Switcher VS-84UT

8x4 HDMI/HDBT Matrix Switcher



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# Introduction

Welcome to Kramer Electronics! Since 1981, Kramer Electronics has been providing a world of unique, creative, and affordable solutions to the vast range of problems that confront the video, audio, presentation, and broadcasting professional on a daily basis. In recent years, we have redesigned and upgraded most of our line, making the best even better!

## **Getting Started**

We recommend that you:

- Unpack the equipment carefully and save the original box and packaging materials for possible future shipment.
- Review the contents of this user manual.



Go to <u>www.kramerav.com/downloads/VS-88UT</u> or <u>www.kramerav.com/downloads/VS-84UT</u> to check for up-to-date user manuals, application programs, and to check if firmware upgrades are available (where appropriate).

#### **Achieving the Best Performance**

- Use only good quality connection cables (we recommend Kramer high-performance, high-resolution cables) to avoid interference, deterioration in signal quality due to poor matching, and elevated noise levels (often associated with low quality cables).
- Do not secure the cables in tight bundles or roll the slack into tight coils.
- Avoid interference from neighboring electrical appliances that may adversely influence signal quality.
- Position your Kramer VS-88UT away from moisture, excessive sunlight and dust.

#### **Safety Instructions**



#### Caution:

- This equipment is to be used only inside a building. It may only be connected to other equipment that is installed inside a building.
- For products with relay terminals and GPI\O ports, please refer to the permitted rating for an external connection, located next to the terminal or in the User Manual.
- There are no operator serviceable parts inside the unit.



#### Warning:

- Use only the power cord that is supplied with the unit.
- Disconnect the power and unplug the unit from the wall before installing.
- Do not open the unit. High voltages can cause electrical shock! Servicing by qualified personnel only.
- To ensure continuous risk protection, replace fuses only according to the rating specified on the product label which located on the bottom of the unit.

#### **Recycling Kramer Products**

The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive 2002/96/EC aims to reduce the amount of WEEE sent for disposal to landfill or incineration by requiring it to be collected and recycled. To comply with the WEEE Directive, Kramer Electronics has made arrangements with the European Advanced Recycling Network (EARN) and will cover any costs of treatment, recycling and recovery of waste Kramer Electronics branded equipment on arrival at the EARN facility. For details of Kramer's recycling arrangements in your particular country go to our recycling pages at <a href="https://www.kramerav.com/support/recycling">www.kramerav.com/support/recycling</a>.

### **Overview**

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Congratulations on purchasing your Kramer VS-88UT 8x8 HDMI/HDBT Matrix Switcher and/or VS-84UT 8x4 HDMI/HDBT Matrix Switcher.

The devices described in this user manual are generally referred to as **VS-88UT**. A device is named specifically only when a device-specific feature is described.

VS-88UT is a high-performance 4K@60Hz (4:2:0) Audio-Video presentation system with integrated range extension and an integrated control system master. The unit switches the video, embeds the audio and outputs the signal to both HDMI<sup>™</sup> and HDBaseT 2.0 with USB extension and PoE. Outstanding audio support includes balanced stereo audio, unbalanced stereo audio and de-embedded audio sources that output to embedded audio, balanced stereo audio as well as a power amplified audio output.

VS-88UT includes a master room controller that can operate over Ethernet (LAN) with control ports that include: one bidirectional RS-485, four RS-232, four IR, four GPI/O, and eight relays to control a wide variety of AV devices. It includes a KNET<sup>™</sup> connector interface that enables access to the master controller from auxiliary room controllers such as control keypads. The unit can also provide power to auxiliary room controllers via the KNET<sup>™</sup> connectors. The VS-88UT includes an Ethernet gateway to control and manage remote I/O ports.

The **VS-88UT** provides exceptional quality, advanced and user-friendly operation, and flexible control.

#### **Exceptional Quality**

- Max. Data Rate 10.2Gbps (3.4Gbps per graphic channel).
- Max. Resolution 4K@60Hz (4:2:0).
- Audio Level control.
- HDMI, HDCP and DVI compliance.
- HDBaseT certified V2.0 support.
- HDBaseT Extension Reach Up to 100m at 4K @60Hz (4:2:0), up to 130m (430ft) at full HD (1080p @60Hz 36bpp), up to 180m (590ft) at ultra-mode and full HD (1080p @60Hz 24bpp).
- USB Support USB 1.1 and USB 2.0 (up to 127Mbps) channelled through HDBaseT.

- HDMI Support Deep color, 3D, 7.1 PCM as specified in HDMI 2.0.
- Kramer reKlocking<sup>™</sup> and equalization technology Rebuilds the digital signal to travel longer distances.

#### **Advanced and User-friendly Operation**

- Advanced EDID management per input.
- Active source and acceptor detection.
- Control options RS-232 serial commands transmitted by a PC, touch screen system or other serial controller, Ethernet port via LAN.
- Simple and Powerful Maestro 1.5 Room Automation Intuitive user interface enables you to fully automate your meeting room elements. Configure lights, shades, devices and more to be activated by an extensive range of triggers, including scheduling, input/output connectivity, routing, and button pressing. By minimizing user intervention, Maestro room automation saves meeting prep time and minimizes human error before presentations.
- Kramer K-Config<sup>™</sup> Compatible Windows®-based control program for easy configuration and upload to room controller over customer IP network.
- Kramer Network Compatible Remote control and management over customer IP network.
- Programmable Step-In over HDMI and HDBT When used in conjunction with compatible step-in devices, such as the SID-X3N and DIP-31 (using an HDMI cable that supports HEC, the HDMI Ethernet Channel).
- Simultaneous IP control communication With up to 15 IP control clients.
- Auto-switching and auto-scanning of inputs.
- Audio breakaway and AFV (audio-follow-video) operation support.
- Global mute for both video and audio outputs Allowing easy integration of the audio system with a public announcement audio system in case of an emergency event.
- Firmware Upgrade Ethernet-based, via a user-friendly software upgrade tool.
- Kramer protocol 3000 support.
- Advanced EDID management per input.
- Includes non-volatile memory that retains the last settings after switching the power off and then on again.

#### **Flexible Connectivity**

- For VS-88UT:
  - 4 HDMI and 4 HDMI/HDBT (selectable) inputs.
  - 4 balanced stereo audio inputs or 8 microphone inputs (selectable) as well as 4 unbalanced stereo inputs.
  - 6 HDMI and 2 HDBT outputs.
  - 6 IR ports for HDBT tunneling.

- For VS-84UT:
  - 6 HDMI and 2 HDBT inputs.
  - 4 balanced stereo audio inputs or 8 microphone inputs (selectable) as well as 4 unbalanced stereo inputs.
  - 2 HDMI and 2 HDBT outputs.
  - 4 IR ports for HDBT tunneling.
- 2 line-out balanced stereo audio outputs and one audio amplified output.
- 2 USB type-A hubs and 2 USB Type-B ports.
- 1 Ethernet port Connects to control gateways for I/O port extending, and controls IP-enabled controlled devices.
- 1G Ethernet port For tunneling data via HDBT ports.
- 1 K-NET<sup>™</sup> connector Carrying both power and control communication; connects to room control system, either master room controller, or auxiliary control keypads.
- 1 RS-485 and 2 RS-232 bidirectional control ports Control devices via bidirectional serial control protocols.
- 4 IR emitter control ports Control devices via IR control protocols.
- 4 GPI/O control ports Control devices via general purpose I/O ports, individually configurable as digital input, digital output or analog input interface for controlling sensors, door-locks, audio volume and light dim level, or lighting control devices.
- 8 Relay control ports Control devices via relay contact closure, such as scrolling up and down screens, drapes, shades, and blinds.
- IR Sensor and IR input ports Learn commands from IR remotes.

## **Typical Applications**

The VS-88UT is ideal for the following typical applications:

- Projection systems in conference rooms, boardrooms, hotels and churches.
- Divisible conference rooms in hotels.
- Classroom, lecture theatres and education applications.

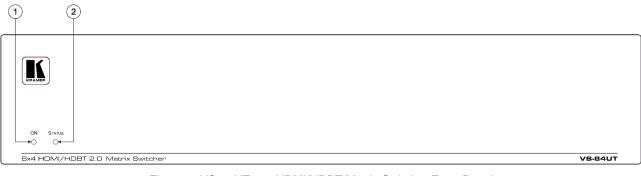
## **Controlling your VS-88UT**

Control your VS-88UT via:

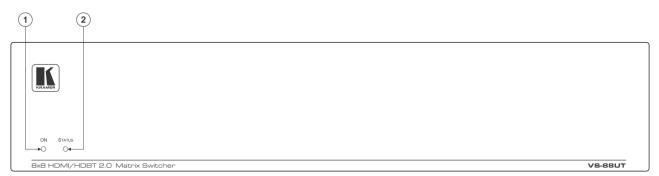
- By RS-232 serial commands transmitted by a touch screen system, PC, or other serial controller (see <u>Connecting to VS-88UT via RS-232</u> on page <u>16</u>).
- Ethernet using built-in user-friendly Web pages (see Using the Web Pages on page 19).

# Defining the VS-88UT and VS-84UT

This section defines the VS-88UT and VS-84UT.

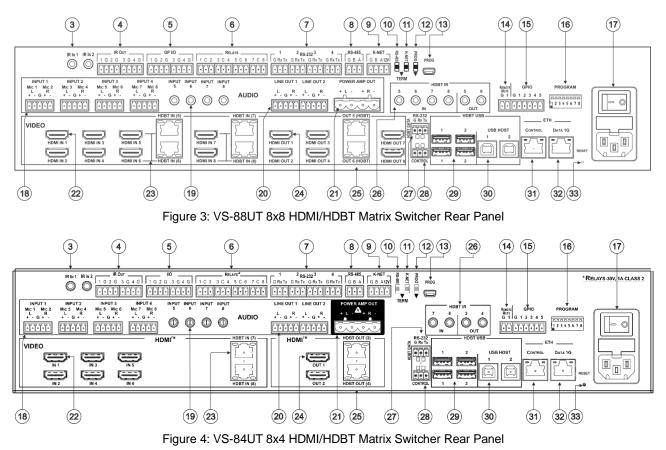






#### Figure 2: VS-88UT 8x8 HDMI/HDBT Matrix Switcher Front Panel

#	Feature	Function
1	ON LED	Lights when receiving power.
2	STATUS LED	Multi-color LED lights upon startup, flashes green upon boot and lights green when ready to use. The LED lights red to indicate internal errors.



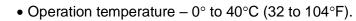
#	Feature	Function
Roo	m Controller Functionality	
3	IR IN 1 3.5mm Mini Jack	Connect to an external IR receiver (1 and 2).
4	IR OUT Terminal Block Connectors	Connect to IR emitter cables (from 1 to 4).
5	GPI/O Terminal Block Connectors	Connect to various analog and digital sensors (from 1 to 4).
6	RELAYS Terminal Block Connectors	Connect to low-voltage relay-driven devices (from 1 to 8).
7	RS-232 Terminal Block Connectors	Connect to RS-232 controlled devices (from 1 to 4).
8	RS-485 Terminal Block Connector	Connect to the RS-485 port on a switcher or PC. Pins B (-) and A (+) are for RS-485; Pin G may be connected to the shield (if required).
0	K-NET Terminal Block Connector	Use with the K-Config control system. PIN GND is for the Ground connection; PIN B (-) and PIN A (+) are for RS-485, and PIN +12V is for powering other devices.
10	RS-485 TERM Switch	Slide down for RS-485 termination with $120\Omega$ ; slide up for no RS-485 line termination. The first and the last units on the RS-485 line should be terminated (OR). Other units should not be terminated (OFF).
(11)	K-NET TERM Switch	Use with the K-Config control system. Slide down (in the direction of the arrow) for K-NET termination; slide up for bus to not be terminated. The last physical device on a K-NET bus must be terminated.
(12)	PROG Switch	For factory use only.
(13)	PROG Mini USB Connector	For factory use only.

#	Feature		Function						
	ix Functionali	ty							
(14)		TE 2-pin Terminal	Remote switch to mute all video and audio signals. Enables easy integration of the audio system with a PA system, usually used for alarms or other public audio messages.						
(15)	GPIO 5-pin Te Connectors	erminal Block	For future use.						
(16)	PROGRAM D	IP-switches	For future use.						
(17)	Power Conne and Fuse	ctor with Switch	AC connector, enabling power supply to the unit. Power switch for turning the unit on or off.						
(18)	AUDIO	INPUT (MIC/line) 5-pin Terminal Block Connectors	Connect to stereo audio balanced sources (from 1 to 4) and/or microphone inputs (from 1 to 8).						
(19)		INPUT 3.5mm Mini Jack	Connect to an unbalanced audio source (from 5 to 8).						
20		LINE OUT 5-pin Terminal Block Connectors	Terminal         Remote switch to mute all video and audio signals. Enables integration of the audio system with a PA system, usually us for alarms or other public audio messages.           ock         For future use.           as         For future use.           aswitch         AC connector, enabling power supply to the unit. Power switch for turning the unit on or off.           MIC/line)         Connect to stereo audio balanced sources (from 1 to 4) and/or microphone inputs (from 1 to 8).           MIC         Connect to an unbalanced audio source (from 5 to 8).           k.         Connect to a stereo balanced audio acceptor (1 and 2).           IBlock         Or           ors         Connect to a pair of loudspeakers.           in         Islock           or         VS-88UT: connect a source to the HDMI IN 5 and/or HDMI IN inputs, or connect a transmitter (to the HDBT IN (5) and/or HD IN (6) inputs. The same applies to the HDMI IN 7/8 and HDBT inputs, or connect a transmitter to the HDBT IN (5) and/or HD IN (6) inputs. The same applies to the HDMI IN 7/8 and HDBT (7)/(8) pairs. For each input pair is active. The HDBT Transmitter (form (7) to (8)).           ors         VS-88UT: connect to an HDMI source (from (7) to (8)).           ors         VS-88UT: connect to an HDMI sceptor (1, 2, 3, 4, 7 and 8).           ry/6, bairs. For each input pair is active. The HDBT Transmitter (form (7) to (8)).           ors         VS-88UT: connect to an HDMI acceptor (1, 2, 3, 4, 7 and 8).						
21		POWER AMP OUT 4-pin Terminal Block Connectors	Connect to a pair of loudspeakers.						
22	VIDEO	HDMI IN Connector							
23		HDMI IN—HDBT IN Connectors							
	HDBT IN Connectors								
24		HDMI OUT Connectors	VS-84UT: connect to an HDMI acceptor (1 to 2).						
(25)		OUT (HDBT) Connectors	example, the Kramer TP-590Rxr) to pass audio and video signals						
		HDBT OUT Connectors	VS-84UT: connect to HDBT receivers (for example, the Kramer TP-590Rxr) to pass audio and video signals as well as USB, Ethernet, power and serial commands.						
26	26 HDBT IR 3.5mm Mini Jack OUT V (5 V		VS-84UT: connect to an external IR sensor to send IR signals (7						
			VS-84UT: connect to an external IR emitter to receive IR signals						
27)		Г DATA Terminal ctors (G, Rx, Tx)	between this RS-232 port and the HDBT OUT ports or one of the						
28	RS-232 CON Terminal Bloc Rx, Tx)	TROL Port k Connectors (G,							

#	Feature		Function
29	HDBT USB D	evice Port Pairs	Connect up to two USB clients to each pair (1 and 2) to pass data via the HDBT inputs or outputs.
30	HDBT USB H	OST Ports	Connect to a USB host (1 and 2) to pass data via the HDBT inputs or outputs.
31	ETH RJ-45 Ports	CONTROL	Connect to the PC or other controller through computer networking.
32		DATA 1G	Connect to the PC or other controller via the Ethernet to pass data between HDBT ports and the controller.
33	RESET Recessed Button		Press briefly to restart the system. Press for about 5 seconds to reset settings to factory default values and then restart the system.

# **Mounting VS-88UT**

This section provides instructions for mounting **VS-88UT**. Before installing, verify that the environment is within the recommended range:



- Storage temperature -40° to +70°C (-40 to +158°F).
- Humidity 10% to 90%, RHL non-condensing.



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Caution:Mount VS-88UT before connecting any cables or power.

• VS-88UT must be placed upright in the correct horizontal position.



#### Warning:

- Ensure that the environment (e.g., maximum ambient temperature & air flow) is compatible for the device.
- Avoid uneven mechanical loading.
- Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used for avoiding overloading of the circuits.
- Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained.

To mount the VS-88UT on a rack

Attach both ear brackets by removing the screws from each side of the machine and replacing those screws through the ear brackets or place the machine on a table.





For more information go to www.kramerav.com/downloads/VS-88UT

# Connecting VS-88UT and VS-84UT

This section describes how to:

- <u>Connect the VS-88UT Matrix Ports</u> on page <u>10</u>.
- <u>Connect the VS-84UT Matrix Ports</u> on page <u>12</u>.
- <u>Connect the Controller Ports</u> on page <u>14</u>.
- <u>Connecting the Audio Inputs and Outputs</u> on page <u>15</u>.
- <u>Connecting to VS-88UT via RS-232</u> on page <u>16</u>.
- Connecting VS-88UT via the Ethernet Port on page <u>16</u>.

Always switch off the power to each device before connecting it to your **VS-88UT**. After connecting your **VS-88UT**, connect its power and then switch on the power to each device.

Note that not all the ports are connected in the following example.

## **Connect the VS-88UT Matrix Ports**

To connect the VS-88UT Matrix as illustrated in the example in Figure 5:

- 1. Connect the HDMI and HDBT sources:
  - An HDMI source (for example, a laptop) to the HDMI 1 IN connector 22.
  - An HDMI source (for example, a Blu-ray player) to the HDMI 4 IN connector 22.
  - An HDMI source (for example, a Blu-ray player) to the HDMI IN 8 HDMI connector <sup>(23)</sup>.
  - A transmitter (for example, the Kramer TP-590Txr) to the HDBT IN (8) RJ-45 port
     (23).

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

You can enable one of each HDMI and HDBT input pair (5, 6, 7 and 8) via the embedded web pages (see <u>Setting Input HDBT/HDMI or HDBT Input Port Parameters</u> on page <u>39</u>).

- 2. Connect the audio sources:
  - An audio source (for example, the laptop audio output signal) to the AUDIO INPUT 1 balanced stereo analog audio 5-pin terminal block connector (1 to 4) (18).
  - A microphone to the AUDIO MIC 4 balanced audio 3-pin terminal block connector (1 to 8) (18).



You can connect each AUDIO analog input 5-pin terminal block connector to either a balanced stereo audio analog source or to up to two microphones via the web pages (see <u>Setting Analog Audio Input Port Parameters</u> on page <u>46</u>).

- An audio source (for example, an MP3 player) to the AUDIO INPUT 5 analog audio 3.5mm mini jack connector (5 to 8) (19).
- 3. Connect the HDMI and HDBT outputs:
  - The HDMI OUT 3 HDMI connector (1 to 4, 7 and 8) <sup>(24)</sup>, to an HDMI acceptor (for example, a display).
  - The OUT 6 (HDBT) RJ-45 port (5 to 6) <sup>(25)</sup> to a receiver (for example, the Kramer TP-590Rxr).
- 4. Connect the audio outputs:
  - The AUDIO LINE OUT (1 to 2) Terminal Block connector <sup>(16)</sup> to a balanced audio acceptor (for example, active speakers).
  - The POWER AMP OUT block connector <sup>(21)</sup> to a pair of loudspeakers, by connecting the left loudspeaker to the "L+" and the "L-" terminal block connectors, and the right loudspeaker to the "R+" and the "R-" terminal block connectors.



Do not ground the loudspeakers.

- 5. Connect the IR ports:
  - HDBT IR IN 8 (5 to 8) 3.5mm mini jack <sup>(26)</sup> to a room controller (for example, the Kramer RC-74DL) to control a peripheral device, such as Blu-ray player that connects to the transmitter that is connected to HDBT IN (8).
  - HDBT IR OUT 6 (5 to 6) 3.5mm mini jack <sup>(26)</sup> to an IR controlled device (for example, a Blu-ray player) so that it can be controlled by a controller that is connected to a receiver that connects to the OUT 6 (HDBT) port.
- 6. Connect the USB ports:
  - A keyboard and a mouse to HDBT USB 2 ports <sup>(29)</sup>.
     The USB signal passes via HDBT IN to a transmitter (for example TP-590Txr) where a laptop can be controlled.
  - A laptop to USB HOST 1 port (30).
     A receiver (for example TP-590Rxr) connected to HDBT OUT controls this connected laptop.
- 7. Connect RS-232 3-pin terminal blocks:
  - RS-232 HDBT DATA <sup>(27)</sup> Connect to a laptop to control peripheral devices that are connected to transmitters/receivers that connect to the HDBT IN / HDBT OUT ports.
  - RS-232 CONTROL <sup>28</sup> Connect to a laptop to control VS-88UT.
- 8. Connect ETH ports:
  - CONTROL (31) Connect to a laptop to control VS-88UT.
  - DATA 1G <sup>(32)</sup> Connect to the Ethernet to pass data via the cloud.

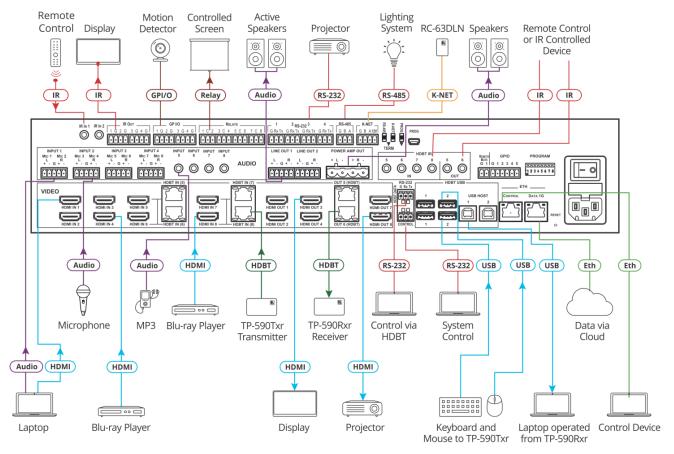


Figure 5: Connecting to the VS-88UT Rear Panel

## **Connect the VS-84UT Matrix Ports**

To connect the VS-84UT Matrix as illustrated in the example in Figure 6:

- 1. Connect the HDMI and HDBT sources:
  - An HDMI source (for example, a laptop) to the HDMI 1 IN connector 22.
  - An HDMI source (for example, a Blu-ray player) to the HDMI 6 IN connector 22.
  - A transmitter (for example, the Kramer TP-590Txr) to the HDBT IN (8) RJ-45 port
     (23).
- 2. Connect the audio sources:
  - An audio source (for example, the laptop audio output signal) to the AUDIO INPUT 1 balanced stereo analog audio 5-pin terminal block connector (1 to 4) (18).
  - A microphone to the AUDIO MIC 6 balanced audio 3-pin terminal block connector (1 to 8) (18).



You can connect each AUDIO analog input 5-pin terminal block connector to either a balanced stereo audio analog source or to up to two microphones via the web pages (see <u>Setting Analog Audio Input Port Parameters</u> on page <u>46</u>).

- An audio source (for example, an MP3 player) to the AUDIO INPUT 5 analog audio 3.5mm mini jack connector (5 to 8) (19).
- 3. Connect the HDMI and HDBT outputs:

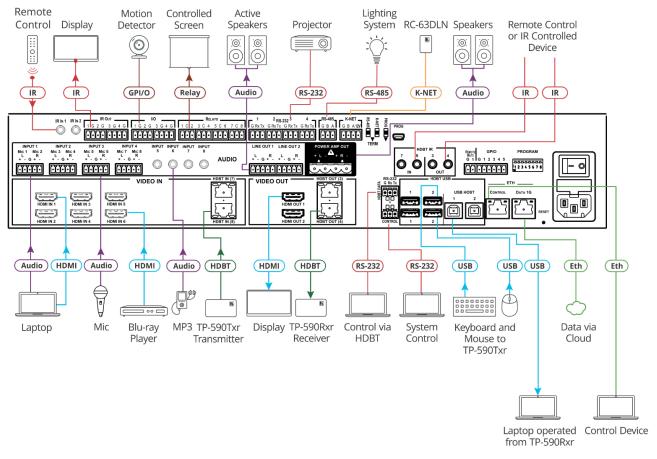
- The HDMI OUT 1 HDMI connector (1 to 2) <sup>(24)</sup>, to an HDMI acceptor (for example, a display).
- The HDBT OUT (4) RJ-45 port (3 to 4) <sup>(25)</sup> to a receiver (for example, the Kramer TP-590Rxr).
- 4. Connect the audio outputs:
  - The AUDIO LINE OUT (1 to 2) Terminal Block connector (16) to a balanced audio acceptor (for example, active speakers).
  - The POWER AMP OUT block connector <sup>(21)</sup> to a pair of loudspeakers, by connecting the left loudspeaker to the "L+" and the "L-" terminal block connectors, and the right loudspeaker to the "R+" and the "R-" terminal block connectors.



Do not ground the loudspeakers.

- 5. Connect the IR ports:
  - HDBT IR IN 8 (7 to 8) 3.5mm mini jack <sup>(26)</sup> to a room controller (for example, the Kramer RC-74DL) to control a peripheral device, such as Blu-ray player that connects to the transmitter that is connected to HDBT IN (8).
  - HDBT IR OUT 4 (3 to 4) 3.5mm mini jack <sup>(26)</sup> to an IR controlled device (for example, a Blu-ray player) So that it can be controlled by a controller that is connected to a receiver that connects to the HDBT OUT (4) port.
- 6. Connect the USB ports:
  - A keyboard and a mouse to HDBT USB 2 ports <sup>(29)</sup>. The USB signal passes via HDBT IN to a transmitter (for example TP-590Txr) where a laptop can be controlled.
  - A laptop to USB HOST 1 port 30.
     A receiver (for example TP-590Rxr) connected to HDBT OUT controls this connected laptop.
- 7. Connect RS-232 3-pin terminal blocks:
  - RS-232 HDBT DATA 27 Connect to a laptop to control peripheral devices that are connected to transmitters/receivers that connect to the HDBT IN / HDBT OUT ports.
  - RS-232 CONTROL <sup>28</sup> Connect to a laptop to control VS-84UT.
- 8. Connect ETH ports:
  - CONTROL (31) Connect to a laptop to control VS-84UT.
  - DATA 1G (32) Connect to the Ethernet to pass data via the cloud.

#### Kramer Electronics Ltd.



#### Figure 6: Connecting to the VS-84UT Rear Panel

#### **Connect the Controller Ports**

To connect the VS-88UT/VS-84UT Controller as illustrated in the example in Figure 5/Figure 6:

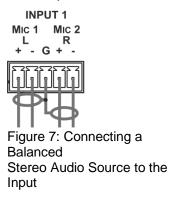
- Connect an IR sensor to IR IN 1 3.5mm mini jack (1 to 2) (3).
   For example, point an IR remote controller to the IR sensor to control a device that is connected to a controller port.
- 2. Connect the IR OUT 2-pin terminal block connector (1 to 4) (4) to an IR emitter and attach the emitter to a controlled device (for example, a display).
- 3. Connect the GPI/O 2-pin terminal block connector (1 to 4) (5) to an input/output device (for example, a motion detector).
- 4. Connect the RELAY 2-pin terminal block connector (1 to 8) <sup>(6)</sup> to a relay port (for example, a controlled screen).
- 5. Connect the RS-232 3-pin terminal block connector (1 to 4) 7 to a serially controlled device (for example, a projector).
- 6. Connect the RS-485 3-pin terminal block connector <sup>(8)</sup> to a controlled system (for example, a lighting system).
- Connect the K-NET 4-pin terminal block connector (9) to a room controller (for example, the Kramer RC-63DLN).

The room controller is powered via the 12V pin.

- 8. Set the TERM switches:
  - RS-485 TERM (10) Slide down for termination.
     The first and the last units on the RS-485 line should be terminated (ON). Other units should not be terminated (OFF).
  - K-NET TERM (1) Slide down for K-NET termination.
     The last physical device on a K-NET bus must be terminated.
- Connect the power cord 17.
   We recommend that you use only the power cord that is supplied with this machine.

## **Connecting the Audio Inputs and Outputs**

The following are the pinouts for connecting balanced or unbalanced stereo audio sources to the audio inputs:



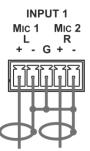


Figure 8: Connecting an Unbalanced Stereo Audio Source to the Input

The following are the pinouts for connecting the audio outputs to balanced or unbalanced stereo audio acceptors:

LINE OUT 1

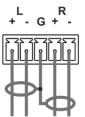


Figure 9: Connecting the Output to a Balanced Stereo Audio Acceptor





Figure 10: Connecting the Output to an Unbalanced Stereo Audio Acceptor

## **Connecting to VS-88UT via RS-232**

You can connect to the **VS-88UT** via an RS-232 connection <sup>28</sup> using, for example, a PC.

Connect the RS-232 terminal block on the rear panel of the **VS-88UT** to a PC/controller, as follows (see Figure 11):

- TX pin to Pin 2
- RX pin to Pin 3
- GND pin to Pin 5

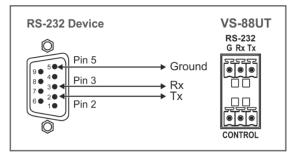


Figure 11: RS-232 Connection

## **Connecting VS-88UT via the Ethernet Port**

You can connect to the VS-88UT via Ethernet using either of the following methods:

- Directly to the PC using a crossover cable (see <u>Connecting the Ethernet Port Directly to</u> <u>a PC</u> on page <u>16</u>).
- Via a network hub, switch, or router, using a straight-through cable (see <u>Connecting the</u> <u>Ethernet Port via a Network Hub or Switch</u> on page <u>18</u>).



If you want to connect via a router and your IT system is based on IPv6, speak to your IT department for specific installation instructions.

### **Connecting the Ethernet Port Directly to a PC**

You can connect the Ethernet port of the **VS-88UT** directly to the Ethernet port on your PC using a crossover cable with RJ-45 connectors.



This type of connection is recommended for identifying the **VS-88UT** with the factory configured default IP address.

After connecting the **VS-88UT** to the Ethernet port, configure your PC as follows:

- 1. Click Start > Control Panel > Network and Sharing Center.
- 2. Click Change Adapter Settings.
- 3. Highlight the network adapter you want to use to connect to the device and click **Change** settings of this connection.

The Local Area Connection Properties window for the selected network adapter appears as shown in <u>Figure 12</u>.

Local Area Connection Properties
Networking Sharing
Connect using:
Intel(R) 82579V Gigabit Network Connection
Configure This connection uses the following items:
✓       Client for Microsoft Networks         ✓       ●         ●       QoS Packet Scheduler         ✓       ●         ✓       ●         ●       File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks         ✓       ●         ●       Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)         ✓       ▲         ●       Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)         ✓       ▲         □/       ▲         Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver         ✓       ▲         □/       ▲         □/       Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder
Install Uninstall Properties
Description TCP/IP version 6. The latest version of the internet protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
OK Cancel

Figure 12: Local Area Connection Properties Window

4. Highlight either Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) or Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) depending on the requirements of your IT system.

#### 5. Click Properties.

The Internet Protocol Properties window relevant to your IT system appears as shown in Figure 13 or Figure 14.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties 💦 🔀
General Alternate Configuration	
You can get IP settings assigned autor this capability. Otherwise, you need to for the appropriate IP settings.	
Obtain an IP address automatical	y.
O Use the following IP address:	
IP address:	
Subnet mask:	
Default gateway:	
Obtain DNS server address auton	natically
Use the following DNS server add	resses:
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	
Validate settings upon exit	Advanced
	OK Cancel

Figure 13: Internet Protocol Version 4 Properties Window

Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) Properties	? 🔀
General	
You can get IPv6 settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capab Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IPv6 set	
Obtain an IPv6 address automatically	
O Use the following IPv6 address:	
IPv6 address:	
Subnet prefix length:	
Default gateway:	
Obtain DNS server address automatically	
Use the following DNS server addresses:	
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	
Validate settings upon exit	Advanced
OK	Cancel

Figure 14: Internet Protocol Version 6 Properties Window

 Select Use the following IP Address for static IP addressing and fill in the details as shown in <u>Figure 15</u>.

For TCP/IPv4 you can use any IP address in the range 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.255 (excluding 192.168.1.39) that is provided by your IT department.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties
General	
You can get IP settings assigned auton this capability. Otherwise, you need to for the appropriate IP settings.	
Obtain an IP address automatical	ly
• Use the following IP address:	
IP address:	192.168.1.2
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Default gateway:	
Obtain DNS server address auton	natically
• Use the following DNS server add	resses:
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·
Validate settings upon exit	Advanced
	OK Cancel

Figure 15: Internet Protocol Properties Window

- 7. Click **OK**.
- 8. Click Close.

#### **Connecting the Ethernet Port via a Network Hub or Switch**

You can connect the Ethernet port of the **VS-88UT** to the Ethernet port on a network hub or using a straight-through cable with RJ-45 connectors.

#### **Control Configuration via the Ethernet Port**

To control several units via Ethernet, connect the Master unit (Device 1) via the Ethernet port to the Ethernet port of your PC. Use your PC provide initial configuration of the settings (see <u>Connecting VS-88UT via the Ethernet Port</u> on page <u>16</u>).

# **Using the Web Pages**

The Web pages let you control the VS-88UT via the Ethernet.

Before attempting to connect:

Ĭ

- Perform the procedures in (see <u>Connecting VS-88UT via the Ethernet Port</u> on page <u>16</u>).
- Ensure that your browser is supported.

The supported operating systems and Web browsers are specified in the <u>Technical</u> <u>Specifications</u> on page <u>86</u>.

The **VS-88UT** and **VS-84UT** have different input and output numbers but their web pages are similar. Differences in functionality are described in the following sections.

The VS-88UT Web pages enable performing the following:

- Globally Muting video and audio signals on page 22.
- Defining Global Settings on page 23.
- Routing VS-88UT Ports on page 29.
- Managing EDID on page 60.
- <u>Controlling Devices via the Controller</u> on page <u>64</u>.
- <u>Configuring Device Automation</u> on page <u>76</u>.
- <u>Changing the Device Settings</u> on page <u>78</u>.
- <u>Viewing the About Page</u> on page <u>85</u>.

To browse the VS-88UT Web pages:

- 1. Open your Internet browser.
- 2. Type the IP address of the device in the address bar of your browser. For example, the default IP address:

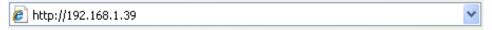


Figure 16: Using the Embedded Web pages - Default IP Address

The Authentication window appears: Admin

Authentication	Required	×
http://192.168.1.39	equires a username and password.	
Your connection to	o this site is not private.	
User Name: Password:		
	Log In Cancel	

Figure 17: Using the Embedded Web Pages – Authentication Window

3. Enter the **User Name** and **Password** (Admin, Admin by-default) and click **OK**. The Routing Settings page appears.

	Switcher/Controller											•
Routing Settings	Routing Matrix	Presets & S	Settings									
EDID Management	AUDIO / VIDEO	RS232	IR	USB								
Controller	Outputs	HDMI 1	HDMI 2	HDMI 3	HDMI 4	HDBT 5	HDBT 6	HDMI 7	HDMI 8	ANALOG AUDIO 1	ANALOG AUDIO 2	AMPLIFIED AUDIO 1
Automation	Inputs	J X ⊠ ■ ⊕	J X ⊠ ■ +0	∎ <u>ک</u> گ	ا ≵ ⊠ ■ ا	J X ⊠ ■ ⊕	ी X ⊠ ■ •9	J 2 ⊠ ■ ⊕	J X ⊠ ■ ⊕	•	۲	•)
Settings	+ <u>HDMI 1</u>	0										
	+ HDMI 2		0									
) About	+ <u>HDMI 3</u>			0								
	+ HDMI 4				0							
	+ HDBT 5 >					<b>S</b>						
	+ HDBT 6 >						0					
4	+ HDBT 7 > *							0				
	+ HDBT 8 > °								0			
	ANALOG AUDIO 1 >											
	ANALOG AUDIO 2 >										3	
	ANALOG AUDIO 3 >											
	ANALOG AUDIO 4 >											
	ANALOG AUDIO 5											
	ANALOG AUDIO 6											
↑ Load Config.	ANALOG AUDIO 7			0								

Figure 18: VS-88UT Routing Settings Page with Navigation List on Left

Kramer VS-84UT Swite	cher/Controller									ſ
Routing Settings	Routing Mat	trix	Preset	s & Settin	gs					
EDID Management	AUDIO / VIDEO	R	S232		IR	US	В			
Controller	Outpu	uts	HDMI 1	HDMI 2	HDBT 3	HDBT 4	ANALOG AUDIO 1	ANALOG AUDIO 2	AMPLIFIED AUDIO 1	
Automation	Inputs		「 <u>大</u> 図 ■  ●	ال \$ ∎ ∎	ڈ ‡ ⊠ ■ ●	よた図 ■●●	•	•	•)	
Automation	+ HDMI 1	•	0							
Settings	+ HDMI 2	•		0						
About	+ HDMI 3	•			<b>O</b>					
	+ HDMI 4	•				0				
	+ HDMI 5	1								
9	+ HDMI 6	•								
	+ <u>HDBT 7</u>	1								
	+ <u>HDBT 8</u>	•								
	ANALOG AUDIO 1 >	•					3			
	ANALOG AUDIO 2 >	•								
	ANALOG AUDIO 3 >	•								
▲ Load Config.										
Save Config.										

Figure 19: VS-84UT Routing Settings Page with Navigation List on Left

Routing Matri	X Presets & S	Settings									
AUDIO / VIDEO	RS232	IR	USB								
Outputs	HDMI 1	HDMI 2	HDMI 3	HDMI 4	HDBT 5	HDBT 6	HDMI 7	HDMI 8	ANALOG AUDIO 1	ANALOG AUDIO 2	AMPLIFIED AUDIO 1
Inputs	J X ⊠ ■ +0	ן <u>ל</u> ₪ ■ ש	J X ⊠ ■ ⊕	J X ⊠ ■ ⊕	J <u>↑</u> ⊠ ■ +0	J 2 ⊠ ■ ⊕	J X ⊠ ■ ⊕	J X ⊠ ■ ⊕	•)	۲	•)
+ HDMI 1	0										
+ <u>HDMI 2</u>		0									
+ HDMI 3			0								
+ <u>HDMI 4</u>				0							
+ HDBT 5 >					0						
+ HDBT 6 >						0					
+ HDBT 7 > •							0				
+ HDBT 8 >								0			
ANALOG AUDIO 1 > 👦											
ANALOG AUDIO 2 > 🕡											-
ANALOG AUDIO 3 > 🕠											
ANALOG AUDIO 4 > 🚽											
ANALOG AUDIO 5											
ANALOG AUDIO 6											

4. Click the desired Web page or click the arrow to hide the navigation list.

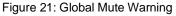
Figure 20: Routing Settings Page – Navigation List Hidden

# Globally Muting video and audio signals

The Global Mute system is a unique feature that mutes all the video and audio signals to enable easy integration of the audio system with public alarm systems used for alarms or other public messages.

When global mute is triggered via the "REMOTE MUTE" terminal block port (14), all HDMI/HDBT and analog outputs are globally muted and a warning note immediately appears on the web pages heading:

Kramer VS-88UT Switcher/Controller		Attention: GLOBAL MUTE mode is active A	×	



This warning note notifies the administrator that the system is muted due to a REMOTE MUTE trigger. This trigger is indicated by the warning sign only and does not affect the display of mute icons in the Routing Settings page. Mute icons (O or N) on the outputs, that were set before the REMOTE MUTE was triggered, remain unchanged during the REMOTE MUTE mode and after it ceases.

When the REMOTE MUTE mode is over, the system returns to normal operation and the warning note disappears.

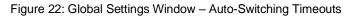
# **Defining Global Settings**

Use the **Presets & Settings** page to set video timeouts, define ports, configure PoE on HDBT, ports and save and load presets.

To set the video timeouts:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Routing Settings**. The Routing Matrix page appears (see Figure 18).
- 2. Click **Presets & Settings** (next to Routing Matrix)). The Global Settings window appears:

Global Settings					×
Auto-Switching Timeouts	Switchable Ports	P₀E	Presets	;	
Video Timeout					
When the signal is lost, le switching for x sec	eave 5V power on and	delay	10 sec 3	* *	
When a new signal is det	ected, delay switching	for	() sec	•	
When the cable is unplug	When the cable is unplugged, delay switching for x sec				
When the signal is lost, c	When the signal is lost, delay 5V power off for x sec				
When video is lost on a r switching for x sec	nanual override action	, delay	10 sec 🗧	•	
			sa	ave	
	Close				



- 3. Click the Auto-Switching Timeouts tab.
- 4. Set the timeout in seconds for delaying:
  - Switching upon signal loss when 5V power is left on.
  - Switching when a new signal is detected.
  - Switching in case a cable is unplugged.

- 5V power off when the signal is lost.
- Switching to the last video input signal after the manual override video input signal is lost.
- 5. Click Close.

The following table defines the timeout values and conditions:

Timeout	Description, Ran	ge (Default) and Conditions
Signal Loss		
	Description:	When the signal is lost, leave 5V power on and delay switching for x seconds.
	Range (default):	5 to 90 seconds (10 by default).
	Conditions:	Signal Loss timeout ≥ 5 seconds
		Signal Loss timeout < Output Inactivity
		Signal Loss timeout < manual-override mode inactivity
Signal Gain	1	
	Description:	When a new signal is detected, delay switching for x seconds.
	Range (default)	0 to 90 seconds (0 by default).
	Conditions	No conditions
Input Unplug		
	Description:	When the cable is unplugged, delay switching for x seconds.
	Range (default)	0 to 90 seconds (0 by default).
	Conditions	Input Unplug timeout ≤ Output inactivity Input unplug timeout ≤ manual-override mode inactivity
Output Inactiv	vity	
	Description:	When the signal is lost, delay 5V power off for x seconds.
	Range (default)	5 to 60000 seconds (900 by default).
	Conditions	Output Inactivity timeout > Input Unplug
Manual-Over	ride Mode Inactivity	
	Description:	When video is lost on a manual override action, delay switching for x seconds.
	Range (default)	5 to 90 seconds (10 by default).
	Conditions	Manual-Override Mode Inactivity timeout ≥ Signal Loss Manual-Override Mode Inactivity timeout ≥ Input Unplug

To set the switchable ports:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click Routing Settings. The Routing Matrix page appears.
- 2. Click **Global Settings** (on the top left side). The Global Settings window appears.
- Click Switchable Ports tab. The Switchable Ports tab appears.

- 4. Do the following
  - VS-88UT: For video input ports 5 to 8, select either the HDBT or HDMI input and for audio input ports 1 to 4, select either ANALOG or MIC input. The changes are immediately reflected the Routing Settings page.

Global Settings							×
Auto-Switching Timeouts Switchable Ports PoE Presets							
Select Active ports for switchable matrix ports							
	Video				Audio		
Port 5	HDBT	HDMI	Port	1	MIC	ANALOG	
Port 6	HDBT	HDMI	Port	2	міс	ANALOG	
Port 7	HDBT	HDMI	Port	з 🦳	міс	ANALOG	
Port 8	HDBT	HDMI	Port	4	міс	ANALOG	
			Close				

Figure 23: VS-88UT Global Settings Window – Switchable Ports Tab

• VS-84UT: For audio input ports 1 to 4, select either ANALOG or MIC input. The changes are immediately reflected the **Routing Settings** page.

Global Settings					×		
Auto-Switching Timeouts	Switchal	ole Ports	PoE	Presets			
Select Active ports for switchable matrix ports							
	Α	udio					
Po	rt 1 🛛 🕅	C AN/	ALOG				
Po	rt 2 MI	C AN/	ALOG				
Po	rt 3 MI	C AN/	ALOG				
Po	rt 4 MI	C AN/	ALOG				
	С	lose					

Figure 24: VS-88UT Global Settings Window – Switchable Ports Tab

5. Click Close.

To set configure PoE power support on HDBT ports:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Routing Settings**. The Routing Matrix page appears.
- 2. Click **Global Settings** (on the top left side). The Global Settings window appears.
- 3. Click the **PoE** tab. The PoE configuration tab appears.
- 4. Do the following:
  - VS-88UT: Click one radio button on each PO line to select the ports supporting PoE. You can select one port on each PO line (for example HDBT 5 input for PO line 1 and HDBT 6 input for PO line 2).

Global Settings				×
Auto-Switching Timeouts	Switchable Ports	PoE	Presets	
Configuration				
	Inputs			Outputs
PO line 1		7		HDBT 5
PO line 2		3		HDBT 6
Status	nabled Disabled			
	Close			

Figure 25: VS-88UT Global Settings Window – HDBT POE Support Tab

 VS-84UT: Click one radio button on each PO line to select the ports supporting PoE. You can select one port on each PO line (for example HDBT 7 input for PO line 1 and HDBT 4 output for PO line 2).

Global Settings				×
Auto-Switching Timeouts	Switchable Ports	PoE	Presets	
Configuration				
	Inputs			Outputs
PO line 1	HDBT 7			HDBT 3
PO line 2	HDBT 8			HDBT 4
Status	nabled Disabled			
	Close			

Figure 26: VS-84UT Global Settings Window – HDBT POE Support Tab

5. Enable or disable HDBT PoE support.

PoE status is displayed in the HDBT settings page (see <u>Changing HDBT/HDMI and HDBT</u> Port Settings on page <u>41</u>).

6. Click Close.

i

To load or save a preset (the current device settings):

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

A preset saves the device configuration, excluding Network settings, EDID files and Maestro configuration.

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Routing Settings**. The Routing Matrix page appears.
- 2. Click Global Settings (on the top left side). The Global Settings window appears.
- 3. Click the Presets tab. The Presets tab appears:

Global Settings				×
Auto-Switching Timeouts	Switchable Po	orts PoE	Presets	
	preset.1	•		
	Load	Save		
	Close			

Figure 27: Global Settings Window - Presets Tab

- 4. Select a preset (from 1 to 8)
- 5. Do any of the following:
  - To save a preset, click **Save**.
  - To load an existing preset, click **Load**.

# **Routing VS-88UT Ports**

This section describes how to basically route an A/V input to any of the outputs.



By default, input and output ports are set to audio-follow-video.

The Routing Matrix page displays the current routing status. For example, in Figure 28 the HDMI 4 input is currently routed to the HDMI 1 output as indicated by the green routing button (②).



Figure 28: Routing Settings Page - Input to Output Example

To route an input to an output, click a white routing button within the matrix. For example, to route the HDMI 3 input to the HDMI 1 output, click the routing button connecting them in the matrix:

Outputs	HDMI 1
Inputs	J 🙏 🖾 ➡ 🐠
+ <u>HDMI 1</u>	
+ <u>HDMI 2</u>	
+ HDMI 3	0
+ <u>HDMI 4</u>	

Figure 29: Routing Settings Page - Routing an Input to an Output

Hover over a port to view its switching status (HDMI 3 audio and video inputs are routed to HDMI 1 and HDMI 2 outputs):

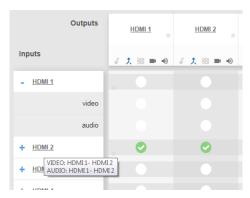


Figure 30: Routing Settings Page – Viewing the Switching Status

In the same way, you can route all the port types in the matrix if connected by a routing button.

To define each of the ports in the matrix and perform advanced routing operations, see <u>Defining Port Settings</u> on page  $\underline{30}$ .

## **Defining Port Settings**

This section describes how to route the ports (audio, video, RS-232, IR and USB) in the matrix and define the port settings.

The Routing Settings page enables the following:

- <u>Setting Input HDMI Port Parameters</u> on page <u>31</u>.
- <u>Setting Input HDBT/HDMI or HDBT</u> Input Port Parameters on page <u>39</u>.
- Setting Analog Audio Input Port Parameters on page 46.
- <u>Setting the HDMI and HDBT Output Parameters</u> on page <u>51</u>.
- <u>Setting Analog and Amplified Audio Output Parameters</u> on page <u>55</u>.
- <u>Setting and Routing the RS-232 Ports</u> on page <u>56</u>.
- <u>Setting and Routing IR Ports</u> on page <u>58</u>.
- <u>Setting and Routing the USB Ports</u> on page <u>58</u>.



While almost all the **VS-88UT** port settings examples also apply to **VS-84UT** (even though the number of inputs and outputs may be different) there are some exceptions which are described separately throughout this section.

#### **Setting Input HDMI Port Parameters**



VS-88UT has four HDMI (1 to 4) inputs and VS-84UT has six HDMI (1 to 6) inputs (as well as two HDMI outputs).

The green indication indicates a valid signal on the input.



Figure 31: Port Settings – HDMI Input Ports

The following functions are available:

- <u>Viewing and Routing A/V Signals Separately</u> on page <u>32</u>.
- Routing A/V Signals in the Audio-Follow-Video and Breakaway Modes on page 33.
- Changing HDMI Input Port Settings on page 35.
- <u>Selecting the HDMI Input Follower</u> on page <u>36</u>.

#### Viewing and Routing A/V Signals Separately

To view the video and audio signals separately:

- Click Routing Settings page. The Routing Matrix page opens.
- Click + beside the input port name.
- The HDMI port line displays the status of each signal separately.
   The following example shows that the HDMI 1 input (both audio and video signals) is routed to output HDMI 1 and HDMI 2.

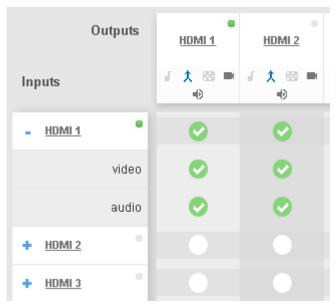


Figure 32: Routing Settings Page – HDMI Input Ports

• Click the HDMI 1 input audio button under output HDMI 3. The audio signal only is routed from HDMI 1to HDMI 3

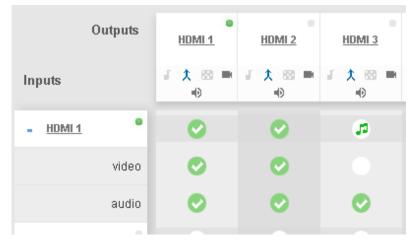


Figure 33: Routing Settings Page – Routing the audio signal only

Click — to close the separate-signals view. The audio icon <a>2</a> appears under the HDMI 3 output.

Outputs	HDMI 1	HDMI 1 HDMI 2	
Inputs	ו <mark>ג</mark> ₪ ■ ש	√ <u>†</u> ■ ⊕	J ★ 63 ■ •0
+ <u>HDMI 1</u>	0	0	
+ <u>HDMI 2</u>			

Figure 34: Routing Settings Page – Separate Audio Routing

Routing A/V Signals in the Audio-Follow-Video and Breakaway Modes

By default, all the outputs are set to the Audio-Follow-Video mode (AFV) mode  $\chi$ . When routing an input to an output or only a video signal to an output, both audio and video signals appear on the output (see <u>Setting the HDMI and HDBT Output Parameters</u> on page <u>51</u>).

Click the AFV icon to toggle between 1 (AFV) and 1 (Breakaway) modes.

To route an input to an output in the breakaway mode:

- Click Routing Settings page. The Routing Matrix page opens.
- Click , on an output (HDMI 3 in this example).
   The AFV icon is deselected and that output is now in the Breakaway mode.
- Click + beside the HDMI 1 input port name.

 Click Video Input 1 to output 3 The audio signal no longer follows the video signal, therefore when routing a video signal, the audio signal does not follow.

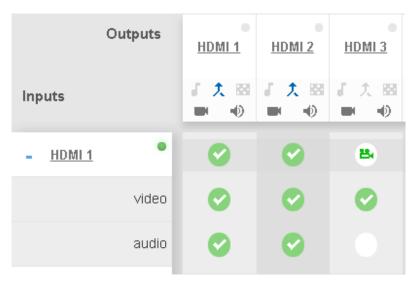


Figure 35: Routing Settings Page - Routing the Video Signal Only

Click — to close the separate-signals view. The audio icon appears under the HDMI 3 output.

Outputs	• <u>HDMI 1</u>	<u>HDMI 2</u>	HDMI 3	HDMI 4
Inputs	גֿ‡ ש∙•)	اللہ کے لیے ا⊫ ا⊸0	よた図 ■ ●	<b>ا ث</b> ر ا ا ا ا ا
+ <u>HDMI 1</u>	Ø	0	8	•

Figure 36: Routing Settings Page – Routing in the AFV Mode

Once you toggle  $\bigcirc$  back to  $\checkmark$  (AFV) the audio signal is immediately routed to the HDMI 3 output.

Outputs	HDMI 1	HDMI 2	HDMI 3	HDMI 4
Inputs	≣ <u>ا</u> ا	√ <u>↑</u> ∞ ■ •0	<b>√ 大 ⊠</b> ■ •0	<b>ا ک</b> ₪ ■
+ HDMI 1	0	0	Ø	

Figure 37: Routing Settings Page - Routing in the Breakaway Mode

In the breakaway mode you can also route the audio from one source and the video from another:

Outputs	• <u>HDMI 1</u>	HDMI 2	HDMI 3
Inputs	√ <u>↑</u> ⊠ ■ •0	√ <u>↑</u> ⊠ ■ •0	↓ ↓ 図 ■ ●
+ <u>HDMI 1</u>	0	0	
+ HDMI 2			8

Figure 38: Routing Settings Page - Separate A/V Signal Sources in the Breakaway Mode

Once the AFV is back on, the input 2 audio signal follows the video signal.

Outputs	HDMI 1	HDMI 2	HDMI 3
Inputs		√ <u>↑</u> ■ •)	<b>↓ 1</b> ⊠ ■ ●
+ HDMI 1	Ø	0	
+ HDMI 2			<b>Ø</b>

Figure 39: Routing Settings Page – A/V Signal Sources in the AFV Mode

#### **Changing HDMI Input Port Settings**

To define the HDMI port:

- 1. Click **Routing Settings** page. The Routing Matrix page opens.
- 2. Click HDMI.

The following window appears:

Input HDMI 1 •			
Port label	HDMI 1		
Routing status	VIDEO AUDIO OUT.HDMI.1, OUT.HDMI.2 OUT.HDMI.1, OUT.HDMI	.2	
HDCP support	Force RGB	Force 2	LPCM
Followers	AUDIO HDMI 1		
	c	ancel	Save
Step In	No device connected		
Outputs 🕑 echo 🗹 HDMI	1 🕅 HDMI 2 🗑 HDMI 3 🗭 HDMI 4 🖻 HDBT 5 🖻 HD	овт 6 🗹 на	омі 7 🗷 номі

Figure 40: Routing Settings Page – Input HDMI Settings

- 3. Perform the following actions, as required:
  - Change the **Port Label** name.
  - View the Routing Status.
  - Check/uncheck HDCP Support.
  - Check/uncheck Force RGB.
  - Check/uncheck Force 2LPCM.
  - Open the AUDIO drop-down box and select the audio signal to follow the HDMI video signal (see <u>Selecting the HDMI Input Follower</u> on page <u>36</u>).

- Set the Step-in outputs to which the video signal will be routed in case the step-in button is pressed on the is input.
- 4. Click Save.

Selecting the HDMI Input Follower

When selecting a follower to the input signal, this follower is routed together with the input signal, to the selected output. When routing HDMI signals, you can define the AUDIO signal to follow the video signal.



The follower signal is applied in the next routing step.

Input HDMI 1			×
Port label	HDMI 1		
Routing status	VIDEO OUT.HDMI.1, OUT.HDMI.2	AUDIO OUT.HDMI.1, OUT.HDMI.2	
HDCP support	Force F	RGB Force 2LPCM	
Followers	AUDIO HDMI 1		
	ANALOG AUDIO 1 ANALOG AUDIO 2 ANALOG AUDIO 3 ANALOG AUDIO 4 ANALOG AUDIO 5	Cancel Save	
Step In Outputs 🕑 echo 🗹 HDMI	ANALOG AUDIO 6 ANALOG AUDIO 7 ANALOG AUDIO 8 HDMI 2 HDMI 3	No device connected	ML8
	HDMI 4 HDBT 5 HDBT 6 HDBT 7 HDBT 8		

Figure 41: Routing Settings Page – HDMI 1 Input Audio Followers

For example, when routing input HDMI 1 to the HDMI 1 output, HDMI 1 audio is routed to the output.

Outputs	<u>HDMI1</u>
Inputs	J 🗶 🖾 🖦 ⊕
- <u>HDMI1</u>	0
video	0
audio	0

Figure 42: Routing Settings Page - Input HDMI 1 Routed to Output HDMI 1

Click the HDMI 1 output to see the settings page, and view the routing status:

Routing Status VIDEO AUDIO IN.HDMI.1 IN.HDMI.1	
---	--

Figure 43: Routing Settings Page – HDMI 1 Output Routing Status

The routing status fits the settings on the HDMI 1 input.

When setting the HDMI 1 output to the breakaway mode, upon the next routing step (for example, HDMI 2 routed to HDMI 1, the audio source remains HDMI 1 and the video source is HDMI 2

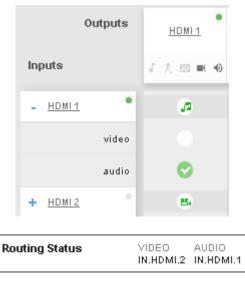


Figure 44: Routing Settings Page - HDMI 2 Input to HDMI 1 Routing Status

In the following example ANALOG AUDIO 2 is set as the audio follower for input HDMI 1:

Followers	AUDIO	
	ANALOG AUDIO 2	•

Figure 45: Routing Settings Page - HDMI 1 Input, Analog Audio 2 Follows

In the AFV mode, whenever HDMI 1 is routed to an output the audio source will be ANALOG AUDIO 2:

Outpu	ts	HDMI1	HDMI 2	<u>HDMI3</u>	<u>HDMI 4</u>	HDBT 5
Inputs		J 🗶 🖾 🗮 ⊕	J 🗶 🖾 🗰 🐠	<b>√</b> 大 ⊠ ■ 49	J 🗶 🖂 ■ 🐠	₹ <u></u> ★ ⊠ ■ ⊕
+ HDMI1	٠	0	8	8		8
+ HDM12	•					
+ <u>HDMI3</u>	•				8	
+ HDMI 4	•					
+ HDBT 5 >	•					
+ HDBT 6 >	•				ø	
+ HDMI7 >	•					
+ HDBT 8 >	•					
ANALOG AUDIO 2 >	Φ		ø	ø		ø

Figure 46: Routing Settings Page - Routing HDMI 1 Routed to Several Outputs

For the HDMI 1, HDMI 2, HDMI 3 and HDBT 5, ANALOG AUDIO 2 is the audio source.

Output Routing Status shows ANALOG AUDIO 2 as the source:

Routing Status	IR IN.HDBT.5, IN.HDBT.5	VIDEO IN.HDMI.1
	AUDIO IN.ANALOG_AUDIO.2	RS232 BOTH.RS232.1
	USB BOTH.USB_B.1	

Figure 47: Routing Settings Page - HDBT 5 Output Routing Status

For HDBT outputs, the Routing Status shows other signal followers (for example, HDBT 5 input IR follows the video signal).

Ĭ

In the breakaway mode, when routing the HDMI 1 input to HDMI 2 output, ANALOG AUDIO 2 is still the audio source:

Outputs	<u>номі 1</u>	HDMI2	
Inputs	よ大図画の	↓ 久 図 ■ ●	
+ <u>HDMI1</u>	8		
+ <u>HDMI2</u>	<i>•</i>		
+ <u>HDMI3</u>		8	
+ HDMI4			
+ HDBT 5 >			
+ <u>HDBT6</u> >			
+ HDMI7 >			
+ HDBT 8 >			
ANALOG AUDIO 2 🔊 🍦		æ	

Figure 48: Routing Settings Page - HDBT 6 Output Routing Status

Click  $\uparrow$  to return to the AFV mode. When routing the HDMI 1 input to HDMI 2 output, the audio source is ANALOG AUDIO 2 once again.

### **Setting Input HDBT/HDMI or HDBT Input Port Parameters**

The HDBT ports on each device have a slightly different function:

- VS-88UT has four ports that can be set as HDBT or HDMI inputs, see <u>VS-88UT only –</u> <u>Setting the Port to</u> HDBT or HDMI on page <u>40</u>.
- VS-84UT has two dedicated HDBT ports (HDBT 7 and HDBT 8).

The green indication indicates a valid signal on the input.

+ HDBT 5 >		
+ HDBT 6 >		
+ HDBT 7 >		+ <u>HDBT 7</u>
+ HDBT 8 >	•	+ <u>HDBT 8</u>

Figure 49: Port Settings - HDBT Input Ports

The following functions are available:

- <u>VS-88UT only Setting the Port to HDBT or HDMI</u> on page <u>40</u>.
- <u>Viewing and Routing HDMI/HDBT and HDBT A/V</u> Signals Separately on page <u>40</u>.
- Changing HDBT/HDMI and HDBT Port Settings on page 41.

VS-88UT only – Setting the Port to HDBT or HDMI

To set the port to HDBT or HDMI:

- 1. Click **Routing Settings** page. The Routing Matrix page opens.
- 2. Click > next to the port name.
- 3. Select the desired port:



Figure 50: Port Settings - Selecting HDBT or HDMI Input Ports

Viewing and Routing HDMI/HDBT and HDBT A/V Signals Separately

To view the video and audio signals separately:

- Click Routing Settings page. The Routing Matrix page opens.
- Click + beside the port name.
- For VS-88UT, the HDMI/HDBT port line displays the status of each signal separately. The following example shows that the HDBT 8 input (both audio and video signals) is routed to HDMI 1 and HDMI 3 outputs.

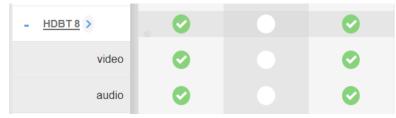


Figure 51: VS-88UT Port Settings - HDBT Input Ports

• For VS-84UT, the HDBT port line displays the status of each signal separately. The following example shows that the HDBT 7 input (both audio and video signals) is routed to HDMI 1 and HDMI 2 outputs.

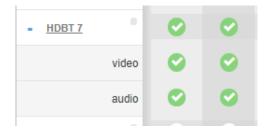


Figure 52: VS-84UT Port Settings – HDBT Input Ports

Click - to close the separate-signals view.

#### **Changing HDBT/HDMI and HDBT Port Settings**

To define the HDBT/HDMI HDBT port:

- 1. Click **Routing Settings** page. The Routing Matrix page opens.
- Click HDBT (HDMI is described in <u>Changing HDMI Input Port Settings</u> on page <u>35</u>). The following window appears:

Input HDBT 7		×
Port label	HDBT 7	_
Routing status	IR VIDEO IN.IR.7 OUT.HDMI.1, OUT. AUDIO OUT.HDMI.1, OUT.HDMI.2 USB OUT.HDBT.3	HDMI.2 R\$232 OUT.HDBT.3, OUT.HDBT.3
POE status	ON *Configured in Global Set	tings
HDCP support	Force RGB	Force 2LPCM
Extra Range	ON OFF	
Followers	IR	RS232 None  VSB None  V
		Cancel Save
Step In Ou		ce connected HDMI 2 I HDBT 3 I HDBT 4

Figure 53: Routing Settings Page – Input HDBT Settings

Each setting retains the switching state (followers are specific for the HDMI and HDBT port).

- 3. Perform the following actions, as required:
  - Change the **Port Label** name.
  - View the **Routing Status**.
  - View the POE status (see <u>POE Status</u> on page <u>42</u>).

- Check/uncheck HDCP Support.
- Check/uncheck Force RGB.
- Check/uncheck Force 2LPCM.
- Set **Extra Range** to ON or OFF.
- Select Followers drop-down boxes for AUDIO, RS-232, IR, and USB signals. The selected port signals will now follow the video signal (see <u>Selecting the HDBT</u> <u>Input Followers</u> on page <u>43</u>).
- Set Step-In outputs to which the video signal will be routed in case the step-in button is pressed on this input (see <u>Setting the Step-in Status on the HDBT Ports</u> on page <u>57</u>).
- 4. Click Save.

#### **POE Status**

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POE on the HDBT ports is configured via global settings (see <u>Defining Global Settings</u> on page  $\underline{23}$ ).

POE status appears on the HDBT settings page when the port is set to HDBT.

The following POE status messages appear:

POE is configured and enabled on this port.	POE status	ON *Configured in Global Settings
POE is configured on this port but is currently not active since PoE support in Global Settings is disabled	POE status	ON but global configuration disabled *Configured in Global Settings
POE is not configured on this port but can be configured via Global Settings.	POE status	OFF *Configured in Global Settings

#### Selecting the HDBT Input Followers

When selecting a follower to the input signal, this follower is routed together with the input signal, to the selected output. When routing HDBT signals, you can define AUDIO, RS-232, IR, and USB signals to follow the video signal.



The follower signals are applied in the next routing step.

Followers	AUDIO	RS232
	HDBT 5	▼ RS232 1 ▼
	IR	USB
	HDBT 5	▼ USB Type- B1 ▼
	C	

Figure 54: Routing Settings Page - Input HDBT 5 Followers Settings

For example, when routing input HDBT 5 to the HDBT 6 output, HDBT 5 audio is routed to the output.

Outputs	• <u>HDMI 1</u>	HDMI 2	HDMI 3	HDMI 4	HDBT 5	HDBT 6
Inputs	<b>₹ \$ 83</b> ■ •	√ <u>†</u> ∞ ■ •	<b>₹</b>	J X ⊠ ■ ●	J ↓ 23 ■ ●	≣ \$ ∎
+ <u>HDMI3</u>				8	8	
+ <u>HDMI 4</u>						
+ HDBT 5 >		0				0

Figure 55: Routing Settings Page – Input HDBT 5 Routed to Output HDBT 6

Click the HDBT 6 output to see the settings page, and view the routing status:

Routing Status	IR IN.HDBT.5, IN.HDB		AUDIO IN.HDBT.5
	<b>RS232</b> I BOTH.RS232.1 E	<b>USB</b> BOTH.USB_B.1	

Figure 56: Routing Settings Page – HDBT 6 Output Routing Status

The routing status fits the settings on the HDBT 5 input.



When routing in the AFV mode, all the followers, follow the video routing.

When setting the HDBT 6 output to the breakaway mode, upon the next routing step (for example, HDBT 6 routed to HDBT 6, the routing status will remain the same (except for the video signal):

Routing Status	<b>IR</b>	VIDEO	AUDIO
	IN.HDBT.5, IN.HDBT	5 IN.HDBT.6	IN.HDBT.5
	<b>RS232 US</b> BOTH.RS232.1 BC		

Figure 57: Routing Settings Page – HDBT 6 Input to HDBT 6 Output Routing Status

In the following example MIC 1 is set as the audio follower for input HDBT 5:

Followers	AUDIO	RS232
	MIC 1	▼ RS232 1 ▼
	IR	USB
	HDBT 5	▼ USB Type- B1 ▼

Figure 58: Routing Settings Page - HDBT 5 Input, MIC 1 Audio follows

In the AFV mode, whenever HDBT 5 is routed to an output (for example, HDBT 5) the audio source will be MIC 1:

Outputs	HDMI1	HDMI2	<u>HDMI 3</u>	<u>HDMI 4</u>	HDBT 5
Inputs	J 🗶 🖾 🗮 🐠	J 🗶 🖂 ■ 🐠	<b>↓</b> ★ ∞ ■ •0	J 🗶 🖂 🗷 🐠	J 🗶 🖂 🖷 🐠 (
+ HDBT 5 >		•	0		8
+ <u>HDBT6</u> >				ø	
+ <u>HDMI7</u> >					
+ <u>HDBT8</u> >					
ANALOG AUDIO 2 👌 🥠					
ANALOG AUDIO 4 👌 🕠					
ANALOG AUDIO 5					
ANALOG AUDIO 7					
ANALOG AUDIO 8					
MIC 1 > +>					ø

Figure 59: Routing Settings Page –Routing HDBT 5 Input to HDBT 6 Output

The HDBT 5 output routing status shows MIC 1 as the source:

Routing Status	IR	VIDEO	AUDIO
	IN.HDBT.5, IN.HDBT.9	5 IN.HDBT.5	IN.MIC.1
	<b>RS232 US</b> BOTH.RS232.1 BO		

Figure 60: Routing Settings Page - HDBT 6 Output Routing Status

In the breakaway mode, when routing the HDBT 6 input to HDBT 5 output MIC 1 is still the audio source:

Output	s	• <u>Hdmi1</u>	HDMI 2	<u>Hdmis</u>	<u>HDMI 4</u>	HDBT 5
Inputs	ų	J <u>↑</u> 🖾 🖦 🐠	J 🗶 🖂 🖷 🤣	<b>↓</b> ★ ∞ = •0	J 🗶 🖾 🗮 🐠	↓ 久 図 ■ ●
+ HDBT5>	1		0	0		
+ <u>HDBT6</u> >	•				ø	8
+ <u>HDMI7</u> >	1					
+ <u>HDBT8</u> >	1					
ANALOG AUDIO 2 >	0					
ANALOG AUDIO 4 >	0					
ANALOG AUDIO 5	0					
ANALOG AUDIO 6	0					
ANALOG AUDIO 7	0					
ANALOG AUDIO 8	0					
MIC 1 >	0					<i>a</i>

Figure 61: Routing Settings Page - HDBT 6 Output Routing Status

Then, when setting HDBT 7 input as audio source, MIC 1 is no longer the audio source:

Ou	tputs	HDMI1	HDMI 2	<u>HDMI 3</u>	HDMI 4	HDBT 5
Inputs		J <b>X ⊠ ■</b> ⊕	J 🗶 🖂 ■ 🐠	<b>↓</b> ★ ∞ = •	J 🗶 🖂 🖷 🐠	1 大田 • •
+ HDBT 5 >	•		0	Ø		
+ <u>HDBT 6</u> >	0				ø	8
- <u>HDMI7</u> >	- 0					,a
	video					
	audio					0

Figure 62: Routing Settings Page – HDBT 5 Output in the Breakaway Mode

Click  $\uparrow$  to return to the AFV mode. When routing the HDBT 5 input to HDBT 5 output, the audio source is MIC 1 once again.

## **Setting Analog Audio Input Port Parameters**

**VS-88UT** has eight stereo analog audio inputs: 1 to 4 are balanced inputs and 5 to 8 are unbalanced inputs.

Each of the balanced analog inputs (1 to 4) can also function as microphone inputs (MIC 1 to MIC 8); inputs 5 to 8 function as unbalanced analog inputs.



Figure 63: Port Settings – Analog Audio Input Ports

The following functions are available:

- <u>Setting the Input Volume</u> on page <u>47</u>.
- Changing the Analog Audio Port Settings on page 47.
- <u>Setting the Port to Analog Input or Two Microphones</u> on page <u>48</u>.
- Changing the Microphone Port Settings on page 50.

#### **Setting the Input Volume**

To set the input volume:

- Click ●. The volume slider window appears.
- 2. Set the volume (set to 0dB by default).

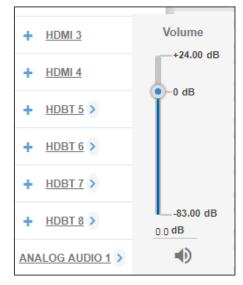


Figure 64: Port Settings –Setting Analog Audio Level

3. If required, click  $\triangleleft$  to mute the input.

#### **Changing the Analog Audio Port Settings**

To set the ANALOG AUDIO Port

1. Click ANALOG AUDIO.

The following window appears:

Input ANALOG A	AUDIO 2	×
Port label	ANALOG AUDIO 2	
Routing status	AUDIO OUT.HDMI.1, OUT.HDMI.2, OUT.HDMI.3, OUT.HDBT.5, OUT.ANALOG_AUDIO.2, OUT.AMPLIFIED_AUDIO.1	
	Cancel Save	
Volume		
0.0 dB 4 -83.00 dB	0 dB +24.00 dB	)

Figure 65: Routing Settings Page - Input ANALOG AUDIO Settings

- 2. Perform the following actions, as required:
  - Change the **Port Label** name.
  - View the Routing Status.
  - Set the Volume.
- 3. Click Save.

Setting the Port to Analog Input or Two Microphones

To set a port to function as an analog input or as two microphone inputs:

- 1. Click *inext* to the port name.
- 2. Set ANALOG AUDIO 1 (for example) to MIC 1 MIC 2 desired port.

ANALOG AUDIO 1	
ANALOG AUDIO 2	MIC 1 MIC 2

Figure 66: Port Settings – Selecting Analog Audio or Mic Input Ports

The ANALOG AUDIO 1 is replaced by MIC 1 and MIC 2 ports:

ANALOG AUDIO 2	•
ANALOG AUDIO 3	•
ANALOG AUDIO 4	•
ANALOG AUDIO 5	•
ANALOG AUDIO 6	•
ANALOG AUDIO 7	•
ANALOG AUDIO 8	•
MIC 1 >	•
MIC 2 >	•

Figure 67: Port Settings - Setting MIC Ports

In the same way ANALOG AUDIO 2 (MIC 3 and MIC 4), ANALOG AUDIO 3 (MIC 5 and MIC 6) and ANALOG AUDIO 4 (MIC 7 and MIC 8) can interchange.

To set a MIC port to function as an analog input:

- 1. Click Next to one of the MIC ports.
- 2. Set MIC 1 (for example) to ANALOG AUDIO 1.



Figure 68: Port Settings - Selecting MIC to ANALOG AUDIO

#### ANALOG AUDIO 1 is restored:

ANALOG AUDIO 1	۲
ANALOG AUDIO 2 >	۲
ANALOG AUDIO 3	•
ANALOG AUDIO 4	•
ANALOG AUDIO 5	•
ANALOG AUDIO 6	•
ANALOG AUDIO 7	۲
ANALOG AUDIO 8	•

Figure 69: Port Settings – Setting MIC Ports

**Changing the Microphone Port Settings** 

To change the MIC Port settings:

1. Click MIC.

The following window appears:

Input MIC 1			×
Port label	MIC 1		
Routing status	AUDIO OUT.ANALOG_AUDIO.1		
Microphone Type	Dynamic Condenser		
		Cancel	Save
Volume			
0.0 dB 4 -83.00 dB		0 dB +24.	)0 dB

Figure 70: Routing Settings Page - Input MIC Settings

Each setting (ANALOG or MIC) retains the switching state (followers are specific for the defined port).

- 2. Perform the following actions, as required:
  - Change the **Port Label** name.
  - View the **Routing Status**.
  - Set the **Microphone Type** to Dynamic or Condenser.
  - Set Microphone Volume.
- 3. Click Save.

## **Setting the HDMI and HDBT Output Parameters**



VS-88UT has six HDMI outputs (1 to 4 and 7 to 8) and two HDBT outputs (5 to 6); VS-84UT has two HDMI outputs (1 to 2) and two HDBT (3 to 4) outputs.

The green indication indicates a valid signal on the output.

HDMI 3	HDMI 4	HDBT 5	HDBT 6
🤳 ᄎ 🖾 💌 🐠	J 🙏 🖾 🖦 🔌	J 🙏 🖾 🖦 🐠	『 大 🖼 🖦 🐠

Figure 71: Port Settings - HDMI and HDBT Output Ports

The HDMI icons enable performing the following actions:

- Enabling audio only mode ( ): only audio is routed through the output (a black pattern screen is displayed and 5V cut off is disabled).
- Enabling/Disabling audio follow video (\$\mathcal{L}\$): both audio and video are routed through the output.
- Select a pattern to display on the output ( so or so if a pattern is selected).

If a pattern is selected on an output and an input is routed to that output, the pattern is disabled and the routed video signal appears on the output.

- Turn HDMI on or off (■ or 📉).
- Mute or unmute the audio signal (
   ↓).

The following functions are available:

- Changing the HDMI Output Port Settings on page 52.
- <u>Changing the HDBT Output Port Settings</u> on page <u>53</u>.

#### **Changing the HDMI Output Port Settings**

To set the HDMI output port:

1. Click HDMI.

The following window appears:

Output HDMI	3 •	×
Port label	HDMI 3	
Routing status	VIDEO AUDIO IN.HDMI.3 IN.HDMI.3	
AFV	ON OFF	]
Audio only	ON OFF	]
Video pattern	None	· ]
Auto switching	Manual	•
Priority	Input drag & drop to prioritize	
1	HDMI 1	
2	HDMI 2	
3	номі з	
4	HDMI 4	
	Cancel Save	

Figure 72: Routing Settings Page – Output HDMI Settings (Scroll down to view all inputs)

- 2. Perform the following actions, as required:
  - Change the **Port Label** name.
  - View the **Routing Status**.
  - Set AFV to ON or OFF.
  - Set Audio only to ON or OFF.
  - Select a Video Pattern.
  - Open the Auto Switching drop-down box and select Manual, Priority or Last Connected switching, see <u>Auto Switching Feature</u> on page <u>54</u>.
- 3. Click Save.

#### **Changing the HDBT Output Port Settings**

To set the HDBT output port:

1. Click HDBT.

The following window appears:

Output HDBT 5		×
Port label	HDBT 5	
Routing status	VIDEO AUDIO RS232 IR IN.HDBT.6 IN.HDBT.6 IN.HDBT.5, IN.HDBT.5 OUT.IR.5 USB IN.HDBT.5	
POE status	OFF *Configured in Global Settings	
AFV	OFF	
Audio only	ON OFF	
Video pattern	None •	
Auto switching	Manual	
	Priority Input drag & drop to prioritize	
	1 HDMI 1 X	
	2 HDMI 2	
	Cancel Save	

Figure 73: Routing Settings Page - HDBT Output Settings (Scroll down to view all inputs)

- 2. Perform the following actions, as required:
  - Change the Port Label name.
  - View the Routing Status.
  - View the POE status (see <u>POE Status</u> on page <u>42</u>).
  - Set AFV to ON or OFF.
  - Set Audio only to ON or OFF.
  - Check/uncheck AFV.
  - Select a Video Pattern.
  - Open the Auto Switching drop-down box and select Manual, Priority or Last Connected switching, see <u>Auto Switching Feature</u> on page <u>54</u>.
- 3. Click Save.

#### **Auto Switching Feature**

For HDMI and HDBT outputs set **Auto Switching** to **Manual** (the default), **Priority** or **Last Connected**.



In both Last Connected and Priority modes, when the input signal sync is lost (but the cable is not removed) there is a default delay (see <u>Defining Global Settings</u> on page <u>23</u>) before another input is automatically selected. When an input cable is removed, there is a delay before automatic switching takes place.

In the Manual mode Video Lost timeouts are disabled.

#### To use Auto Switching:

- 1. Open the HDMI/HDBT settings window.
- 2. If Auto Switching is set to Priority or Last Connected, you can do the following:
  - Drag and drop an input to set the priority order:

Αı

o Swito	hing	Priority	•
I	Priority	Input drag & drop to order	
	1	HDMI 2	×
	2	HDMI 3	×
	3		<b>×</b>
	4		×
	5	HDBT 5	×
	6	HDBT 6	×
	7	HDBT 7	×
	8	HDBT 8	×
(	Add an i	nput	•
		Cancel	Save

Figure 74: Routing Settings Page - Priority Setup

Delete input/s to exclude them from the priority list.
 To add a deleted input, click Add an Input drop-down list and select the input/s.

Auto Switching		Last Connected	•	
	Priority	Input drag & drop to order		
	1	HDMI 1	×	
	2	HDMI 2	×	
	3	HDMI 3	×	
	4	HDBT 7	×	
	Add an i	nput	•	

Figure 75: Routing Settings Page - HDMI/HDBT Priority List

3. Click Save.

Priority and Last Connected settings are indicated in the **Routing Settings** page as follows:

- The priority order numbers appear under output HDBT 6.
- Last Connected (LC) appears under outputs HDMI 3 and HDBT 5 (where input HDMI 3 was removed from the Last Connected list)

Outputs	HDMI 1	HDMI 2	HDMI 3	HDMI 4	HDBT 5	HDBT 6	HDMI 7
Inputs	√ <u>↑</u> ⊠ ■ ●)	<b>δ 1 ⊠</b> ■ ●	<b>δ 1 ⊠</b> ■ ●	√ <u>↑</u> ⊠ ■ •)		√ <u>↑</u> ⊠ ■ •0	√ <u>↑</u> ⊠ ■ •)
+ <u>HDMI 1</u>	0	Ø	<b>C</b>		<b>C</b>	<b>2</b>	
+ HDMI 2			<b>6</b> 1		<b>a</b> (	0 6	
+ <u>HDMI 3</u>				8		8	<b>⊘</b>
+ <u>HDMI4</u>			67 (		<b>a</b> (	4	
+ HDBT 5 >					0 6	6	

Figure 76: Routing Settings Page - Using Auto Switching

## **Setting Analog and Amplified Audio Output Parameters**

VS-88UT has two analog (1 to 2) outputs and one amplified audio output.

ANALOG AUDIO	ANALOG AUDIO	AMPLIFIED
1	2	AUDIO 1
()	•	۰

Figure 77: Port Settings - Audio Outputs

#### To set an audio output:

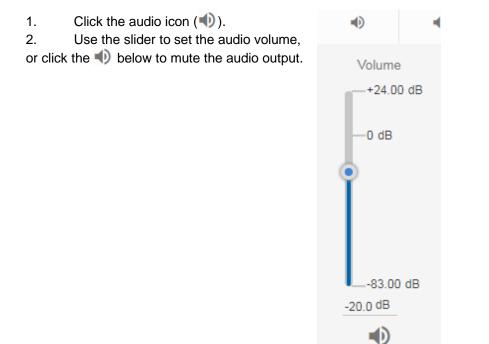


Figure 78: Audio Settings

### **Setting RS-232 and Step-in Routing**

You can set HDBT ports to either RS-232 data tunneling or Step-in modes via the RS-232 Routing Matrix page.

Setting and Routing the RS-232 Ports

RS-232 commands can be routed between HDBT inputs, HDBT outputs and the RS-232 DATA port (27).

To route RS-232 signals:

- 1. Click Routing Settings page. The Routing Matrix page opens.
- 2. Click **RS232**. The RS-232 Routing page appears.
- 3. Click a white routing button within the matrix. For example:
  - To route RS-232 signals between input HDBT 7 and RS-232 DATA, click the routing button connecting them in the matrix.
  - To tunnel RS-232 signals between HDBT 6 and HDBT 5, click the routing button connecting them in the matrix.

Routing Matrix Presets & Settings								
AUDIO / V	AUDIO / VIDEO RS232 IR USB							
	Outputs	HDBT 5	HDBT 6	RS-232-DATA <u>R8232 1</u>	STEPIN 5	STEPIN 6	STEPIN 7	STEPIN 8
Inputs		J 🙏 🖾 🖿 🐠	J 🙏 🖾 ■ 🐠					
HDBT 5	•				0			
HDBT 6	•	0						
HDBT 7	•			0				
HDBT 8	•							0
RS-232-DA RS232 1	TA	•						

Figure 79: Routing Settings Page – RS-232 Routing

Click <u>**RS-232 1**</u> on Inputs or Outputs to view the RS-232 routing status and change the port label (see also <u>Changing HDMI Input Port Settings</u> on page <u>35</u> and <u>Changing the HDBT</u> <u>Output Port Settings</u> on page <u>53</u>).

#### Setting the Step-in Status on the HDBT Ports

You can activate the Step-in mode for each of the HDBT input ports on the **VS-88UT** so that input signals from Step-in compatible switchers that are connected to the HDBT input ports on the device can be routed to the outputs by pressing the STEP-IN button on the switchers.

To activate Step-in on the HDBT input ports:

- 1. Click **Routing Settings** page. The Routing Matrix page opens.
- 2. Click RS232. The RS-232 Routing page appears.
- 3. Click a white routing button within the matrix to activate Step-in.
  - For example, to activate the HDBT 8 input, click the routing button connecting STEPIN 8 and the HDBT8 in the matrix.
- Click <u>HDBT 8</u> to open the HDBT 8 settings page and select the outputs to which the input signal will be routed (see <u>Changing HDBT/HDMI and HDBT</u> Port Settings on page <u>41</u>).

## **Setting and Routing IR Ports**

IR commands can be routed between HDBT inputs, HDBT outputs, IR inputs (5 to 6) and IR outputs (5 to 8).

To route IR commands, click a white routing button within the matrix. For example, to route IR commands between input HDBT 6 and HDBT 5, click the routing button connecting them in the matrix:

AUDIO / VIDEO	RS232	IR		USB	)	
Outputs	HDBT 5	HDBT 6	<u>IR 5</u>	<u>IR 6</u>	<u>IR 7</u>	<u>IR 8</u>
Inputs	る 大 ◎◎	「大國				
HDBT 5			0			
HDBT 6	0					
HDBT 7					0	
HDBT 8						0
<u>IR 5</u>						
<u>IR 6</u>		0				

Figure 80: Routing Settings Page - IR Routing

IR 5 to IR 8 (in the Outputs row) enable connecting an external IR sensor/emitter to send/receive IR signals (5, 6, 7 and 8) via HDBT inputs 5, 6, 7 and 8 respectively.

IR 5 and IR 6 (in the Inputs column) enable connecting an external IR sensor/emitter to send/receive IR signals (5 and 6) via HDBT outputs 5 and 6, respectively.

Click IR inputs or outputs to view the IR routing status and change the port label (see also <u>Changing HDMI Input Port Settings</u> on page <u>35</u> and <u>Changing the HDBT Output Port Settings</u> on page <u>53</u>).

## **Setting and Routing the USB Ports**

USB data can be routed between HDBT inputs, HDBT outputs and the USB Type-A hubs (29) and USB-Type-B ports (30).

To route USB data:

• Click a white routing button within the matrix. For example, to route USB data between input HDBT 6 and USB Type-A1 hub, click the routing button connecting them in the matrix:

AUDIO / VIDEO	RS232	IR		USB
Outputs	HDBT 5	HDBT 6	USB Type- A1	USB Type- A2
Inputs	נֿג® ■ ●	ずた ■●●		
HDBT 5	0			
HDBT 6			0	
HDBT 7				
HDBT 8				
USB Type- B1		0		
USB Type- B2				0

Figure 81: Routing Settings Page - USB Routing

Click an input, output or USB heading to view the USB routing status and other settings.

Click USB Type B on inputs or USB Type A on outputs to view the USB routing status and change the port label (see also <u>Changing HDMI Input Port Settings</u> on page <u>35</u> and <u>Changing the HDBT Output Port Settings</u> on page <u>53</u>).

## **Managing EDID**

The EDID page lets you read the EDID from:

- Any of the inputs.
- Any of the outputs.
- The default EDID.

You can also load a customized EDID file from your PC.

The selected EDID can be copied to the selected input/s.



View the currently selected EDID source Bytemap by clicking **Bytemap** on the right side.

To copy an EDID from an output to an input:

1. In the Navigation pane, click EDID. The EDID Management page appears.

EDID Management						
Select an EDID card in the read from section and	d one or multiple EDID card(s) in	n the Copy to	section			
Read from				Copy to	D	
Input	>		Un/Select All			
Output	>		Input 1 VS-88UT	Input 2 VS-88UT		
Default	~		1280x720 Audio	1280x720 Audio		
Default VS-88UT 1290x720 Audio 256		Сору	Input 3           VS-88UT           1280x720           Audio           Input 5           VS-88UT           1280x720           Audio           Input 7           VS-88UT           1280x720           Audio	256 <b>Input 4</b> VS-88UT 1280x720 Audio 256 <b>Input 6</b> VS-88UT 1280x720 Audio 256 <b>VS-8UT</b> 1280x720 Audio 256	256	Bytemap
File						

Figure 82: EDID Management Page

2. Select the EDID source (for example, one of the inputs).

i

If you are reading EDID from an output, make sure that that output is connected to an acceptor.

	Read from			Copy to	
Input		~		Un/Select All	
Input 1 VS-88UT 1280x720 Audio	Input 2           VS-88UT           1280x720           Audio	256		Input 1         Input 2           VS-88UT         VS-88UT           1280x720         1280x720           Audio         Audio           256         256	
Input 3 VS-88UT 1280x720 Audio	Input 4 VS-88UT 1280x720 Audio 256	256		Input 3         Input 4           VS-88UT         VS-88UT           1280x720         1280x720           Audio         Audio	(
Input 5 VS-88UT 1280x720 Audio	Input 6           VS-88UT           1280x720           Audio           256	256	Сору	256         256           Input 5         Input 6           VS-88UT         VS-88UT           1280x720         1280x720           Audio         256         256	
Output		>		Input 7 Input 8	
Default		>		VS-88UT VS-88UT 1280x720 1280x720 Audio Audio	
File	e modification data			256256	

Figure 83: EDID Management Page - Select an EDID Input (Read From)

3. Select the input/s (or all the inputs) to which the EDID is copied.

EDID Management Select an EDID card in the read from section and	d one or multiple EDID card(s) ir	the Copy to section	
Read from		Copy to	
Input	~	Un/Select All	
Input 1         Input 2           VS-88UT         1280x720           Audio         256           Input 3         Input 4           VS-88UT         1280x720           Audio         256           Input 3         Input 4           VS-88UT         1280x720           Audio         256           Input 5         Input 6           VS-88UT         1280x720           Audio         256           Input 5         Input 6           VS-88UT         1280x720           Audio         256	256	Input 1         Input 2           VS-88UT         VS-88UT           1280x720         1280x720           Audio         256           Input 3         Input 4           VS-88UT         1280x720           Audio         256           Input 3         Input 4           VS-88UT         1280x720           Audio         256           Input 5         Input 6           VS-88UT         1280x720           Audio         256           Input 5         Input 6           VS-88UT         1280x720           Audio         Audio	256 256
Output	256	256 Input 7 Input 8 VS-88UT VS-68UT 1280x720 1280x720 Audio Audio	256
Default         File         ✓ Prevent device modification data	>	256	256

Figure 84: EDID Management Page – Select the Inputs (Copy To)

#### 4. Click COPY.

The Input 2 EDID is copied to the selected inputs.

	Kramer VS-88UT Controller	<b>≗</b> ×
ំំំំំំំំំ	EDID Management Select an EDID card in the <i>read from</i> section and one or multiple EDID card	d(s) in the <i>Copy to</i> section
îţî	Read from	Copy to
4	Input ~	Un/Select All
۰,	Input 1         Input 2           VS=88UT         VS=88UT           1280x720         1280x720           Audio         Audio	Input 1         Input 2           Input 3         S-68UT         VS-88UT           VS-68UT         vdio         Audio
	256 256 1001 3	1280x720 Audio 256 256 256 put 3 input 4
í	V-S-88UT 1280x720 Audio 256 j.6256 256 j.6256	VS-68UT VS-68UT 1280x720 Audio Audio
	Input 5         Input 6         256           VS-88UT         VS-88UT         1280x720           Audio         Audio         256	Input 5         Input 6           Copy         VS-88UT         VS-88UT           1280x720         1280x720         Audio           256         256         256
	Output >	Input 7 Input 8 VS-88UT VS-88UT
	Default >	1280x720 1280x720 Audio Audio 256 256
	File  Prevent device modification data	

Figure 85: EDID Page - EDID Copied

The following message appears:

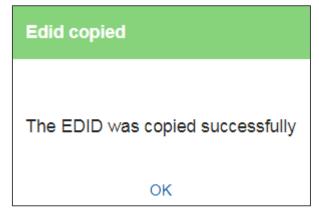


Figure 86: EDID Management Page - EDID Copy Success

5. Click **OK**.

To read the EDID from the default EDID:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **EDID**. The EDID Management page appears.
- 2. Click Default.
- 3. Select the input/s (or all the inputs) to which the default EDID is copied.
- 4. Click Copy and follow the instructions on-screen.

To load a customized EDID file:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **EDID**. The EDID Management page appears.
- 2. In the File area click ....
- 3. Select the EDID file.
- 4. Select the input/s (or all the inputs) to which the EDID is copied.
- 5. Click **Copy** and follow the instructions on-screen.

# **Controlling Devices via the Controller**

You can control a large number of peripheral devices via the **VS-88UT** room controller section (VS-88UT-RC) via Kramer **K-Config 3**. See <u>Room Controller Functionality</u> on page <u>6</u>.

Use the Controller page to:

- Controlling Devices via the Controller on page 64.
- <u>Activating Macros</u> on page <u>72</u>.
- <u>Scheduling Macros</u> on page <u>73</u>.
- <u>Setting the Date and Time</u> on page <u>75</u>.

By default, the Controller page is empty, since a configuration is not yet synced to the device.

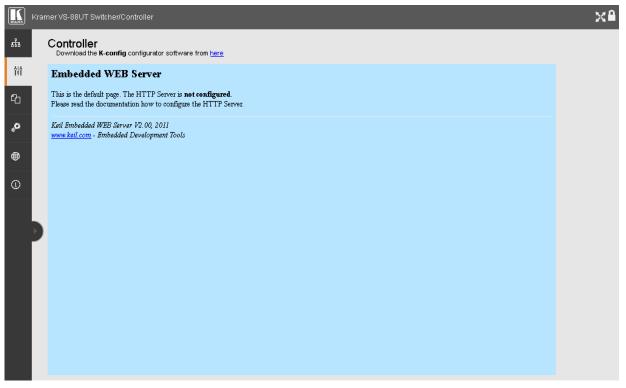


Figure 87: Controller Page – Default Page

To activate the Controller page:

- Click here to download K-Config 3.
- Create a room controller configuration via K-Config 3 and then sync the configuration to the device (see <u>Room Controller Configuration via K-Config 3</u> on page <u>65</u>).

## **Room Controller Configuration via K-Config 3**

Download the latest version of **K-Config 3** from our website at www.kramerav.com/downloads/VS-88UT.



If you are new to **K-Config 3**, go to <u>www.kramerav.com/downloads/VS-88UT</u> to download the **K-Config 3** user manual.

In order to access **K-Config 3** via the Controller page, connect it to the network via TCP connection.

To create the room controller configuration:

1. In K-CONFIG, select VS-88UT-RC as the master device.

KRAMER K-CON	FIG - NewProje	ect *									
File Device Windows	s Help										
	Connect		TCP: 192.168	.1.39, 5	5000	Statu	is: Off	ine			
Project Navigator			-	×	Trig	gers					
+ -		🗸 Sho	w unused poi	rts	•	- 1	Ū 🔺	T	G Í	1	
Control Room	ADD MASTER	R DEVI	CE								
Device View	RC-76M RC-76R RC-78R SL-1 SL-10 SL-12 SL-14RC SL-14RC SL-14RCN SL-1N SV-551 SV-552 Virtual-Master VP-31KSI VS-622DT VS-622DT VS-622DT VS-622DT VS-620T VS-88UT-RC WP-500 WP-501		01	К		Cance			• ;	×	Ac

Figure 88: Controller Page – Select Master Device via K-CONFIG

2. Click **OK**.

VS-88UT-RC is added as the Master controller with all its physical ports and virtual Ethernet ports.

- 3. Configure the ports and add peripheral devices, commands and macros as needed.
- 4. Save the project in K-CONFIG.
- 5. In the **Windows** menu, select **Web Settings** and make sure that **Upload Web Access Pages to Device** is checked.

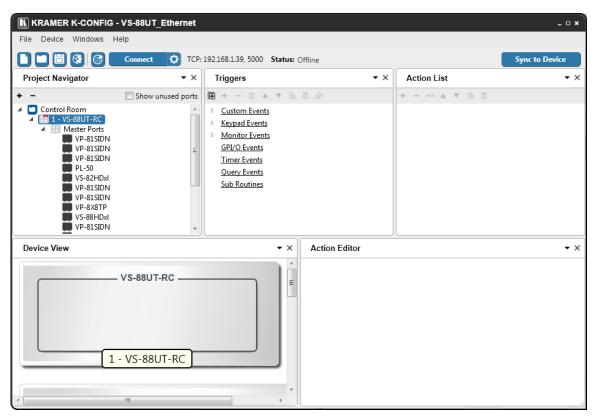


Figure 89: Controller Page – K-CONFIG Project

- 6. Connect the **VS-88UT** to your PC (via Ethernet).
- 7. Click **Connect** in **K-CONFIG**. The following message appears:

		×
Login type		
○ USER		
ADMIN		
Password		
	Login Cancel	

Figure 90: Controller Page - Login

8. Type-in the VS-88UT webpage password for ADMIN (Admin, by-default).

#### 9. Click Login.

K-CONFIG status displays Online.

10. Click Sync to Device.

The following message appears:



Figure 91: Controller Page - Writing to the Device

11. Click Yes.

This process may take a few minutes to complete.

- 12. Refresh the VS-88UT webpage.
- 13. In the Navigation pane, click Controller. The Log in window appears:

Log in		
Login type	User	Admin
Password		
		Login

Figure 92: Controller Page – Log In Window

- 14. Set the Login type (Admin or User). For Admin, enter the password (Admin, by default).
- 15. Click Login.

The **Controller** page appears (see Figure 93).

If the Controller page does not load correctly (see <u>Figure 87</u>), you need to delete cached images and files and the refresh the Controller page.

## **Controlling Devices**

Devices that are connected to the **VS-88UT** room controller area are controlled via the **Controller** page once the configuration is uploaded.

The device menu enables:

- <u>Controlling a Peripheral Device</u> on page <u>68</u>.
- <u>Controlling an Auxiliary Device</u> on page <u>70</u>.
- <u>Controlling a Virtual Device</u> on page <u>71</u>.

## **Controlling a Peripheral Device**

 In the Controller page, click **Devices**. The Device menu appears:

Controller			
Devices	Device menu		
Devices         Macros         Scheduled tasks         Date & Time Settings	VS-88UT-RC RC-74DL VDevice with knob	KWET ID: 31 K-NET ID: 32 K-NET ID: 11	VS-88UT-RC

Figure 93: Controller Page – Device Menu

In this example, the Device menu list shows the room controller section (VS-88UT-RC), an auxiliary device (Kramer **RC-74DL**) and a virtual device.

2. Click 軠 next to VS-88UT-RC to view the devices connected to the room controller:

Controller			
Devices	Device menu		
	E 🚦 VS-88UT-RC	K-NET ID: 01	
Macros	KX VP-31KSi		
	VP-81SIDN		V5-88UT-RC
Scheduled tasks	KX VP-81SIDN		
	VP-81SIDN		
Date & Time Settings	KX PL-50		
	KX VS-82HDxl		
	KX VP-81SIDN		
	KX VP-81SIDN		
	VP-8X8TP		
	KX VS-88HDxl		
	KN VP-81SIDN		
	×× VS-62D		
	VP-4X4K		
	KX VP-770		
	** VP-771		
	🙀 RC-74DL	K-NET ID: 02	
	VDevice with knob	K-NET ID: 11	

Figure 94: Controller Page – Peripheral Device List

3. Click a device to control it, for example, VS-81SIDN:

Controller			
Devices	Device menu		
Maaraa	E 📑 VS-88UT-RC	K-NET ID: 01	Volume
Macros	KX VP-31KSi		Device Specific
Scheduled tasks	<> VP-81SIDN		
Scheduled tasks	VP-81SIDN		
Date & Time Settings	VP-81SIDN		
Jale & Time Settings	KN PL-50		
	VS-82HDxl		
	KX VP-81SIDN		
	KX VP-81SIDN		
	** VP-8X8TP		
	KX VS-88HDxl		
	VP-81SIDN		
	VS-82D VP-4X4K		
	VP-4X4K		
	KE VP-771		
	🙀 RC-74DL	K-NET ID: 02	
	VDevice with knob	K-NET ID: 11	
		-	

Figure 95: Controller Page – Controlling a Peripheral Device

4. Expand the command types:

Controller						
Devices	Device menu					
Macros Scheduled tasks	VS-88UT-RC     VP-31KSi     VP-81SIDN	K-NET ID: 01	∠ Vol_Up	Vol Vol_Down	ume Vol_Mute_On	Vol_Mute_Off
	VP-81SIDN			Device	Specific	
Date & Time Settings	KX PL-50 KX VS-82HDxl KX VP-81SIDN		TP1>TP Out	TP2>TP Out	TP3>TP Out	TP4>TP Out
	VP-81SIDN VP-8X8TP XX VS-88HDxl		DVI>TP Out TP3>HDM	HDMI>TP TP4>HDM	TP1->HDM TP5>HDM	TP2>HDM TP8>HDM
	KW VP-81SIDN KW VS-62D KW VP-4X4K KW VP-770		TP7->HDM Lock Panel	TP8>HDM Unlock Panel	DVI>HDM	HDMI>HD
	RC-74DL	K-NET ID: 02				
	VDevice with knob	K-NET ID: 11				

Figure 96: Controller Page – Peripheral Device Available Commands

The list of all the configured commands appears on the right-side of the page.

5. Click a command button.

The selected command is performed on the peripheral device.

## **Controlling an Auxiliary Device**

To control an auxiliary device:

- 1. In the Controller page, click **Devices**.
- 2. Click an Auxiliary device (**RC-74DL**). The Device menu appears:

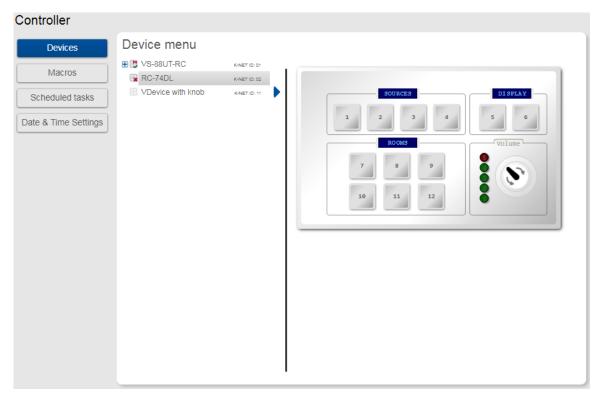


Figure 97: Controller Page - Controlling an Auxiliary Device

Click a room-controller device-button.
 The action list (as defined by K-Config 3) is performed.

### **Controlling a Virtual Device**

To control a virtual device:

- In the Controller page, click **Devices**. The Device menu appears:
- 2. Click a virtual device on the list (for example, VDevice with Knob). The virtual device appears:

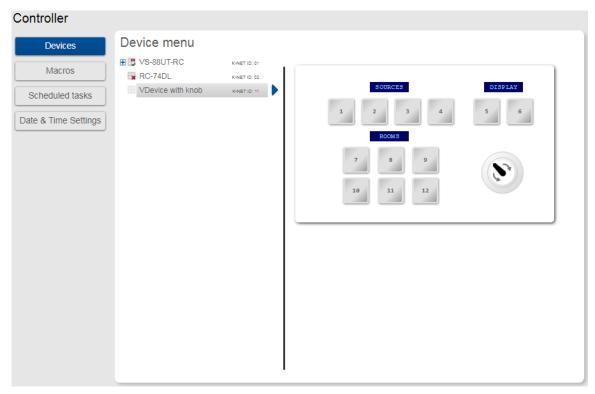


Figure 98: Controller Page - Controlling a Virtual Device

- Click a room-controller device-button.
   The action list (as defined by K-Config 3) is performed.
- 4. If desired, click the blue arrow next to the virtual device for a full-page view (enables a clearer view when the virtual device includes several sets of device controllers).

# **Activating Macros**

Macros include **All Off** and **All On** buttons (configured in **K-CONFIG**) to easily activate or deactivate the controlled room with the press of a button.

- 1. In the Controller page click Macros.
  - The Macros window appears:

Macros		
All Off	All On	

Figure 99: Controller Page – Macros Window

2. Click All On or All Off as required.

# **Scheduling Macros**

Scheduled tasks lets you schedule All on/All Off macros throughout the week.

 In the Controller page click Scheduled Tasks. The Scheduled Tasks window appears:

Controller								
Devices	Schedul	Scheduled tasks						
Macros		Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Scheduled tasks	00:00							
Date & Time Settings	01:00							
	02:00							
	03:00							
	04:00							
	05:00							
	06:00							
	07:00							
	08:00							
	09:00							
	10:00							
								Save

Figure 100: Controller Page – Scheduled Tasks

2. Hover over a day and time

Devices	Schedu	led tasks						
Macros		Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Scheduled tasks	05:00							
te & Time Settings	06:00							
	07:00							
	08:00							
	09:00	₹.						
	10:00	Add macr	0					
	11:00							
	12:00							
	13:00							
	14:00							

Figure 101: Controller Page – Selecting a Day and Time

### 3. Click 📑.

The Add Macro window appears:

ntroller								
Devices	Schedu	led tasks						
Macros		Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Scheduled tasks	05:00							
e & Time Settings	06:00							
	07:00							
	08:00							
	09:00	÷						
	10:00	Add macro Time:	o for: Monday 9 : 0	×				
	11:00	Macro:	All Off					
	12:00		Add					
	13:00							
	14:00							
			1					Save

Figure 102: Controller Page – Adding a Scheduled Task

4. Select a Macro (All On or All Off), set the exact activation time and click **Add**. The scheduled macro appears in the table:

Controller								
Devices	Schedu	led tasks						
Macros		Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
	08:00							
Scheduled tasks	09:00	09:20 - All On						
Date & Time Settings	10:00		10:00 - All On					
	11:00							
	12:00							
	13:00							
	14:00							
	15:00							
	16:00	18:00 - All Off						
	17:00		17:00 - All Off					
	18:00							
								Save

Figure 103: Controller Page – Scheduled Task Added

# **Setting the Date and Time**

Set the date and time in one of the following methods:

- Manually
- From a PC clock
- From a server address by clicking the IP address of the clock source, the time zone and checking DST if you are on Daylight Saving Time.

Controller		
Devices	Date & Time settings	)
Macros	Current	Tuesday 24/10/2017 14:12
Scheduled tasks	Set device date & time	
Date & Time Settings	Manual	24/10/2017 2:12 PM
	From PC clock	24/10/2017 14:12:51 Set
	From server address	0.0.0.0 Set
		Time-zone: 0 🗢 00 🔻 Set
		DST ON

Figure 104: Controller Page – Date and Time Settings

# **Configuring Device Automation**

Use the Automation page to access Kramer Maestro V1.5 room automation. Maestro is a powerful tool that enables you to configure single-trigger room element automation scenarios without the need for complicated programming. To use room automation, you need to define triggers that, upon an event, will execute scripts which include a sequence of actions (commands, which can appear in different scenarios) that will be carried out via any defined ports.

Download the Kramer Maestro User Manual from the Kramer web site at <u>www.kramerav.com/downloads/VS-88UT</u> to learn how to use Kramer Maestro.



Note that all the ports, actions and triggers that are relevant to **VS-88UT** are included in the Kramer Maestro, as well as ports, actions and triggers that are relevant to other Kramer devices.



The Panel tab in the Automation page is currently unavailable.

### To access Kramer Maestro:

1. In the Navigation pane, click Automation. The Maestro page appears.

Maestro	
Automation Panel	Google Play
Room Automation	Cancel Save All
► Ports	
► Actions	Select an item to edit
► Scripts	
▶ Triggers	

### Figure 105: Automation Page

2. Configure the ports, actions, scripts and triggers as described in the Kramer Maestro User Manual.

Once the triggers are defined the trigger activates the scripts configured in the automation page. For example, when using the Scheduling trigger, you can activate a series of actions following a preset schedule.

# **Changing the Device Settings**

The Settings Web page shows the device details such as name and firmware version and also enables performing the following functions:

- Clicking Restart to restart the device.
- <u>Resetting to Factory Default Parameters</u> on page 78.
- Changing the Device Name by typing the new name and saving it.
- <u>Performing Firmware Upgrade</u> on page <u>83</u>.
- <u>Setting the Date and Time on page 84</u>.

## **Resetting to Factory Default Parameters**

1. In the Navigation pane, click **Settings**. The General tab in the Settings page appears:

Settings		Q	Restart	Factory reset			
¢ General	Communication	Lupgra	ade	Time And Date			
Device Name Model		VS-88UT-1 VS-88UT	I				
Firmware version		02.01.0007					
Security	ronerties			ON OFF			
Current Password							
New Password							
Confirm Password	I						
	S	ave					

Figure 106: Settings Page

2. Click Factory reset.

The following message appears:



Figure 107: Settings Page - Factory Reset Message

3. Click Yes and follow the online instructions.

## **Setting Authentication**

By default, the Web pages are secured (username and password are both: Admin).

To access web pages without using the password:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click Settings. The General tab in the Settings page appears:
- Slide the Security switch to OFF. The following message appears:

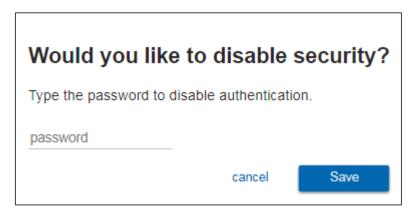


Figure 108: Password Settings Page - Disabling Authentication

Type the password and click Save.
 The device settings page no longer shows the authentication details:

Settings		Q	Restart	Factory reset
Ç General	Communication	Upgra		Time And Date
Device Name		VS-88UT-1	1	
Model	VS-88UT			
Firmware version		02.01.0007		
Security				ON OFF
	Sa	ave		

Figure 109: Password Settings Page – Security Deactivated

To access Web pages using the password:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Settings**. The General tab in the Settings page appears:
- 2. Slide the security switch to **ON**. The following message appears:



Figure 110: Password Settings Page – Activating Security

3. Click **Ok** and add the password details.

Settings		ტ	Restart	Factory reset
¢ General	Communication	<b></b> ↓ Upgrade		Time And Date
Device Name		VS-88UT-1		C
Model		VS-88UT		
Firmware version		02.01.0007		
Security	roperties			ON OFF
Current Password				
New Password				
Confirm Password	i			
	s	ave		

Figure 111: Settings Page – Security Activation Message

4. Click **Save**. The following message appears:



Figure 112: Settings Page – Password Updated

5. Click OK.

## **Changing the Ethernet Settings**

The Communication tab shows the device details, such as IP Address, Mask, MAC address and so on, and enables changing them.

To change the Ethernet settings:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Settings**. The General tab in the Settings page appears.
- 2. Select the Communication tab:

Settings		<b>එ</b> Restart	Factory reset
<b>C</b> eneral	Communication	Upgrade	Time And Date
DHCP	ON	OFF	
IP Address	<b>192</b> 168	1 39 ]	
Mask	255 255	0 0	
Gateway	<b>192</b> 168	0 [ 1 ]	
Primary DNS	[0]0]	0 [ 0 ]	
Secondary DNS	0 0	0 0 ]	
Mac address	ec-24-b8-d1-5	if-b6	
TCP port	5000		
	Sa	ive	

Figure 113: Settings Page – Communication Tab

- 3. If DHCP is set to OFF, change any of the parameters (IP Address, Netmask and/or Gateway).
- 4. If required, change the TCP port number.
- 5. Click Save.

After changing the IP address, reload the Web page with the new IP address.

If DHCP is checked, reload the Web page with the new IP address (see below).

To set parameters when DHCP is set to ON:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click Settings. The General tab in the Settings page appears.
- 2. Select the Communication tab.
- 3. Take note of the Device Name (you will need it later).
- 4. Set DHCP to ON.
- 5. Click Save.
- 6. Type the device name in the address bar of your browser to reload the page. You can read the new IP address from the Network Settings page.

### **Performing Firmware Upgrade**

To perform firmware upgrade:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click Settings. The General tab in the Settings page appears.
- 2. Select the Upgrade tab.

Settings		එ Restart	Factory reset
<b>©</b> General	Communication	Upgrade	Time And Date
Firmware version	02.01.0007		
Update Firmware	Upgrade		

Figure 114: [Figure Caption]

3. Click **Upgrade** and select the new firmware file. The following message appears:

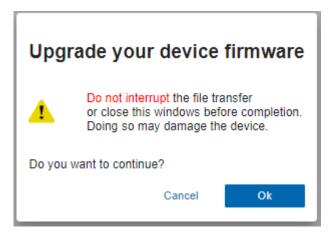


Figure 115: Device Settings Page – Firmware Upgrade Message

### 4. Click **OK**.

Wait for completion of the upgrade process:

Firmware up	ograde		
UP	1	2	3
	LOADING FILE	UPDATING FIRMWARE	RESTARTING DEVICE

Figure 116: Device Settings Page – Firmware Upgrade Process

5. Wait for the device to restart.

## **Setting the Date and Time**

To set the time and date:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Settings**. The General tab in the Settings page appears.
- 2. Select the Time and Date tab.

Settings		එ Restar	Factory reset
<b>Q</b> General	Communication	Upgrade	Time And Date
Server Status Device Date	Unreachable	015 17:49	
Time Zone	(GMT+00:00)	) Greenwic 🔻	
Use Time Server (	NTP) YES	NO	
Time Server Addre	ess a d		
	Sa	ive	

Figure 117: Time and Date

- 3. Set the following:
  - Device Date
  - Time Zone
- 4. If required, use time server (disables setting device date) and set the time server address.
- 5. Click Save.

# **Viewing the About Page**

The **VS-88UT** About page lets you view the Web page version and Kramer Electronics Ltd details.



Figure 118: About Page

# **Technical Specifications**

Inputs	Matrix				
	VS-88UT				
	4 HDMI	On female HDMI connectors			
	4 HDBT/4 HDMI (Selectable)	On RJ-45/female HDMI connectors			
	4 Unbalanced Stereo Audio	On 3.5mm mini jacks			
	4 Balanced Stereo Audio/8 Balanced Mic (Selectable)	On 5-pin/3-pin terminal block connectors			
	4 IR	On 3.5mm mini jacks for IR tunneling via HDBT			
	VS-84UT				
	6 HDMI	On female HDMI connectors			
	2 HDBT	On RJ-45 connectors			
	4 Unbalanced Stereo Audio	On 3.5mm mini jacks			
	4 Balanced Stereo Audio/8 Balanced Mic (Selectable)	On 5-pin/3-pin terminal block connectors			
	2 IR	On 3.5mm mini jacks for IR tunneling via HDBT			
	Controller				
	2 IR	On 3.5mm mini jacks			
Outputs	Matrix				
	VS-88UT				
	6 HDMI	On female HDMI connectors			
	2 HDBT	On RJ-45 female connectors			
	2 Balanced Stereo Audio	On 5-pin terminal block connectors			
	1 Stereo Speaker Output, 2x50W into 4Ω	On a 4-pin terminal block connector			
	2 IR	On 3.5mm mini jacks for IR tunneling via HDBT			
	VS-84UT				
	2 HDMI	On female HDMI connectors			
	2 HDBT	On RJ-45 female connectors			
	2 Balanced Stereo Audio	On 5-pin terminal block connectors			
	1 Stereo Speaker Output, 2x50W into $4\Omega$	On a 4-pin terminal block connector			
	2 IR	On 3.5mm mini jacks for IR tunneling via HDBT			
Ports	Matrix				
	1 RS-232	On a 3-pin terminal block for serial tunneling via HDBT			
	1 RS-232	On a 3-pin terminal block for device control			
	4 USB (2+2)	On female USB-A connectors for USB link extension			
	2 USB	On female USB-B connectors for USB link extension			
	ETH Control	On a RJ-45 female connector			
	ETH Data 1G	On an RJ-45 female connector			
	1 100BaseT Ethernet	On an RJ-45 female connector for device control and LAN extension			

Devite	O sea fa s II s a	
Ports	Controller	
	1 K-NET 5mm Mini-jack (For Learning).	On a 4-pin terminal block connector
	1 RS-485	On a 3-pin terminal block connector
	4 RS-232	On 3-pin terminal block connectors
	8 Relays	On 2-pin terminal block connectors (36V AC or DC, 2A, 60VAC maximum on non-inductive load)
	4 GPI/O	On 2-pin terminal blocks
	1 Mini USB	Connector for programming services
Extension	4K @60Hz (4:2:0)	Up to 100m (330ft)
Reach	Full HD (1080p @60Hz 36bpp)	Up to 130m (430ft)
	HDBaseT Ultra Mode and Full HD (1080p @60Hz 24bpp)	Up to 180m (590ft)
	Compliance	HDBaseT 2.0
Controls	ON	LED indicator
	STATUS	LED indicator
	Controller	
	K-NET Termination	Switch (down for termination)
	RS-485 Terminator	Switch (down for termination
	PROG	Switch (down for programming)
Video	Max Bandwidth	10.2Gbps (3.4Gbps per graphic channel)
	Max Resolution	4K @60Hz (4:2:0) 24bpp resolution
	Compliance	HDMI and HDCP 1.4
Analog Audio	Max Level	1 Vrms
, malog , laalo	THD + NOISE	0.03% @1kHz at nominal level
Extended	Host Compliance	1.1 and 2.0
USB	Max Extended Line Rate Bandwidth	127Mbps (out of max 480 USB)
	Max Devices	7
	Max Hubs	2
	Max Ports per Hub	8
Extended Ethernet	Max Transmission Bandwidth	100Mbps
Extended RS-232	Baud Rate	300 to 57600
Control RS-232	Baud Rate	115200
Supported PC Web Browsers	Windows 7 and Higher	Internet Explorer (32/64 bit) version 10 Firefox version 30 Chrome version 35
	MAC	Chrome version 35 Firefox version 30 Safari version 7
	Optimal Resolution	1920x1080
	Minimal Resolution	1024 x 768
Power	Consumption	VS-88UT: 250VA VS-84UT: 200VA
	Source	100-240V AC, 50/60Hz
Environmental	Operating Temperature	0° to +40°C (32° to 104°F)
Conditions	Storage Temperature	-40° to +70°C (-40° to 158°F)

Regulatory	Safety	CE, UL	
Compliance	Environmental	RoHs, WEEE	
Enclosure	Size	19", 19", 2U, rack mountable	
	Туре	Aluminum	
	Cooling	Fan ventilation	
General	Net Dimensions (W, D, H)	43.7cm x 30.6cm x 8.8cm (17.2" x 12" x 3.5")	
	Shipping Dimensions (W, D, H)	52.6cm x 47.5cm x 18.4cm (20.7" x 18.7" x 7.2")	
	Net Weight	3.9kg (8.6lbs)	
	Shipping Weight	5.4kg (11.9lbs) approx.	
Accessories	Included	Power cord	
	Optional	For optimum range and performance use the recommended USB, Ethernet, serial and IR Kramer cables available at <u>www.kramerav.com/product/VS-88UT</u>	
Specifications	are subject to change without	notice at <u>www.kramerav.com</u>	

# **Default Communication Parameters**

RS-232					
Protocol 3000					
Baud Rate:	115200	Stop Bits:	1		
Data Bits:	8	Parity:	None		
Example (Set the vo input 5 to 10dB):	blume on analog audio	#X-AUD-LVL IN.ANALOG AUDIO.5.AUDIO.1,10			
TCP/IP Parameters					
IP Address:	192.168.1.39	UDP Port #:	50000		
Subnet mask:	255.255.000.000	Maximum UDP Connections:	Unlimited		
Default gateway:	192.168.0.1	Maximum TCP Connections:	70 (Web client not connected)		
TCP Port #:	5000	Maximum TCP Connections:	10 (Web client connected)		
Full Factory Reset					
Protocol 3000 Use "#FACTORY" command and use "#RESET" to restore the factory defaul values.					

# **Protocol 3000**

Kramer devices can be operated using Kramer Protocol 3000 commands sent via serial or Ethernet ports.

# **Understanding Protocol 3000**

Protocol 3000 commands are a sequence of ASCII letters, structured according to the following.

Command format:

Prefix	Command Name	Constant (Space)	Parameter(s)	Suffix
#	Command	-	Parameter	<cr></cr>

• Feedback format:

Prefix	Device ID	Constant	Command Name	Parameter(s)	Suffix
~	nn	Ø	Command	Parameter	<cr><lf></lf></cr>

- **Command parameters** Multiple parameters must be separated by a comma (,). In addition, multiple parameters can be grouped as a single parameter using brackets ([ and ]).
- **Command chain separator character** Multiple commands can be chained in the same string. Each command is delimited by a pipe character (|).
- **Parameters attributes** Parameters may contain multiple attributes. Attributes are indicated with pointy brackets (<...>) and must be separated by a period (.).

The command framing varies according to how you interface with the **VS-88UT**. The following figure displays how the # command is framed using terminal communication software (such as Hercules):

Hercules SETUP utility by HW-group.com				×
JDP Setup Serial TCP Client TCP Server UDP Test Mode About				
eceived/Sent data				
Jonnecting to 192.168.110.54 Jonnected to 192.168.110.54 ∼010 OK	Module IP 192.168.11 Ping TEA author TEA key 1: 0102	ization	Port 5000 X Discor	nnect
	2: 0506	on code	: 000E0F	10 @
	🗆 NVT di		est data	
Send	Redirect	to UDP		
## <cr></cr>	Send		Ugro	
E HEX	Send		HW-group. es SETUP (	
E HEX	Send	· · · ·	/ersion 3	2.8

## **Protocol 3000 Commands**

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

This table describes the **VS-88UT** protocol commands. Note that this protocol is the same for **VS-84UT** except for the number of inputs and outputs. For example, in the Display command output can be set from 1 to 8 for **VS-88UT** and from 1 to 4 for **VS-84UT**.

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
#	Protocol handshaking.	COMMAND		# <cr></cr>
		# <cr></cr>		
	(i) Validates the Protocol 3000 connection and gets	FEEDBACK		
	the machine number.	~nn@_OK <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Step-in master products use this command to			
	identify the availability of			
	a device.			
AV-SW- TIMEOUT	Set auto switching	COMMAND	action – 0- Video signal lost.	Set the auto switching timeout to 5 seconds in the event of 5V
TIMEOUT	timeout.	#AV-SW-TIMEOUT_action,time_out <cr></cr>	1 – New video signal detected.	disable when no input signal is
		FEEDBACK	4 – Disable 5V on video output if no	detected:
		~nn@AV-SW-TIMEOUT_action,time_out <cr><lf></lf></cr>	input signal detected	#AV-SW-TIMEOUT_4,5 <cr></cr>
			5- Video cable unplugged.	
			7 – Video signal lost for signal routed as a result of a manual	
			override action.	
			time_out - Timeout in seconds	
			0 - 60000	
AV-SW-	Get auto switching timeout.	COMMAND	action -	Get the Disable 5V on video
TIMEOUT?	timeout.	#AV-SW-TIMEOUT?_action <cr></cr>	0 – Video signal lost. 1 – New video signal detected.	output if no input signal detected timeout:
		FEEDBACK	4– Disable 5V on video output if no	#AV-SW-TIMEOUT?_4 <cr></cr>
		~nn@AV-SW-TIMEOUT_action,time_out <cr><lf></lf></cr>	input signal detected	_
			5- Video cable unplugged.	
			7- Video signal lost for signal	
			routed as a result of a manual override action.	
			time out – Timeout in seconds	
BUILD-DATE?	Get device build date.	COMMAND	date – Format: YYYY/MM/DD where	Get the device build date:
		#BUILD-DATE?_ <cr></cr>	YYYY = Year	#BUILD-DATE? <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	MM = Month	
		~nn@BUILD-DATE_date,time <cr><lf></lf></cr>	DD = Day time - Format: hh:mm:ss where	
			hh = hours	
			mm = minutes	
			ss = seconds	
CPEDID	Copy EDID data from the	COMMAND	<pre>src_type - EDID source type</pre>	Copy the EDID data from the
	output to the input EEPROM.	<pre>#CPEDID_src_type,src_id,dst_type,dest_bitmap<cr></cr></pre>	(usually output) 0- Input	Output 1 (EDID source) to the Input:
	_	or	1 – Output	#CPEDID_1,1,0,0x1 <cr></cr>
	<ol> <li>Destination bitmap</li> </ol>	<pre>#CPEDID_src_type,src_id,dst_type,dest_bitmap,safe_mode<cr></cr></pre>	2– Default EDID	Copy the EDID data from the
	size depends on device properties (for 64 inputs it	FEEDBACK	3- Custom EDID	default EDID source to the
	is a 64-bit word).	<pre>~nn@CPEDID_src_stg,src_id,dst_type,dest_bitmap<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	<pre>src_id - Number of chosen source</pre>	Input:
	European bitman 0.0040	~nn@CPEDID_src_stg,src_id,st_type,dest_bitmap,safe_mode <cr< td=""><td>stage 0- Default EDID source</td><td>#CPEDID_2,0,0,0x1<cr></cr></td></cr<>	stage 0- Default EDID source	#CPEDID_2,0,0,0x1 <cr></cr>
	Example: bitmap 0x0013 means inputs 1,2 and 5	> <lf></lf>	1 – Output 1	
	are loaded with the new		2– Output 2	
	EDID.		dst_type - EDID destination type	
	In certain products		(usually input)	
	Safe_mode is an optional		0 – Input	
	parameter. See the HELP command for its		dest_bitmap – Bitmap representing destination IDs. Format: XXXXX,	
	availability.		where X is hex digit. The binary form	
	,		of every hex digit represents	
			corresponding destinations. 0- indicates that EDID data is not	
			copied to this destination.	
			1 - indicates that EDID data is	
			copied to this destination.	
			safe_mode – 0- device accepts the EDID as is	
			without trying to adjust	
			1 – device tries to adjust the EDID	
			(default value if no parameter is	
DTODI 1	Get output HPD status.	COMMAND	sent) out id-Output number	Get the output HPD status of
DISPLAY?	Status.	#DISPLAY?_out id <cr></cr>	1 – Output 1	Output 1:
		FEEDBACK	2– Output 2	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr></cr>
		<pre>FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out id,status<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	3– Output 3	
			4– Output 4	
			5– Output 5	
			6– Output 6	
			7 – Output 7	
			8- Output 8 status - HPD status according to	
			signal validation	
				1
			0 – Signal or sink is not valid	
			0– Signal or sink is not valid 1– Signal or sink is valid 2– Sink and EDID is valid	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
EDID-AUDIO	Set audio capabilities for	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Set HDMI IN 1 audio
	EDID.	<pre>#EDID-AUDIO_input_id,audio_format<cr></cr></pre>	signal ID: input id – Output number	capabilities for EDID (LPCM 2CH):
		FEEDBACK ~nn@EDID-AUDIO_ <direction type="">.<port type="">.<port index="">.&lt;</port></port></direction>	1 – Input 1	#EDID-AUDIO_1,1 <cr></cr>
		<pre>signal_type&gt;.<index>,audio_format<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></pre>	2– Input 2 3– Input 3	
			4– Input 4	
			5– Input 5	
			6 – Input 6	
			7 – Input 7 8 – Input 8	
			Audio_format - Audio block added	
			to EDID: 0- Auto	
			1– LPCM 2CH	
EDID-AUDIO?	Get audio capabilities for	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Get HDMI IN 1 audio
	EDID.	<pre>#EDID-AUDIO?_input_id<cr></cr></pre>	input ID: input id – Output number	capabilities for EDID: #EDID-AUDIO?_ 1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@EDID-AUDIO_input id,audio format <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – Input 1	-
			2– Input 2 3– Input 3	
			4– Input 4	
			5– Input 5	
			6– Input 6 7– Input 7	
			8 – Input 8	
			Audio_format - Audio block added	
			to EDID: 0- Auto	
			1 – LPCM 2CH	
EDID-CS	Set EDID color space.	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Set HDMI IN 3 EDID color
	(i) Set command might	<pre>#EDID-CS_input_id,ColSpace<cr></cr></pre>	ID: input id – Output number	space to Auto (enabled): #EDID-CS_3, 0 <cr></cr>
	change the current EDID.	FEEDBACK ~nn@EDID-CS.id,ColSpace <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – Input 1	
		~nn@EDID-CS_id,ColSpace <cr><lf></lf></cr>	2– Input 2	
			3– Input 3 4– Input 4	
			5– Input 5	
			6– Input 6	
			7 – Input 7 8 – Input 8	
			ColSpace – Color space	
			0-RGB	
EDID-CS?	Get EDID color space.	COMMAND	4 – Auto The following attributes comprise the	Get EDID color space:
EDID-CS?		#EDID-CS?_id <cr></cr>	ID:	#EDID-CS?_3 <cr></cr>
	Get command might change the current EDID.	FEEDBACK	input_id - Output number 1 - Input 1	
		~nn@EDID-CS_id,ColSpace <cr><lf></lf></cr>	2– Input 2	
			3– Input 3	
			4– Input 4 5– Input 5	
			6– Input 6	
			7– Input 7	
			8– Input 8	
			ColSpace – Color space 0 – RGB	
	Out 5th and		ColSpace – Color space 0 – RGB 4 – Auto	Out the Ethern in the interview
ETH-PORT	Set Ethernet port	COMMAND #ETH-PORT.portType.ETHPort <cr></cr>	Colspace – Color space 0 – RGB 4 – Auto portType – TCP/UDP	Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to port 12457:
ETH-PORT	protocol.	#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort <cr></cr>	ColSpace – Color space 0 – RGB 4 – Auto	
ETH-PORT	protocol. i If the port number you enter is already in use, an		ColSpace – Color space 0 – RGB 4 – Auto portType – TCP/UDP ETHPort – TCP/UDP port number	for TCP to port 12457:
ETH-PORT	protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned.	#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	ColSpace – Color space 0 – RGB 4 – Auto portType – TCP/UDP ETHPort – TCP/UDP port number	for TCP to port 12457:
ETH-PORT	protocol. i If the port number you enter is already in use, an	#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	ColSpace – Color space 0 – RGB 4 – Auto portType – TCP/UDP ETHPort – TCP/UDP port number	for TCP to port 12457:
	protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1).	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace – Color space 0 – RGB 4 – Auto portType – TCP/UDP ETRPort – TCP/UDP port number (0 – 65535)	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0,12457 <cr></cr>
ETH-PORT ETH-PORT?	protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range:	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace – Color space 0 – RGB 4 – Auto portType – TCP/UDP ETHPort – TCP/UDP port number	for TCP to port 12457:
	protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0 - RGB 4 - Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETHPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0,12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol</cr>
	protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT?_portType<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0 - RGB 4 - Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETHPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP ETHPort - TCP / UDP port number	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0,12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP:</cr>
	protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT?_portType<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0 - RGB 4 - Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETHPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0,12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP:</cr>
ETH-FORT?	protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol.	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT?_portType<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0 - RGB 4 - Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETHPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP ETHPort - TCP / UDP port number	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0,12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_1<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration:</cr></cr>
ETH-FORT?	protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol. Reset device to factory default configuration. (i) This command	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_portType<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORY<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0 - RGB 4 - Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETHPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP ETHPort - TCP / UDP port number	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0,12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_1<cr> Reset the device to factory</cr></cr>
ETH-FORT?	protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol. Reset device to factory default configuration. (i) This command deletes all user data from	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_portType<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORY<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0 - RGB 4 - Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETHPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP ETHPort - TCP / UDP port number	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0,12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_1<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration:</cr></cr>
ETH-PORT?	protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol. Reset device to factory default configuration. (i) This command	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_portType<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORY<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0 - RGB 4 - Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETHPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP ETHPort - TCP / UDP port number	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0,12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_1<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration:</cr></cr>
ETH-PORT?	protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol. Reset device to factory default configuration. (i) This command deletes all user data from the device. The deletion can take some time.	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_portType<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORY<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0 - RGB 4 - Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETHPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP ETHPort - TCP / UDP port number	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0,12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_1<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration:</cr></cr>
ETH-PORT?	protocol.	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_portType<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORY<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0 - RGB 4 - Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETHPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP ETHPort - TCP / UDP port number	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0,12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_1<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration:</cr></cr>
ETH-FORT?	protocol.	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_portType<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORY<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0 - RGB 4 - Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETHPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP ETHPort - TCP / UDP port number	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0, 12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_1<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration:</cr></cr>
ETH-FORT?	protocol.	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_portType<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORY<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0 - RGB 4 - Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETHPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP ETHPort - TCP / UDP port number	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0, 12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_1<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration: #FACTORY<cr> Get the room controller feature</cr></cr></cr>
ETH-PORT? FACTORY	protocol.	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT?_portType<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORX<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@FACTORY_OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0 - RGB 4 - Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETHPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP ETHPort - TCP / UDP port number (0 - 65535) id - Feature ID) 1 - Maestro	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0, 12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_1<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration: #FACTORY<cr> Get the room controller feature state (for the room controller</cr></cr></cr>
ETH-PORT? FACTORY FEATURE-	protocol.	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_portType<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORY<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@FACTORY_OK<cr><lf> COMMAND #FEATURE-LIST?_id<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0-RGB 4-Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETRPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0-TCP 1-UDP ETRPort - TCP / UDP port number (0 - 65535) id - Feature ID) 1-Maestro 2-Room controller	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0, 12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_1<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration: #FACTORY<cr> Get the room controller feature</cr></cr></cr>
ETH-PORT? FACTORY FEATURE-	protocol.	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_portType<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORY<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@FACTORY_OK<cr><lf> COMMAND #FEATURE-LIST?_id<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0 - RGB 4 - Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETHPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP ETHPort - TCP / UDP port number (0 - 65535) id - Feature ID) 1 - Maestro	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0,12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_1<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration: #FACTORY<cr> Get the room controller feature state (for the room controller 1):</cr></cr></cr>
ETH-PORT? FACTORY FEATURE-	protocol.	<pre>#ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_portType<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_portType,ETHPort<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORY<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@FACTORY_OK<cr><lf> COMMAND #FEATURE-LIST?_id<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ColSpace - Color space 0 - RGB 4 - Auto portType - TCP/UDP ETHPort - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535) portType - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP ETHPort - TCP / UDP port number (0 - 65535) id - Feature ID) 1 - Maestro 2 - Room controller 3 - Maestro panel	for TCP to port 12457: #ETH-PORT_0,12457 <cr> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_1<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration: #FACTORY<cr> Get the room controller feature state (for the room controller 1):</cr></cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
GLOBAL-MUTE	EMERGENCY mode: mute all the	COMMAND #GLOBAL-MUTE.state <cr></cr>	state - OFF/ON (not case sensitive)	Set GLOBAL-MUTE On: #GLOBAL-MUTE_ON <cr></cr>
	VIDEO/AUDIO outputs.			"GIODAI MOTILON CON
	(i) This command is designed to be triggered by the REMOTE MUTE Terminal Block GPIO port localized on the REAR Panel in case of emergency event in which is the customer is interested by muting all Video /Audio outputs. This state is not persistent and is not saved after power cycle. The REMOTE MUTE trigger needs to last at	FEEDBACK ~nn@GLOBAL-MUTE_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
GLOBAL-	least 0.5 sec in order to trigger a global system mute. Gets the remote mute	COMMAND	state - OFF/ON (not case sensitive)	Get GLOBAL-MUTE state:
MUTE?	ON/OFF state.	#GLOBAL-MUTE?_ <cr></cr>		#GLOBAL-MUTE?_ <cr></cr>
	(1) This command is designed to be triggered by the REMOTE MUTE Terminal Block GPIO port localized on the REAR Panel in case of emergency event in which is the customer is interested by muting all Video /Audio outputs. This state is not persistent and is not saved after power cycle. The REMOTE MUTE trigger needs to last at least 0.5 sec in order to trigger a global system mute.	FEEDBACK ~nn@GLOBAL-MUTE_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
GLOBAL-POE	Set global power over Ethernet ON/OFF.	COMMAND #GLOBAL-POE_state <cr></cr>	<pre>state - On/Off (not case sensitive)</pre>	Set the power over Ethernet global state to on:
	(i) This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.	FEEDBACK Get:		#GLOBAL-POE_ON <cr></cr>
GLOBAL-POE?	Get power over Ethernet	~nn@GLOBAL-POE_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	state - On/Off (not case sensitive)	Get the power over Ethernet
GIODAL-FOL	state.	#GLOBAL-POE?_ <cr></cr>		state: #GLOBAL-POE?_ <cr></cr>
	(i) This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.	FEEDBACK Get:		
HDCP-MOD	Set HDCP mode.	~nn@GLOBAL-POE_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	input id - Output number	Set the input HDCP-MODE of
	(i) Set HDCP working	<pre>#HDCP-MOD_inp_id,mode<cr></cr></pre>	1 – Input 1 2 – Input 2	IN 1 to Off: #HDCP-MOD.,1,0 <cr></cr>
	mode on the device input:	FEEDBACK ~nn@HDCP-MOD_inp_id,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	3– Input 3 4– Input 4	
	HDCP supported - HDCP_ON [default].		5- Input 5	
	HDCP not supported - HDCP OFF.		6 – Input 6 7 – Input 7	
	HDCP support changes following detected sink - MIRROR OUTPUT.		8 – Input 8 mode – HDCP mode: 0 – HDCP Off 1 – HDCP On	
	When you define 3 as the mode, the HDCP status is defined according to the connected output in the following priority: OUT 1, OUT 2. If the connected display on OUT 2 supports HDCP, but OUT 1 does not, then HDCP is defined as not supported. If OUT 1 is not connected, then HDCP is defined by OUT 2.			
HDCP-MOD?	Get HDCP mode.	COMMAND #HDCP-MOD?_inp_id <cr></cr>	input_id - Output number 1 - Input 1	Get the input HDCP-MODE of IN 1 HDMI:
	(i) Set HDCP working mode on the device input:	<pre>#HDCP-MOD?_Inp_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@HDCP-MOD_inp_id,mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	2- Input 2 3- Input 2 4- Input 4	#HDCP-MOD?_1 <cr></cr>
	HDCP supported - HDCP_ON [default].		4 – input 4 5 – Input 5 6 – Input 6	
	HDCP not supported - HDCP OFF.		7 – Input 7 8 – Input 8 mode – HDCP mode:	
	HDCP support changes following detected sink - MIRROR OUTPUT.		0 – HDCP Off 1 – HDCP On	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
HDCP-STAT?	Get HDCP signal status.	COMMAND	stage – Input/Output	Get the output HDCP-STATUS
	(i) Output stage (1) – get	<pre>#HDCP-STAT?_stage,stage_id<cr></cr></pre>	0-Input	of IN 1:
	the HDCP signal status of	FEEDBACK	1 – Output stage id – Number of chosen stage	#HDCP-STAT?_0,1 <cr></cr>
	the sink device connected	<pre>~nn@HDCP-STAT_stage,stage_id,status<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	for the input stage	
	to the specified output.		1 – Input 1	
	Input stage (0) - get the		2– Input 2	
	HDCP signal status of the source device connected		3– Input 2 4– Input 4	
	to the specified input.		5– Input 5	
			6– Input 6	
			7 – Input 7	
			8– Input 8 For the output stage	
			1 – Output 1	
			2-Output 2	
			3 – Output 3	
			4 – Output 4 5 – Output 5	
			6 – Output 6	
			7– Output 7	
			8– Output 8	
			status – Signal encryption status - valid values On/Off	
			0-HDCP Off	
			1 – HDCP On	
HELP	Get command list or help	COMMAND	command – Name of a specific	Get the command list:
	for specific command.	#HELP <cr></cr>	command	#HELP <cr></cr>
		#HELP_command_name <cr></cr>		To get help for
		FEEDBACK 1. Multi-line:		AV-SW-TIMEOUT:
		~nn@Device_command,_command <cr><lf></lf></cr>		HELP_AV-SW-TIMEOUT <cr></cr>
		To get help for command use: HELP (COMMAND_NAME) <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		~nn@HELP_command: <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		description <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		USAGE:usage <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
LOG-TAIL?	Get the last "n" lines of	COMMAND	Line_num – Optional, default	Get the last "2" lines of
	message logs.	#LOG-TAIL?_line_num <cr></cr>	<i>line_num</i> is 10	message logs: #LOG-TAIL?_2 <cr></cr>
	Used for advanced	FEEDBACK		
	troubleshooting. Helps find error root causes and	Get: ~nn@LOG-TAILnn <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	gets details not displayed	Line content #1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	in the error code number.	Line content #2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		Etc		
MATRIX-	Get routing status of all	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Get the room controller current
STATUS?	output ports.	#MATRIX-STATUS?_ <cr></cr>	output signal ID (suffix 1) and input signal ID (suffix 2 or greater):	matrix state: #MATRIX-STATUS?_ <cr></cr>
	() This syntax uses the	FEEDBACK Multi-line:	<pre>direction_type&gt; - IN</pre>	#PATRIX-SIA105 .
	new convention of using brackets to define a list of	<pre>wond-me. ~nn@MATRIX-STATUS_[[<direction type1="">.<port type1="">.<port i<="" pre=""></port></port></direction></pre>	<port_type>-</port_type>	
	fields "[]".	<pre>ndex1&gt;.<signal_type1>.<index1>,[[<direction_type2>.<port_t< pre=""></port_t<></direction_type2></index1></signal_type1></pre>	• HDMI	
		<pre>ype2&gt;.<port_index2>.<signal_type2>.<index2>],]<cr><lf></lf></cr></index2></signal_type2></port_index2></pre>	<ul> <li>HDBT</li> <li>ANALOG_AUDIO</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>AMPLIFIED_AUDIO</li> </ul>	
			• MIC	
			• RS-232	
			o IR o USB A	
			• USB_B	
			<pre>•<port_index> - The port</port_index></pre>	
			number as printed on the front or rear panel	
			<pre>signal type&gt;-</pre>	
			∘ VIDEO	
			AUDIO	
			• RS232	
			o IR o USB_A	
			• USB_B	
			- Indicates a specific	
			channel number when there are multiple channels of the same	
			type	
MODEL?	Get device model.	COMMAND	model_name - String of up to 19	Get the device model:
	(i) This command	#MODEL? <mark>_<cr></cr></mark>	printable ASCII chars	#MODEL?_ <cr></cr>
	identifies equipment			
	connected to VS-88UT and notifies of identity	~nn@MODEL_model_name <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	changes to the connected			
	changes to the connected equipment. The Matrix			
	changes to the connected			

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
NAME	Set machine (DNS)	COMMAND	machine_name – String of up to 15	Set the DNS name of the
	name.	#NAME_machine_name <cr></cr>	alpha-numeric chars (can include	device to room-442:
	(i) The machine name is	FEEDBACK	hyphen, not at the beginning or end)	#NAME_room-442 <cr></cr>
	not the same as the	~nn@NAME_machine_name <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	model name. The machine name is used to			
	identify a specific			
	machine or a network in use (with DNS feature			
	on).			
NAME?	Get machine (DNS)	COMMAND	machine_name - String of up to 15	Get the DNS name of the
	name.	#NAME?_ <cr></cr>	alpha-numeric chars (can include hyphen, not at the beginning or end)	device:
	(i) The machine name is	FEEDBACK		#NAME?_ <cr></cr>
	not the same as the model name. The	~nn@NAME_machine_name <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	machine name is used to			
	identify a specific			
	machine or a network in use (with DNS feature			
	on).			
NAME-RST	Reset machine (DNS) name to factory default.	COMMAND #NAME-RST <cr></cr>		Reset the machine name (S/N last digits are 0102):
	-			#NAME-
	Factory default of	FEEDBACK ~nn@NAME-RST_OK <cr><lf></lf></cr>		RST_KRAMER_0102 <cr></cr>
	machine (DNS) name is "KRAMER_" + 4 last			
	digits of device serial			
NET-CONFIG	number. Set a network	COMMAND	id - Network ID-the device network	Set the device network
MEI-CONFIG	configuration.	<pre>#NET-CONFIG_id,ip,net mask,gateway,[DNS1],[DNS2]<cr></cr></pre>	interface (if there are more than one).	parameters to IP address
		FEEDBACK	Counting is 0 based, meaning the	192.168.113.10, net mask
	Parameters, [DNS1] and [DNS2] are optional.	<pre>~nn@NET-CONFIG_id,ip,net_mask,gateway<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3	255.255.0.0, and gateway 192.168.0.1:
			ip – Network IP	<b>#NET-CONFIG_0</b> ,192.168.1
	For Backward		net_mask - Network mask	13.10,255.255.0.0,192.1 68.0.1 <cr></cr>
	compatibility, the id parameter can be		gateway - Network gateway	00.0.1
	omitted. In this case, the			
	Network ID, by default, is			
	0, which is the Ethernet control port.			
	If the gateway address is not compliant			
	to the subnet mask used			
	for the host IP, the			
	command will return an error. Subnet and			
	gateway compliancy			
NET-CONFIG?	specified by RFC950. Get a network	COMMAND	id – Network ID-the device network	Get network configuration:
NEI-CONFIG:	configuration.	#NET-CONFIG?_id <cr></cr>	interface (if there are more than one).	#NET-CONFIG?_id <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	Counting is 0 based, meaning the	
		<pre>~nn@NET-CONFIG_id,ip,net_mask,gateway<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3	
			ip – Network IP	
			net_mask - Network mask gateway - Network gateway	
NET-DHCP	Set DHCP mode.	COMMAND	id – Network ID-the device network	Enable DHCP mode for port 1,
		<pre>#NET-DHCP_id,mode<cr></cr></pre>	interface (if there are more than one).	if available:
	(i) Only 1 is relevant for the mode value. To	FEEDBACK	Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are	#NET-DHCP_1,1 <cr></cr>
	disable DHCP, the user	~nn@NET-DHCP_id,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	must configure a static IP address for the device.		mode -	
	address for the device.		1 – Try to use DHCP. (If unavailable, use the IP address	
	Connecting Ethernet to		set by the factory or the NET-IP	
	devices with DHCP may take more time in some		command).	
	networks.			
	To connect with a			
	randomly assigned IP by			
	DHCP, specify the device			
	DNS name (if available) using the NAME			
	command. You can also			1
	get an assigned IP by			
	get an assigned IP by direct connection to USB or RS-232 protocol port, if			
	get an assigned IP by direct connection to USB			
	get an assigned IP by direct connection to USB or RS-232 protocol port, if			
	get an assigned IP by direct connection to USB or RS-232 protocol port, if available. For proper settings consult your network			
	get an assigned IP by direct connection to USB or RS-232 protocol port, if available. For proper settings			
	get an assigned IP by direct connection to USB or RS-322 protocol port, if available. For proper settings consult your network administrator. (1) For Backward			
	get an assigned IP by direct connection to USB or RS-232 protocol port, if available. For proper settings consult your network administrator. (i) For Backward compatibility, the id			
	get an assigned IP by direct connection to USB or RS-232 protocol port, if available. For proper settings consult your network administrator. (i) For Backward compatibility, the id parameter can be			
	get an assigned IP by direct connection to USB or RS-232 protocol port, if available. For proper settings consult your network administrator. (i) For Backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is			
	get an assigned IP by direct connection to USB or RS-232 protocol port, if available. For proper settings consult your network administrator. () For Backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the			

	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
NET-DHCP?	Get DHCP mode.	COMMAND	id – Network ID-the device network	Get DHCP mode for port 1:
	For Backward compatibility, the id	<pre>#NET-DHCP?_id<cr></cr></pre>	interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the	#NET-DHCP?_1 <cr></cr>
	parameter can be	FEEDBACK	control port is '0', additional ports are	
	omitted. In this case, the	~nn@NET-DHCP_id,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1,2,3 mode –	
	Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet		0 – Do not use DHCP. Use the IP	
	control port.		set by the factory or using the	
			NET-IP or NET-CONFIG command.	
			1 – Try to use DHCP. If unavailable,	
			use the IP set by the factory or	
			using the <b>NET-IP</b> or <b>NET-</b> CONFIG command.	
NET-DNS?	Get DNS name server.	COMMAND	dns id – ID of the DNS name server	Get DNS name server:
		#NET-DNS?_dns_id <cr></cr>	to retrieve, indexing starts at "0"	#NET-DNS?_ <cr></cr>
	There is no "Set" command. Use NET-	FEEDBACK	Iip – IP address of the DNS server	
	CONFIG to set up	~nn@NET-DNS_dns_id,ip <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	network, including DNS name servers.			
	If dns_id is out of the defined DNS range, Error			
	Code #3			
	(ERR_PARAMETER_OU			
	T_OF_RANGE) is returned.			
	If no dns_id is defined, Error Code #3 is returned			
	for any dns_id.			
NET-GATE	Set gateway IP.	COMMAND	ip_address - Format:	Set the gateway IP address to 192.168.0.1:
	A network gateway	<pre>#NET-GATE_ip_address<cr></cr></pre>	****	#NET-
	connects the device via another network and	FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-GATE_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		GATE_192.168.000.001 <cr< td=""></cr<>
	maybe over the Internet.			>
	Be careful of security			
	issues. For proper settings consult your			
	network administrator.			
NET-GATE?	Get gateway IP.	COMMAND	ip_address - Format:	Get the gateway IP address:
	(i) A network gateway	#NET-GATE?_ <cr></cr>	XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX	#NET-GATE?_ <cr></cr>
	connects the device via	FEEDBACK		
	another network and maybe over the Internet.	~nn@NET-GATE_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Be aware of security			
NET-IP	problems. Set IP address.	COMMAND	ip address - Format:	Set the IP address to
NEI-IP		#NET-IP_ip address <cr></cr>	xxx.xxx.xxx	192.168.1.39: <b>#NET-</b>
	For proper settings consult your network	FEEDBACK		
	administrator.	~nn@NET-IP_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		IP_192.168.001.039 <cr></cr>
NET-IP?	Get IP address.	COMMAND	ip address - Format:	Get the IP address:
NET-IP?	Get IP address.	COMMAND #NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx	Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>
NET-IP?	Get IP address.			
NET-IP?	Get IP address.	#NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>		
NET-IP?	Get MAC address.	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr></cr></pre>	i.d – Network ID-the device network	#NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>
	Get MAC address.	<pre>#NET-IP.&lt;<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	i.d – Network ID–the device network interface (if there are more than one).	
	Get MAC address. (i) For backward compatibility, the i.d	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	i.d – Network ID-the device network	#NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>
	Get MAC address. For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<ul> <li>i.d – Network ID–the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3</li> </ul>	#NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>
	Get MAC address. (i) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	xxx.xxx.xxx i.d – Network ID–the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address – Unique MAC	#NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>
	Get MAC address. For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX- XX where X is hex digit</pre>	#NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>
	Get MAC address. For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask.	<pre>#NET-IP?.<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<ul> <li>XXX.XXX.XXX</li> <li>id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-</li> </ul>	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to</cr></cr></pre>
NET-MAC?	Get MAC address. (1) For backward compatibility, the i.d parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (1) For proper settings	<pre>#NET-IP?.<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX- XX where X is hex digit</pre>	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.0.0:</cr></cr></pre>
NET-MAC?	Get MAC address. For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask.	<pre>#NET-IP?.<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX- XX where X is hex digit</pre>	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to</cr></cr></pre>
NET-MAC?	Get MAC address. (1) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (1) For proper settings consult your network	<pre>#NET-IP?.<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX- XX where X is hex digit</pre>	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.0.0: #NET-</cr></cr></pre>
NET-MAC?	Get MAC address. (1) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (1) For proper settings consult your network	<pre>#NET-IP?.<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX- XX where X is hex digit</pre>	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.0.0: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000<cr> Get the subnet mask:</cr></cr></cr></pre>
NET-MAC? NET-MASK	Get MAC address. (i) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.	<pre>#NET-IP?.</pre> <pre>FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></pre>	<pre>xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX- XX where X is hex digit net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx</pre>	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255,255.0.0: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000<cr></cr></cr></cr></pre>
NET-MAC? NET-MASK	Get MAC address. (i) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.	<pre>#NET-IP?.<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK.et_mask<cr><lf> FEEDBACK </lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX- XX where X is hex digit net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx</pre>	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.0.0: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000<cr> Get the subnet mask:</cr></cr></cr></pre>
NET-MAC? NET-MASK	Get MAC address. (1) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (1) For proper settings consult your network administrator. Get subnet mask.	<pre>#NET-IP?.<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASKnet_mask<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>xxx.xxx.xxx  id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-</pre>	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.0.0: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000<cr> Get the subnet mask: #NET-MASK?<cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></pre>
NET-MAC? NET-MASK	Get MAC address. (1) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (1) For proper settings consult your network administrator. Get subnet mask. Set password for login	<pre>#NET-IP?.<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASKet_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASKet_mask<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>xxx.xxx.xxx  id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-</pre>	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.0.0: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000<cr #net-mask?<cr="" get="" mask:="" subnet="" the=""> Set the password for the</cr></cr></cr></pre>
NET-MAC? NET-MASK	Get MAC address. (1) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (1) For proper settings consult your network administrator. Get subnet mask. Set password for login level.	<pre>#NET-IP?.<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_enet_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_enet_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_enet_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_enet_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_enet_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_enet_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_enet_mask<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>xxx.xxx.xxx  id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-</pre>	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.0.0: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000<cr> Get the subnet mask: #NET-MASK?<cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></pre>
NET-MAC? NET-MASK	Get MAC address. (1) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (1) For proper settings consult your network administrator. Get subnet mask. Set password for login level. (1) The default password	<pre>#NET-IP?.<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK.net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK.net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #PASS_login_level,password<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>xxx.xxx.xxx  id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-</pre>	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.0.0: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000<cr #net-mask?<cr="" get="" mask:="" subnet="" the=""> Set the password for the Admin protocol permission</cr></cr></cr></pre>
NET-MAC? NET-MASK NET-MASK? PASS	Get MAC address. (1) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (1) For proper settings consult your network administrator. Get subnet mask. Set password for login level. (1) The default password is an empty string.	<pre>#NET-IP?.<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #PASS_login_level,password<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Control go to based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-</pre>	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.0.0: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000<cr #net-mask?<cr="" get="" mask:="" subnet="" the=""> Set the password for the Admin protocol permission level to 33333: #PASS_Admin, 33333&lt;<cr> </cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></pre>
NET-MAC? NET-MASK	Get MAC address. (i) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator. Get subnet mask. Set password for login level. (i) The default password is an empty string. Get password for login	<pre>#NET-IP?.<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK.net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK.net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #ET-MASK.net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #ET-MASK.net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #ET-MASK.net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #ET-MASK.net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #COMMAND #COMM</lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>XXX.XXX.XXX id</pre>	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Get the subnet mask to compare the subnet mask: #NET-MASK_255.255.000.000<cr #net-mask?<cr="" get="" mask:="" subnet="" the=""> Set the password for the Admin protocol permission level to 33333: #PASS_Admin,33333<cr> Get the password for the</cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></pre>
NET-MAC? NET-MASK NET-MASK? PASS	Get MAC address. (1) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (1) For proper settings consult your network administrator. Get subnet mask. Set password for login level. (1) The default password is an empty string.	<pre>#NET-IP?.<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #PASS_login_level,password<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Control go to based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-</pre>	<pre>#NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.0.0: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000<cr #net-mask?<cr="" get="" mask:="" subnet="" the=""> Set the password for the Admin protocol permission level to 33333: #PASS_Admin, 33333&lt;<cr> </cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></pre>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
PORTS-LIST?	Get the port list of this	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Get the ports list:
	machine.	#PORTS-LIST?_ <cr></cr>	<pre>port ID:</pre>	#PORTS-LIST?_ <cr></cr>
	(i) The response is	FEEDBACK	• IN	
	returned in one line and terminated with	<pre>~nn@PORTS-LIST_[<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>,,</port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	∘ OUT	
	<cr><lf>.</lf></cr>		◦ BOTH	
	The response format lists		<pre>• <port_type> - o HDMI</port_type></pre>	
	port IDs separated by		• HDBT	
	commas.		<ul> <li>ANALOG_AUDIO</li> </ul>	
	This is an Extended		<ul> <li>AMPLIFIED_AUDIO</li> <li>STEPIN</li> </ul>	
	Protocol 3000 command.		o MIC	
			• RS-232	
			o IR o USB_A	
			• USB_A	
			<pre>ort_index&gt; - The port</pre>	
			number as printed on the rear panel	
PROT-VER?	Get device protocol	COMMAND	version – XX.XX where X is a	Get the device protocol
	version.	#PROT-VER?_ <cr></cr>	decimal digit	version:
		FEEDBACK		#PROT-VER?
		~nn@PROT-VER_3000:version <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
RESET	Reset device.	COMMAND		Reset the device:
	(i) To avoid locking the	#RESET <cr></cr>		#RESET <cr></cr>
	port due to a USB bug in	FEEDBACK ~nn@RESET_OK <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Windows, disconnect USB connections			
	immediately after running			
	this command. If the port was locked, disconnect			
	and reconnect the cable			
	to reopen the port.	COMMAND	inp id – Input number	Cat the input signal status of
SIGNAL?	Get input signal status.	#SIGNAL?_inp id <cr></cr>	1 – Input 1	Get the input signal status of IN 1:
		FEEDBACK	2– Input 2	#SIGNAL?_1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@SIGNAL_inp_id,status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	3– Input 3	
			4– Input 4 5– Input 5	
			6– Input 6	
			7– Input 7	
			8- Input 8	
			status – Signal status according to signal validation:	
			0 – Off	
	Out along at ID list of this		1 – On	O at alian al ID list.
SIGNALS- LIST?	Get signal ID list of this machine.	COMMAND #SIGNALS-LIST?_ <cr><lf></lf></cr>	The following attributes comprise the signal ID:	Get signal ID list: #SIGNALS-LIST?_ <cr></cr>
	(i) The response is	FEEDBACK	<pre>direction_type&gt;-</pre>	_
	returned in one line and	~nn@SIGNALS-LIST_[ <direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index< td=""><td>○ IN ○ OUT</td><td></td></port_index<></port_type></direction_type>	○ IN ○ OUT	
	terminated with	>. <signal_type>.<index>,,]<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></signal_type>		
	<cr><lf>.</lf></cr>		<pre><port_type> -</port_type></pre>	
	The response format lists		• HDMI	
	signal IDs separated by commas.		<ul> <li>HDBT</li> <li>ANALOG_AUDIO</li> </ul>	
	This is an Extended		<ul> <li>ANALOG_AUDIO</li> <li>AMPLIFIED_AUDIO</li> </ul>	
	Protocol 3000 command.			
			∘ MIC	
			○ RS-232 ○ IR	
			o IR o USB_A	
			∘ USB_B	
			<pre>• <pre>port_index&gt; - The port pumber on printed on the front or</pre></pre>	
			number as printed on the front or rear panel	
			<pre>signal_type&gt; -</pre>	
			VIDEO	
			<ul> <li>AUDIO</li> <li>RS232</li> </ul>	
			• IR	
			∘ USB	
			Indicates a specific channel number when there are	
			multiple channels of the same	
			type	
SN?	Get device serial number.	COMMAND #SN?_ <cr></cr>	serial_number – 14 decimal digits, factory assigned	Get the device serial number: #SN?_ <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK		
		~nn@SN_serial_number <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Get firmware version	COMMAND	firmware_version - XX.XX.XXXX	Get the device firmware
VERSION?			where the digit groups are:	version number:
VERSION?	number.	#VERSION?_ <cr></cr>		
VERSION?	number.	<pre>#VERSION?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@VERSION_firmware_version<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	major.minor.build version	#VERSION?_ <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
X-AFV	Set output audio follow	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Set the HDMI output 1 to audio
	video mode.	<pre>#X-AFV_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.<signal_t ype&gt;.<index>,mode</index></signal_t </port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	signal ID: <pre><direction_type>-</direction_type></pre>	follow video mode: #x-AFV_OUT.HDMI.1.VIDEO
	This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.	FEEDBACK	∘ OUT	.1,ON <cr></cr>
	Fiolocol 3000 command.	<pre>~nn@X-AFV_<direction type="">.<port_type>.<port_index>.<signa< pre=""></signa<></port_index></port_type></direction></pre>	• <port_type> - o HDMI</port_type>	
		1_type>. <index>,mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></index>	• HDBT	
			<pre>• <port_index> - The port</port_index></pre>	
			number as printed on the front or rear panel	
			<pre>signal_type&gt; -</pre>	
			<ul> <li>VIDEO</li> <li><index> – Indicates a specific</index></li> </ul>	
			channel number when there are	
			multiple channels of the same type	
			mode – OFF/ON, (not case sensitive)	
X-AFV?	Get output audio follow video mode.	COMMAND #X-AFV?_ <direction type="">.<port type="">.<port index="">.<signal< td=""><td>The following attributes comprise the signal ID:</td><td>Get the output audio follow video mode:</td></signal<></port></port></direction>	The following attributes comprise the signal ID:	Get the output audio follow video mode:
	_	type>. <index><cr></cr></index>	<pre>direction_type&gt; -</pre>	#X-AFV?_OUT.HDMI.1.VIDE
	This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.	FEEDBACK	<pre>○ OUT </pre>	0.1 <cr></cr>
		<pre>~nn@X-AFV_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.<signa 1="" type="">.<index>,mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></signa></port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	• HDMI	
			• HDBT	
			<pre>• <port_index> - The port number as printed on the front or</port_index></pre>	
			rear panel	
			<pre>•<signal_type> -</signal_type></pre>	
			• VIDEO • <index> – Indicates a specific</index>	
			channel number when there are multiple channels of the same	
			multiple channels of the same type	
	Sot audio loval of a	COMMAND	mode – OFF/ON, (not case sensitive)	Sot the audio lovel of analar
X-AUD-LVL	Set audio level of a specific signal.	COMMAND #X-AUD-LVL_ <direction type="">.<port type="">.<port index="">.<sign< td=""><td>The following attributes comprise the signal ID:</td><td>Set the audio level of analog audio 5 input signal to 10:</td></sign<></port></port></direction>	The following attributes comprise the signal ID:	Set the audio level of analog audio 5 input signal to 10:
	(i) This is an Extended	al_type>. <index>,audio_level<cr></cr></index>	<pre><direction_type> -</direction_type></pre>	#X-AUD-LVL IN. ANALOG AU
	Protocol 3000 command.	FEEDBACK	o IN o OUT	DIO.5.AUDIO.1,10 <cr></cr>
		<pre>~nn@X-AUD-LVL_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.<s ignal="" type="">.<index>,audio level<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></s></port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	<pre><port_type>-</port_type></pre>	
			ANALOG_AUDIO     AMPLIFIED AUDIO	
			<ul> <li>AMPLIFIED_AUDIO</li> <li>MIC</li> </ul>	
			<pre>•<port_index> - The port</port_index></pre>	
			number as printed on the front or rear panel	
			<pre>signal_type&gt; -</pre>	
			<ul> <li>AUDIO</li> <li><index> – Indicates a specific</index></li> </ul>	
			channel number when there are	
			multiple channels of the same type	
			audio_level – Audio level in dB	
			(range between -83 to +24) depending of the ability of the product	
X-AUD-LVL?	Get audio level of a	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Get the audio level of the
	specific signal.	<b>#X-AUD-LVL?_</b> <direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.<sig nal_type&gt;.<index>&lt;<b>CR&gt;</b></index></sig </port_index></port_type></direction_type>	signal ID: <pre><direction_type>-</direction_type></pre>	POWER AMP OUT signal: #x-AUD-LVL?_OUT.AMPLIFI
	(i) This is an Extended	FEEDBACK	• IN	ED_AUDIO.1.AUDIO.1 <cr></cr>
	Protocol 3000 command.	~nn@X-AUD-LVL_ <direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.<s< td=""><td>○ OUT</td><td></td></s<></port_index></port_type></direction_type>	○ OUT	
		<pre>ignal_type&gt;.<index>,audio_level<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></pre>	<pre>•<port_type>- o ANALOG_AUDIO</port_type></pre>	
			<ul> <li>AMPLIFIED_AUDIO</li> </ul>	
			• MIC	
			<pre>• <port_index> - The port     number as printed on the front or</port_index></pre>	
			rear panel	
			<pre>•<signal_type> -</signal_type></pre>	
			- Indicates a specific	
			channel number when there are multiple channels of the same	
			type	
			audio_level – Audio level in dB (range between -83 to +24)	
			depending of the ability of the product	
X-AUD-LVL- RANGE?	Get the range of audio level in the product.	COMMAND #X-AUD-LVL-RANGE?_ <pre>direction type&gt;.<port type="">.<port index<="" pre=""></port></port></pre>	The following attributes comprise the analog_output_id:	get the analog output 2 audio level range:
	(i) This is an Extended	<pre>&gt;.<signal_type>.<index><cr></cr></index></signal_type></pre>	<pre><direction_type> -</direction_type></pre>	#X-AUD-LVL-RANGE?_OUT.A
	Protocol 3000 command.	FEEDBACK	o IN o OUT	NALOG_AUDIO.2.AUDIO.1 <c R&gt;</c 
		<pre>~nn@X-AUD-IVL-RANGE_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_ind ex&gt;.<signal_type>.<index>,audio_level_range<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></signal_type></port_ind </port_type></direction_type></pre>	<pre>•<port_type>-</port_type></pre>	
			<ul> <li>AMPLIFIED_AUDIO</li> <li>MIC</li> </ul>	
			<pre>• <port_index> - The port</port_index></pre>	
			number as printed on the front or rear panel	
			<pre>signal_type&gt; -</pre>	
			<ul> <li>AUDIO</li> </ul>	
			- Indicates a specific channel number when there are	
			multiple channels of the same	
			type	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
X-AUD-ONLY	Set audio only mode,	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Set HDMI OUT 3 to audio only:
	where a black pattern is shown and Audio is	<pre>#X-AUD-ONLY_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.<sig nal_type="">.<index>,mode<cr></cr></index></sig></port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>		
	played over HDMI.		∘ IN	VIDEO.I, ON CR
	(i) This is an Extended	FEEDBACK ~nn@X-AUD-ONLY_ <direction type="">.<port type="">.<port index="">.&lt;</port></port></direction>	○ OUT	
	Protocol 3000 command.	<pre>signal_type&gt;.<index>,mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></pre>	<ul> <li>BOTH</li> </ul>	
			_	
				Get the audio only mode: #X-AUD-ONLY_OUT.HDMI.3. VIDEO.1,ON <cr> Get the audio only mode: #X-AUD-ONLY_OUT.HDMI.2 .VIDEO.1<cr></cr></cr>
			<ul> <li>AMPLIFIED_AUDIO</li> </ul>	
			∘ MIC	
			<pre>ort_index&gt; - The port</pre>	
			number as printed on the front or	
			The following attributes comprise the signal ID: < <i><i><ii><iirection_type>- <ul> <li>IN</li> <li>OUT</li> <li>BOTH</li> <li><port_type>- <ul> <li>HDMI</li> <li>HDBT</li> <li>ANALOG_AUDIO</li> <li>AMPLIFIED_AUDIO</li> <li>MIC</li> <li>RS-232</li> <li>IR</li> <li>USB_A</li> <li>USB_B</li> <li><port_index> - The port number as printed on the front or rear panel</port_index></li> <li><siirection_type>- <ul> <li>AUDIO</li> <li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></ul></siirection_type></li></ul></port_type></li></ul></iirection_type></ii></i></i>	
				Set HDMI OUT 3 to audio only: #x-AUD-ONLX_OUT.HDMI.3. VIDEO.1,ON <cr> Get the audio only mode: #x-AUD-ONLY2_OUT.HDMI.2 .VIDEO.1<cr> Set auto switch mode for HDMI OUT 1 (last connected): #x-Ay-SW-MODE_OUT.HDMI.1 1.VIDEO.1,2<cr> Set auto switch mode for HDMI OUT 1 (last connected): #x-Ay-SW-MODE_OUT.HDMI.1</cr></cr></cr>
X-AUD-ONLY?	Get audio only mode.	COMMAND	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Get the audio only mode:
		<b>#X-AUD-ONLY?</b> _ <direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.<si< td=""><td>signal ID:</td><td>#X-AUD-ONLY? OUT.HDMI.2</td></si<></port_index></port_type></direction_type>	signal ID:	#X-AUD-ONLY? OUT.HDMI.2
	(i) This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.	<pre>gnal_type&gt;.<index><cr></cr></index></pre>	_	.VIDEO.1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK		
		<pre>~nn@X-AUD-ONLY_</pre> direction_type>. <port_type>.<port_index>.&lt;signal type&gt;.<index>,mode</index></port_index></port_type>		
		signal_cype>. <index>,mode<ck>ck&gt;</ck></index>		
			<ul> <li>HDMI</li> </ul>	
				Get the audio only mode:         #x-AUD-ONLY?_OUT.HDMI.2.         .VIDEO.1 <cr>         r         Set auto switch mode for         HDMI OUT 1 (last connected):         #x-avd.switch.mode_out.HDMI.1         1.VIDEO.1,2<cr></cr></cr>
			type	
	Out and a link in the			
X-AV-SW- MODE	Set auto-switch mode per output.	COMMAND #X-AV-SW-MODE_ <direction type="">.<port type="">.<port index="">.<s< td=""><td></td><td></td></s<></port></port></direction>		
MODE		<pre>ignal type&gt;.<index>,mode</index></pre> . <pre>port_type&gt;.<port_index>.<s< pre=""></s<></port_index></pre>		
	This is an Extended	FEEDBACK	∘ OUT	
	Protocol 3000 command.	<pre>~nn@X-AV-SW-MODE_</pre>		
		<pre>.<signal_type>.<index>.mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></signal_type></pre>		
			<pre>o HDBT </pre> <pre> • <port index=""> - The port </port></pre>	
			<pre>• <port_index> - The port number as printed on the front or</port_index></pre>	
			rear panel	
			<pre></pre>	
			∘ VIDEO	
			Index> – Indicates a specific	
			channel number when there are multiple channels of the same	
			type	
			mode -	
			0- manual	
			1 – priority	
	i la		2–last connected	1

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
X-AV-SW-	Get auto-switch mode.	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Get auto switch mode for
MODE?	(i) This is an Extended	<b>#X-AV-SW-MODE?</b> _ <direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.&lt; signal type&gt;.<index><cr></cr></index></port_index></port_type></direction_type>	signal ID: <pre><direction type="">-</direction></pre>	HDMIOUT 1: #x-av-sw-mode?_OUT.HDMI
	Protocol 3000 command.	FEEDBACK	• OUT	.1.VIDEO.1 <cr></cr>
		<pre>~nn@X-AV-SW-MODE_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index></port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	<pre><port_type>-</port_type></pre>	
		. <signal_type>.<index>,mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></signal_type>	<ul> <li>○ HDMI</li> <li>○ HDBT</li> </ul>	
			<pre><pre>o fibbi </pre> </pre> <pre>- The port </pre>	
			number as printed on the front or	
			rear panel <signal type="">-</signal>	
			<ul> <li>VIDEO</li> </ul>	
			Index> – Indicates a specific	
			channel number when there are multiple channels of the same	
			type	
			mode – 0 – manual	
			1 – priority	
			2-last connected	
X-LABEL	Set the port label.	COMMAND #X-LABEL_ <direction type="">.<port type="">.<port index="">,label t</port></port></direction>	The following attributes comprise the port ID:	Set the port label (for input 1): #X-LABEL_IN.HDMI.1, DVD<
	(i) Labels are used	ext <cr></cr>	<pre>•<direction_type>-</direction_type></pre>	CR>
	commonly by WEB pages.	FEEDBACK	∘ IN	
		<pre>~nn@X-LABEL_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>,labe</port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	<pre>o OUT </pre>	
	This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.	l_text <cr><lf></lf></cr>	• HDMI	
			∘ HDBT	
			<ul> <li>ANALOG_AUDIO</li> <li>AMPLIFIED_AUDIO</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>AMPLIFIED_AUDIO</li> <li>MIC</li> </ul>	
			<pre>•<port_index> - The port</port_index></pre>	
			number as printed on the front or rear panel	
			label_text - ASCII characters	
			without space	<b>2</b>
X-LABEL?	Get the port label.	COMMAND #X-LABEL?_ <direction type="">.<port type="">.<port index=""><cr></cr></port></port></direction>	The following attributes comprise the port ID:	Get the port label (for output 5):
	Labels are used	FEEDBACK	<pre><direction_type>-</direction_type></pre>	#X-LABEL?_OUT.HDMI.5 <cr< td=""></cr<>
	commonly by WEB pages.	<pre>~nn@X-LABEL_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>,labe</port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	○ IN ○ OUT	>
	This is an Extended	l_text <cr><lf></lf></cr>	<pre></pre>	
	Protocol 3000 command.		◦ HDMI	
			<ul> <li>ANALOG_AUDIO</li> <li>AMPLIFIED_AUDIO</li> </ul>	
			• MIC	
			<pre>•<port_index> - The port</port_index></pre>	
			number as printed on the front or rear panel	
			label_text - ASCII characters	
N-TONG-	Sot oxtra rango (long	COMMAND	without space	Set extra range for HDBT IN 7:
X-LONG- REACH	Set extra range (long reach) mode for HDBT	<b>#X-LONG-REACH_</b> <direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>,st</port_index></port_type></direction_type>	The following attributes comprise the port ID:	#X-LONG-REACH_IN.HDBT.7
	ports.	ate <cr></cr>	<pre><direction_type> -</direction_type></pre>	,On <cr></cr>
	(i) Some devices support	FEEDBACK	○ IN ○ OUT	
	extra range (long reach) mode, used in HDBT and	<pre>~nn@X-LONG-REACH_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index> ,state<cr><lf></lf></cr></port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	<pre>•<port_type>-</port_type></pre>	
	SDI applications.		∘ HDBT	
	Use the command		<pre>• <port_index> - The port     number as printed on the front or</port_index></pre>	
	<b>#PORTS-LIST</b> to list all		rear panel	
	port IDs available in the system.		state - OFF/ON (not case sensitive)	
	-			
	This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.			
X-LONG-	Get extra range (long	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Get the extra range (long
REACH?	reach) state configuration on any port.	<pre>#X-LONG-REACH?_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index><c r=""></c></port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	<pre>port ID:</pre>	reach) state configuration on any port:
	Some devices support	FEEDBACK	◦ IN	#X-LONG-REACH?_IN.HDBT.
	extra range (long reach)	<pre>~nn@X-LONG-REACH_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index></port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	○ OUT	1 <cr></cr>
	mode, used in HDBT and	,state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	<pre>•<port_type>- o HDBT</port_type></pre>	
	SDI applications.		<pre>o HDB1 </pre>	
	Use the command #PORTS-LIST to list all		number as printed on the front or	
1	port IDs available in the		rear panel state – OFF/ON (not case sensitive)	
	system.			

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
X-MIC-TYPE	Set microphone type.	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Set MIC 3 type to condenser:
		<b>#X-MIC-TYPE_</b> <direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>,mic_</port_index></port_type></direction_type>	port ID:	#X-MIC-TYPE_IN.MIC.3, co
	(i) This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.	type <cr></cr>	<pre>direction_type&gt;-</pre>	ndenser <b><cr></cr></b>
		FEEDBACK	<pre>o IN </pre>	
		<pre>~nn@X-MIC-TYPE_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.&lt; signal_type&gt;.<index>,mic_type<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	• MIC	
			<pre>• <port_index> - The port</port_index></pre>	
			number as printed on the front or	Get the microphone type: #X-MIC-TYPE?_IN.MIC.1 <c R&gt;</c 
			rear panel 1 – Mic 1	
			2– Mic 2	
			3– Mic 2	
			4- Mic 4	
			5 – Mic 5 6 – Mic 6	
			7– Mic 7	
			8– Mic 8	
			<pre>mic_type - Dynamic/Condenser (not</pre>	
			case sensitive)	
X-MIC-TYPE?	Get microphone type.	COMMAND #X-MIC-TYPE?_ <direction type="">.<port type="">.<port index=""><cr></cr></port></port></direction>	The following attributes comprise the port ID:	
	<ol> <li>This is an Extended</li> </ol>	FEEDBACK	<pre> <direction_type> -</direction_type></pre>	
	Protocol 3000 command.	<pre>rn@X-MIC-TYPE_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>,m</port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	∘ IN	
		ic_type <cr><lf></lf></cr>	<pre>•<port_type> -</port_type></pre>	
			<pre>o MIC </pre> <pre>ort index&gt; - The port</pre>	
			number as printed on the front or	
			rear panel	
			1 – Mic 1	
			2 – Mic 2 3 – Mic 2	
			4 – Mic 4	
			5– Mic 5	
			6- Mic 6	
			7 – Mic 7 8 – Mic 8	
			mic type - Dynamic/Condenser (not	
			case sensitive)	
X-MUTE	Set mute ON/OFF on a	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Mute the video on HDMI OUT
	specific signal.	<pre>#X-MUTE_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.<signal_ type&gt;.<index>,state</index></signal_ </port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	signal ID: <pre><direction_type>-</direction_type></pre>	4: #X-MUTE_OUT.HDMI.4.VIDE
	This command is	FEEDBACK	○ IN	0.1,ON <cr></cr>
	designed to Mute a Signal. This means that it	<pre>~nn@X-MUTE_<direction type="">.<port type="">.<port index="">.<sign< pre=""></sign<></port></port></direction></pre>	∘ OUT	
	could be applicable on	al_type>. <index>,state<cr><lf></lf></cr></index>	○ BOTH	
	any type of signal. Could be audio, video and		• <port_type> - o HDMI</port_type>	
	maybe IR, USB or data if		• HDBT	
	this capability is		<ul> <li>ANALOG_AUDIO</li> </ul>	
	supported by the product.		<ul> <li>AMPLIFIED_AUDIO</li> </ul>	
	This is an Extended		<ul> <li>MIC</li> <li>RS-232</li> </ul>	
	Protocol 3000 command.		• IR	
			o USB_A	
			∘ USB_B	
			<pre>• <port_index> - The port</port_index></pre>	
			number as printed on the front or rear panel	
			<pre><signal_type> -</signal_type></pre>	
			◦ VIDEO	
			AUDIO     BS222	
			∘ RS232 ∘ IR	
			o USB	
			- Indicates a specific	
			channel number when there are	
			multiple channels of the same type	
			state – OFF/ON (not case sensitive)	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
X-MUTE?	Get mute ON/OFF state	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Get the mute ON/OFF state on
	on a specific signal.	<b>#X-MUTE?</b> _ <direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.<signal< th=""><th>signal ID:</th><th>a specific signal:</th></signal<></port_index></port_type></direction_type>	signal ID:	a specific signal:
	(i) This command is	_type>. <index><b><cr></cr></b></index>	<pre>•<direction_type> -</direction_type></pre>	#X-MUTE?_OUT.HDMI.4.VID E0.1 <cr></cr>
	designed to Mute a	FEEDBACK	○ IN ○ OUT	EU.INCR
	Signal. This means that it	<pre>~nn@X-MUTE_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.<sign al="" type="">.<index>,state</index></sign></port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	<ul> <li>₀ BOTH</li> </ul>	
	could be applicable on any type of signal. Could	al_cype>. <index ,scace<cr="" <="" th=""><th><pre>•<port type=""> -</port></pre></th><th></th></index>	<pre>•<port type=""> -</port></pre>	
	be audio, video and		○ HDMI	
	maybe IR, USB or data if		○ HDBT	
	this capability is supported by the product.		ANALOG_AUDIO	
			<ul> <li>AMPLIFIED_AUDIO</li> <li>MIC</li> </ul>	
	This is an Extended		• RS-232	
	Protocol 3000 command.		• IR	
			∘ USB_A	
			○ USB_B	
			<pre>•<port_index> - The port</port_index></pre>	
			number as printed on the front or rear panel	
			<pre>signal type&gt;-</pre>	
			∘ VIDEO	
			<ul> <li>AUDIO</li> </ul>	
			o RS232	
			∘ IR	
			<ul> <li>USB</li> <li><index> – Indicates a specific</index></li> </ul>	
			channel number when there are	
			multiple channels of the same	
			type	
X-PATTERN	Set a pattern on a	COMMAND	state – OFF/ON (not case sensitive) The following attributes comprise the	Set video pattern 3 on HDMI
X-PAILERN	specific output signal.	<b>#X-PATTERN_</b> <direction type="">.<port type="">.<port index="">.<sign< th=""><th>signal ID:</th><th>OUT 8 (enabled):</th></sign<></port></port></direction>	signal ID:	OUT 8 (enabled):
	This command is	al_type>. <index>,pattern_id<cr></cr></index>	<pre>direction_type&gt; -</pre>	#X-PATTERN_OUT.HDMI.8.V
	(i) This command is designed to enable	FEEDBACK	∘ OUT	IDE0.1,3 <cr></cr>
	pattern on any signal.	<pre>~nn@X-PATTERN_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.<s< pre=""></s<></port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	<pre>•<port_type> -</port_type></pre>	
	commonly pattern makes	<pre>ignal_type&gt;.<index>,pattern_id<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></pre>	<ul> <li>○ HDMI</li> <li>○ HDBT</li> </ul>	
	sense for video, but on some products audio		<pre>• <pre>o Tibbi • <pre>&gt; - The port</pre></pre></pre>	
	pattern is also supported.		number as printed on the front or	
	In the future, data pattern		rear panel	
	will be also supported to generate some data on		<pre>•<signal_type> - </signal_type></pre>	
	RS232 lines.		<ul> <li>VIDEO</li> <li><index> – Indicates a specific</index></li> </ul>	
	This is an Extended		channel number when there are	
	Protocol 3000 command.		multiple channels of the same	
			type	
			pattern_id - 0 (pattern mode is OFF), if greater then 0, it is a pattern	
			index number.	
			0-None	
			1 – Black screen	
			2– Blue screen 3– White screen	
			4 – Four blue squares	
			5– Vertical RGB colors bar	
			6– Grey scale	
			7 – Split bar	
			8-BW-12 (vertical mixed bar BW)	
			9– Cross chess B&W	
			10 – Black squares chess	
			11 – V grey scale split bar Pattern index numbers can be	
	1		retrieved using the command:	
			#X-PATTERNS-LIST?	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
X-PATTERN?	Get selected pattern on a specific output signal. (i) This command is designed to enable pattern on any signal.	COMMAND #X-PATTERN?_ <direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.<sig nal_type&gt;.<index><cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@X-PATTERN_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.<s< td=""><td>The following attributes comprise the signal ID: <pre></pre></td><td>Get the selected pattern on a specific output signal: #X-PATTERN?_OUT.ANALOG_AUDIO.1.AUDIO.1<cr></cr></td></s<></port_index></port_type></direction_type></cr></index></sig </port_index></port_type></direction_type>	The following attributes comprise the signal ID: <pre></pre>	Get the selected pattern on a specific output signal: #X-PATTERN?_OUT.ANALOG_AUDIO.1.AUDIO.1 <cr></cr>
	commonly pattern makes sense for video, but on some products audio pattern is also supported. In the future, data pattern will be also supported to generate some data on RS232 lines.	<pre>ignal_type&gt;.<index>,pattern_id<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></pre>	<ul> <li>HDMI</li> <li>HDBT</li> <li><port_index> - The port number as printed on the front or rear panel</port_index></li> <li><signal_type> -</signal_type></li> <li>VIDEO</li> </ul>	
	This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.		<ul> <li><index> - Indicates a specific channel number when there are multiple channels of the same type</index></li> <li>pattern_id - 0 (pattern mode is</li> </ul>	
			OFF) numbers (pattern numbers according to what the X-PATTERNs- list command returns) 0 – None 1 – Black screen	
			2– Blue screen 3– White screen 4– Four blue squares 5– Vertical RGB colors bar 6– Grey scale	
			<ul> <li>7 – Split bar</li> <li>8 – BW-12 (vertical mixed bar BW)</li> <li>9 – Cross chess B&amp;W</li> <li>10 – Black squares chess</li> <li>11 – V grey scale split bar</li> <li>Pattern list can be retrieved using the command: #PATTERNS-LIST?</li> </ul>	
X-PATTERNS- LIST?	Get pattern indexes available per signal ID and usable in the command X-PATTERN.	COMMAND #X-PATTERNS-LIST?_ <direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index &gt;.<signal_type>.<index><cr> FEEDBACK</cr></index></signal_type></port_index </port_type></direction_type>	The following attributes comprise the signal ID: <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> OUT</pre>	Get the patterns list: #x-pattern-list?_ <cr></cr>
	(i) Not all products support patterns for all layers. This list can be usable into X-PATTERN.	<pre>~nn@X-PATTERNS-LIST_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_ind ex&gt;.<signal_type>.<index>,pattern_id<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></signal_type></port_ind </port_type></direction_type></pre>	<pre>• <port_type> -</port_type></pre>	
	This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.		number as printed on the front or rear panel < <u>signal_type&gt;</u> - o VIDEO < <u>sindex&gt;</u> - Indicates a specific channel number when there are multiple channels of the same	
X-POE	Set power over Ethernet	COMMAND	type port_id - The following attributes	Enable PoE for HDBT input
	state per port.	<pre>#X-POE_port_id,state<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@X-POE_port_id,state<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>comprise the port ID: • <direction_type> -</direction_type></pre>	#5: #x-poe_in.hdbt.5,on <cr></cr>
			state – PoE state: o OFF (PoE disabled) o ON (PoE enabled)	
X-POE?	Get power over Ethernet state per port.	COMMAND #x-POE?_port_id <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@x-POE_port_id,state<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	<pre>port_id - The following attributes comprise the port ID: • <direction_type> -</direction_type></pre>	Get the PoE state for HDBT input #5: #x-poe?_IN.HDBT.5 <cr></cr>
			<ul> <li>HDBT</li> <li><port_index> - The port number as printed on the front or rear panel</port_index></li> <li>state - PoE state:         <ul> <li>OFF (PoE disabled)</li> <li>ON (PoE enabled)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
X-POE- GROUPS?	Get power over Ethernet state for all ports.	COMMAND #X-POE-GROUPS? <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@X-POE_[port_id,state],[port_id,state],[port_id,state] <cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	<pre>port_id - The following attributes comprise the port ID: • <direction_type> -</direction_type></pre>	Get the PoE state for all ports: #X-POE-GROUPS? <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
Function X-FORT- SELECT	Description         Select ID from selectable ports group.         (i) User may query group names using command:         #X-PORT-SELECT-LIST?.         (i) This command is designed to be used by machines and not by users. This command is used for feature autodiscovery mechanism.         (i) This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.	Syntax COMMAND #X-PORT-SELECT_group_name,selected_id <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@X-PORT-SELECT_group_name,selected_id,[option_id:[<direction_type>.<port_index>,,<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>],,option_id:[<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>]]<cr><tf></tf></cr></port_index></port_type></direction_type></port_index></port_type></port_type></port_type></direction_type></port_index></direction_type></cr>	Parameters/Attributes group_name - These are predefined groups names, related to a specific product. (e.g., IN.AUDIO.1 or IN.VIDEO.5) selected_id - Currently selected option_id - Each option has an ID. Only one option may be selected at the same time. When a specific option is selected, all related port-id members become selected and all port-id members from other, unselected options, become unselected. The following attributes comprise the port ID: • <direction_type> - • IN • <port_type> - • HDMI • ANALOG_AUDIO • MIC • <port_index> - The port number as printed on the front or</port_index></port_type></direction_type>	Example Select ID 2 from selectable ports group: #x-PORT-SELECT_IN.AUDIO .1,2 <cr></cr>
X-PORT- SELECT?	Get selected ID of selectable ports group. (i) User may query group names using command: #X-PORT-SELECT- LIST?. This command is designed to be used by machines and not by users. This command is used for feature auto- discovery mechanism. This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.	COMMAND #X-PORT-SELECT.group_name <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@X-PORT-SELECT.group_name,selected_id,[option_id:[<dire ction_type&gt;.<port_index>],,option_id:[<direction_type>.<port t_type&gt;.<port_index>],,option_id:[<direction_type>.<port_ index&gt;]] <cr><tf></tf></cr></port_ </direction_type></port_index></port </direction_type></port_index></dire </cr>	rear panel group_name - These are predefined groups names, related to a specific product (e.g., IN.AUDIO.1 or IN.VIDEO.5) selected_id - Currently selected option_id - Each option has an ID. Only one option may be selected at the same time. When a specific option is selected, all related port-id members become selected and all port-id members from other, unselected options, become unselected. The following attributes comprise the port ID: • <direction_type>- o IN • <port_type>- o HDMI o HDBT o ANALOG_AUDIO o MIC • <port_index> - The port number as printed on the front or</port_index></port_type></direction_type>	Get the selected ID of port ID "IN.AUDIO.1": #x-PORT-SELECT?_IN.AUDI 0.1 <cr></cr>
X-PORT- SELECT- LIST?	Get selected id of selectable ports groups of all available groups. (i) User may query group names using command: #x-PORT-SELECT- LIST?. This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.	<pre>COMMAND #X-PORT-SELECT-LIST?_<cr> FEEDBACK -nn@X-PORT-SELECT-LIST?_[[group_name,selected_id,[option_i d:[<direction_type>.<port_index>},,<direction_type>.<port_index>],,option_id:[<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>]],,[group_name,selected_id,[option_id:[<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>]],,[group_name,selected_id,[option_id:[<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>]],,option_id:[<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_type>.<port_type>.<port_type>.<port_type>.<port_type>.<port_type>.<port_type>.<port_todex>,,</port_todex></port_type></port_type></port_type></port_type></port_type></port_type></port_type></port_type></direction_type></port_index></port_type></direction_type></port_index></port_type></direction_type></port_index></port_type></direction_type></port_index></direction_type></port_index></direction_type></cr></pre>	rear panel The following attributes comprise the port ID: • <direction_type> - • IN • <port_type> - • HDMI • HDBT • ANALOG_AUDIO • AMPLIFIED_AUDIO • MIC • <port_index> - The port number as printed on the front or recorded</port_index></port_type></direction_type>	Get the selected id of selectable ports groups of all available groups: #x-PORT-SELECT-LIST? <cr &gt;</cr 
X-PRIORITY	Set auto switching input signals group & priorities per output. (i) The order of the inputs in the list is fixing the order to the priority. The highest priority is 1, then 2 etc X-PRIORITY is also defining implicitly the video inputs group list for Last-connected auto switching strategy. X-PRIORITY override X- MTX-SET-INPUTS configuration. Auto switching group list is common for all Auto switching strategies (last connected/ priority). This syntax uses the new convention of using brackets to define a list of fields "[]". This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.	<pre>COMMAND #X-PRIORITY_<direction_typel>.<port_indexl>.&lt; signal_typel&gt;.<indexl>, [<direction_typel>.<port_type2>.<port_indexl>,]<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@X-PRIORITY_<direction_typel>.<port_typel>.<port_typel>.<port_typel>.<sport_type2>.&lt;<port_type2>.&lt;<port_typel>.<sport_type2>.&lt;<pre>cport_indexl&gt;,]<cr></cr></pre></sport_type2></port_typel></port_type2></sport_type2></port_typel></port_typel></port_typel></direction_typel></cr></port_indexl></port_type2></direction_typel></indexl></port_indexl></direction_typel></pre>	<pre>rear panel The following attributes comprise the output signal ID (suffix 1) and input signal ID (suffix 2):         <ul>             <li><direction_type>-</direction_type></li>             <li>OUT</li>             <li><port_type>-</port_type></li>             <li>HDMI</li>             <li>HDBT</li>             <li><port_index> - The port             number as printed on the front or             rear panel</port_index></li>             <li><signal_type>-</signal_type></li>             <li>VIDEO</li>             <li><index> - Indicates a specific             channel number when there are             multiple channels of the same             type</index></li>         </ul>  </pre>	Set the auto switching input signals group & priorities per output: #X-PRIORITY_OUT.HDMI.2. VIDEO.1,[IN.HDMI.1.VIDE 0.1,IN.HDMI.2.VIDEO.1,I N.HDMI.3.VIDEO.1] <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
X-PRIORITY?	Get auto switching input signals group priorities per output. (i) The order of the inputs in the list is fixing the order to the priority. The highest priority is 1, then 2 etc	COMMAND #x-PRIORITY?_ <direction_typel>.<port_typel>.<port_indexl>. <signal_typel>.<indexl><cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@x-PRIORITY_<direction_typel>.<port_typel>.<port_indexl &gt;.<signal_typel>.<indexl>,[<direction_type2>.<port_type2>. <port_index2>.<signal_type2>.<index2>,,]<cr><lf></lf></cr></index2></signal_type2></port_index2></port_type2></direction_type2></indexl></signal_typel></port_indexl </port_typel></direction_typel></cr></indexl></signal_typel></port_indexl></port_typel></direction_typel>	The following attributes comprise the output signal ID (suffix 1) and input signal ID (suffix 2): <pre></pre>	Get the auto switching input signals group & priorities per output: #x-PRIORITY?_OUT.HDMI.2 .VIDE0.1 <cr></cr>
	X-PRIORITY is also defining implicitly the video inputs group list for Last-connected auto switching strategy.		number as printed on the front or rear panel <signal_type> – o VIDEO <index> – Indicates a specific</index></signal_type>	
	X-PRIORITY override X- MTX-SET-INPUTS configuration.		channel number when there are multiple channels of the same type	
	Auto switching group list is common for all Auto switching strategies (last connected/ priority).			
	This syntax uses the new convention of using brackets to define a list of fields "[]".			
	This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.			
X-ROUTE	Send routing command to matrix.	COMMAND #X-ROUTE_ <direction_typel>.<port_typel>.<port_indexl>.<sig nal_typel&gt;.<indexl>,<direction_type2>.<port_type2>.<port_i< th=""><th>The following attributes comprise the output signal ID (suffix 1) and input signal ID (suffix 2 or greater):</th><th>Route HDMI IN 2 to HDMI OUT 3: #X-ROUTE_OUT.HDMI.3.VID</th></port_i<></port_type2></direction_type2></indexl></sig </port_indexl></port_typel></direction_typel>	The following attributes comprise the output signal ID (suffix 1) and input signal ID (suffix 2 or greater):	Route HDMI IN 2 to HDMI OUT 3: #X-ROUTE_OUT.HDMI.3.VID
	(•) It is recommended to use the command #SIGNALS-LIST to get the list of all signal IDs available in the system and which can be used in this command. Video 1 is the default port in this command and is implied even if not written: #X- ROUTE_OUT.SDI.5, IN. SDI.1	<pre>ndex2&gt;.<signal_type2>.<index2><cr> FEEDBACK</cr></index2></signal_type2></pre>	<pre>     <direction_type>-         OUT         OIN         IN         <port_type>-             OHDMI         HDBT             ANALOG_AUDIO             MIC         <port_index> - The port         number as printed on the front or         rear panel         <signal_type> -             VIDEO             AUDIO </signal_type></port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	EO.1, IN. HDMI.2.VIDEO.1< CR>
	#X- ROUTE_OUT.SDI.5.VID E0.1,IN.SDI.1.VIDEO .1 <cr> This is an Extended</cr>		<index> – Indicates a specific channel number when there are multiple channels of the same type</index>	
V. DOUTER	Protocol 3000 command.	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Cot the routing status:
X-ROUTE?	Get routing status. (1) It is recommended to use the command #SIGNALS-LIST to get the list of all signal IDs available in the system and which can be used in this command.	<pre>UNMAND #X-ROUTE?_<direction_typel>.<port_typel>.<port_indexl>.<si gnal_typel="">.<indexl><cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@X-ROUTE_<direction_typel>.<port_typel>.<port_indexl>.&lt; signal_typel&gt;.<indexl>,<direction_type2>.<port_type2>.<port_tindexl>.&lt;</port_tindexl></port_type2></direction_type2></indexl></port_indexl></port_typel></direction_typel></cr></indexl></si></port_indexl></port_typel></direction_typel></pre>	The following attributes comprise the output signal ID (suffix 1) and input signal ID (suffix 2 or greater): <ul> <li><direction_type> -</direction_type></li> <li>OUT</li> <li>IN</li> <li><port_type> -</port_type></li> <li>HDMI</li> <li>HDBT</li> </ul>	Get the routing status: #X-ROUTE?_OUT.HDMI.3.VI DE0.1 <cr></cr>
	VIDE0.1 are the default <signal_type> and <index> in this command and are implied even if not written: #x- ROUTE_OUT.SDI.5,IN. SDI.1<cr> is interpreted as: #x- ROUTE_OUT.SDI.5.VID</cr></index></signal_type>		<ul> <li>ANALOG_AUDIO</li> <li>MIC</li> <li><port_index> - The port number as printed on the front or rear panel</port_index></li> <li><signal_type> -</signal_type></li> <li>VIDEO</li> <li>AUDIO</li> <li><index> - Indicates a specific channel number when there are multiple channels of the same</index></li> </ul>	
	EO.1, IN.SDI.1.VIDEO .1 <cr> This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.</cr>		type	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
X-SET- FOLLOWERS	Set followers list for a given input signal. (1) This syntax uses the new convention of using brackets to define a list of fields "[1]". This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.	COMMAND #X-SET-FOLLOWERS_ <direction_typel>.<port_inde xl&gt;.<spinal_typel>.<indexl>,[<direction_type2>.<port_type2>. <pre> FEEDBACK ~nn@X-SET-FOLLOWERS_<direction_typel>.<port_indexl>,(<direction_type2>.<port_indexl>,(<direction_type2>.<port_type2>.<port_type2>.<port_index2>,,]</port_index2></port_type2></port_type2></direction_type2></port_indexl></direction_type2></port_indexl></direction_typel></pre></port_type2></direction_type2></indexl></spinal_typel></port_inde </direction_typel>	The following attributes comprise the primary signal ID (suffix 1) and follower signal ID (suffix 1) and follower signal ID (suffix 2 or greater): • <direction_type> - • HDMI • HDBT • ANALOG_AUDIO • MIC • AMPLIFIED_AUDIO • MIC • RS-232 • IR • USB_A • USB_B • <port_index> - The port number as printed on the front or rear panel • <signal_type> - • VIDEO • AUDIO • RS232 • IR • USB • <index> - Indicates a specific channel number when there are multiple channels of the same type</index></signal_type></port_index></direction_type>	Set HDMI 1 audio signal and HDBT 7 IR signal to follow HDBT IN 7: #X-SET-FOLLOWERS_IN.HDB T.7.VIDEO.1, IN.HDMI.1. AUDIO.1, IN.HDBT.7.IR.1] <cr></cr>
X-SET- FOLLOWERS?	Get followers list of a given input signal. (1) This syntax uses the new convention of using brackets to define a list of fields "[]". This is an Extended Protocol 3000 command.	<pre>COMMAND #X-SET-FOLLOWERS?_<direction_type>.<port_type>.<port_index>.<signal_type>.<index><cr> FEEDBACK -nn@X-SET-FOLLOWERS_<direction_typel>.<port_index1>.<signal_type1>.<index1>, [<direction_type2>.<port_type2>.<port_type2>.<port_index2>.<signal_type2>.<index2>,]<cr><lf></lf></cr></index2></signal_type2></port_index2></port_type2></port_type2></direction_type2></index1></signal_type1></port_index1></direction_typel></cr></index></signal_type></port_index></port_type></direction_type></pre>	The following attributes comprise the primary signal ID (suffix 1) and follower signal ID (suffix 2 or greater): <direction_type> - &lt; HDMI &lt; HDBT &lt; ANALOG_AUDIO &lt; ANPLIFIED_AUDIO &lt; MIC &lt; RS-232 &lt; IR &lt; USB_A &lt; USB_B <dport_index> - The port number as printed on the front or rear panel <dignal_type> - &lt; VIDEO &lt; AUDIO &lt; RS232 &lt; IR &lt; USB <dindex> - Indicates a specific channel number when there are multiple channels of the same type</dindex></dignal_type></dport_index></direction_type>	Get the followers list of a HDMI 2 input signal: #x-sst-FOLLOWERS?_IN.HD MI.2.VIDE0.1 <cr></cr>

## **Result and Error Codes**

### **Syntax**

In case of an error, the device responds with an error message. The error message syntax:

- ~NN@ERR XXX<CR><LF> when general error, no specific command
- ~NN@CMD ERR XXX<CR><LF> for specific command
- NN machine number of device, default = 01
- XXX error code

### **Error Codes**

Error Name	Error Code	Description
P3K_NO_ERROR	0	No error
ERR_PROTOCOL_SYNTAX	1	Protocol syntax
ERR_COMMAND_NOT_AVAILABLE	2	Command not available
ERR_PARAMETER_OUT_OF_RANGE	3	Parameter out of range
ERR_UNAUTHORIZED_ACCESS	4	Unauthorized access
ERR_INTERNAL_FW_ERROR	5	Internal FW error
ERR_BUSY	6	Protocol busy
ERR_WRONG_CRC	7	Wrong CRC
ERR_TIMEDOUT	8	Timeout
ERR_RESERVED	9	(Reserved)
ERR_FW_NOT_ENOUGH_SPACE	10	Not enough space for data (firmware, FPGA)
ERR_FS_NOT_ENOUGH_SPACE	11	Not enough space – file system
ERR_FS_FILE_NOT_EXISTS	12	File does not exist
ERR_FS_FILE_CANT_CREATED	13	File can't be created
ERR_FS_FILE_CANT_OPEN	14	File can't open
ERR_FEATURE_NOT_SUPPORTED	15	Feature is not supported
ERR_RESERVED_2	16	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_3	17	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_4	18	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_5	19	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_6	20	(Reserved)
ERR_PACKET_CRC	21	Packet CRC error
ERR_PACKET_MISSED	22	Packet number isn't expected (missing packet)
ERR_PACKET_SIZE	23	Packet size is wrong
ERR_RESERVED_7	24	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_8	25	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_9	26	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_10	27	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_11	28	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_12	29	(Reserved)
ERR_EDID_CORRUPTED	30	EDID corrupted
ERR_NON_LISTED	31	Device specific errors
ERR_SAME_CRC	32	File has the same CRC – no changed
ERR_WRONG_MODE	33	Wrong operation mode
ERR_NOT_CONFIGURED	34	Device/chip was not initialized

The warranty obligations of Kramer Electronics Inc. ("Kramer Electronics") for this product are limited to the terms set forth below: What is Covered

This limited warranty covers defects in materials and workmanship in this product.

### What is Not Covered

This limited warranty does not cover any damage, deterioration or malfunction resulting from any alteration, modification, improper or unreasonable use or maintenance, misuse, abuse, accident, neglect, exposure to excess moisture, fire, improper packing and shipping (such claims must be presented to the carrier), lightning, power surges, or other acts of nature. This limited warranty does not cover any damage, deterioration or malfunction resulting from the installation or removal of this product from any installation, any unauthorized tampering with this product, any repairs attempted by anyone unauthorized by Kramer Electronics to make such repairs, or any other cause which does not relate directly to a defect in materials and/or workmanship of this product. This limited warranty does not cover actors, cables or accessories used in conjunction with this product. Without limiting any other exclusion herein, Kramer Electronics does not warrant that the product covered hereby, including, without limitation, the technology and/or integrated circuit(s) included in the product, will not become obsolete or that such items are or will remain compatible with any other product or technology with which the product may be used.

### How Long this Coverage Lasts

The standard limited warranty for Kramer products is seven (7) years from the date of original purchase, with the following exceptions:

- 1. All Kramer VIA hardware products are covered by a standard three (3) year warranty for the VIA hardware and a standard three (3) year warranty for firmware and software updates; all Kramer VIA accessories, adapters, tags, and dongles are covered by a standard one (1) year warranty.
- 2. All Kramer fiber optic cables, adapter-size fiber optic extenders, pluggable optical modules, active cables, cable retractors, all ring mounted adapters, all Kramer speakers and Kramer touch panels are covered by a standard one (1) year warranty.
- 3. All Kramer Cobra products, all Kramer Calibre products, all Kramer Minicom digital signage products, all HighSecLabs products, all streaming, and all wireless products are covered by a standard three (3) year warranty.
- 4. All Sierra Video MultiViewers are covered by a standard five (5) year warranty.
- 5. Sierra switchers & control panels are covered by a standard seven (7) year warranty (excluding power supplies and fans that are covered for three (3) years).
- 6. K-Touch software is covered by a standard one (1) year warranty for software updates.
- 7. All Kramer passive cables are covered by a ten (10) year warranty.

### Who is Covered

Only the original purchaser of this product is covered under this limited warranty. This limited warranty is not transferable to subsequent purchasers or owners of this product.

### What Kramer Electronics Will Do

Kramer Electronics will, at its sole option, provide one of the following three remedies to whatever extent it shall deem necessary to satisfy a proper claim under this limited warranty:

- Elect to repair or facilitate the repair of any defective parts within a reasonable period of time, free of any charge for the necessary parts and labor to complete the repair and restore this product to its proper operating condition. Kramer Electronics will also pay the shipping costs necessary to return this product once the repair is complete.
- 2. Replace this product with a direct replacement or with a similar product deemed by Kramer Electronics to perform substantially the same function as the original product.
- 3. Issue a refund of the original purchase price less depreciation to be determined based on the age of the product at the time remedy is sought under this limited warranty.

### What Kramer Electronics Will Not Do Under This Limited Warranty

If this product is returned to Kramer Electronics or the authorized dealer from which it was purchased or any other party authorized to repair Kramer Electronics products, this product must be insured during shipment, with the insurance and shipping charges prepaid by you. If this product is returned uninsured, you assume all risks of loss or damage during shipment. Kramer Electronics will not be responsible for any costs related to the removal or reinstallation of this product from or into any installation. Kramer Electronics will not be responsible for any costs related to any setting up this product, any adjustment of user controls or any programming required for a specific installation of this product.

#### How to Obtain a Remedy Under This Limited Warranty

To obtain a remedy under this limited warranty, you must contact either the authorized Kramer Electronics reseller from whom you purchased this product or the Kramer Electronics office nearest you. For a list of authorized Kramer Electronics resellers and/or Kramer Electronics authorized service providers, visit our web site at www.kramerav.com or contact the Kramer Electronics office nearest you.

In order to pursue any remedy under this limited warranty, you must possess an original, dated receipt as proof of purchase from an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller. If this product is returned under this limited warranty, a return authorization number, obtained from Kramer Electronics, will be required (RMA number). You may also be directed to an authorized reseller or a person authorized by Kramer Electronics to repair the product.

If it is decided that this product should be returned directly to Kramer Electronics, this product should be properly packed, preferably in the original carton, for shipping. Cartons not bearing a return authorization number will be refused.

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This limited warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights which vary from country to country or state to state. This limited warranty is void if (i) the label bearing the serial number of this product has been removed or defaced, (ii) the product is not distributed by Kramer Electronics or (iii) this product is not purchased from an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller. If you are unsure whether a reseller is an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller, visit our web site at www.kramerav.com or contact a Kramer Electronics office from the list at the end of this document.

Your rights under this limited warranty are not diminished if you do not complete and return the product registration form or complete and submit the online product registration form. Kramer Electronics thanks you for purchasing a Kramer Electronics product. We hope it will give you years of satisfaction.













Rev:

SAFETY WARNING Disconnect the unit from the power supply before opening and servicing

For the latest information on our products and a list of Kramer distributors, visit our Web site where updates to this user manual may be found.

We welcome your questions, comments, and feedback.

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